



SSI Annual Statistical Report, 2005

Social Security Administration
Office of Policy
Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics

Highlights 2005

Size and Scope of the Supplemental Security Income Program

- About 7.1 million people received federally administered payments in December 2005.
- The average monthly payment in December 2005 was \$439.
- Total payments for the year were more than \$36 billion, including about \$4 billion in federally administered state supplementation.

Profile of Recipients

- The majority were female (57 percent).
- Fifteen percent were under age 18, 57 percent were aged 18 to 64, and 28 percent were aged 65 or older.
- Most (82 percent) were eligible on the basis of a disability.
- Almost 6 out of 10 recipients under the age of 65 were diagnosed with a mental disorder.
- More than half (56 percent) had no income other than their SSI payment.
- Thirty-five percent of SSI recipients also received Social Security benefits.
- Of the people receiving SSI benefits, about 2 percent were residing in a Title XIX institution where Medicaid was paying more than half of the cost.
- Despite their disabilities, about 328,000 recipients (5.6 percent) were working in December 2005.

Preface

Since 1974, the Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program has guaranteed a minimum level of income for needy aged, blind, or disabled individuals. Each year, we issue a report that presents data on the SSI program and the people who receive benefits from it. The report covers such topics as federal benefit rates and total annual payments, federally administered payments, work incentives, applications, outcomes of applications, awards, denials, and suspension of benefits.

The section on federally administered payments includes a table showing country of origin of the nearly 1.5 million SSI recipients who were born in a foreign country. Finally, in response to numerous inquiries for data at the state level, we have provided state distributions for applications, awards, recipient rates, and receipt of Social Security and SSI on the basis of disability.

Alfreda M. Brooks compiled the data and prepared the report for publication. Staff of the Division of Information Resources edited the report and prepared the print and electronic versions for publication.

General questions about the report should be directed to Alfreda Brooks at 410-965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov. For specific questions about the data, contact the person listed on each table.

This and other reports on the SSI program are available on the Web at <http://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy>. For additional copies, please e-mail op.publications@ssa.gov or call 202-358-6274.

Susan Grad
Acting Associate Commissioner
for Research, Evaluation, and Statistics

May 2007

Notes

All payments are federally administered payments.

All years are calendar years unless otherwise specified.

In July 2001, the Social Security Administration made retroactive lump-sum payments to correct an error in the cost-of-living adjustment for 2000 and 2001. The data in this report reflect the federal benefit rate actually used for Supplemental Security Income payments (\$512 for 2000; \$530 for January through June 2001).

Numbers in the text and tables may not add to totals because of rounding.

Monthly data shown in tables are for the end of the given month.

With the 2005 report, we changed the calculation of the average monthly payment for Table 23 and Table 27 to agree with calculation of the average monthly payment for Table 4. The calculation excludes payments made in the current month for prior months of eligibility so that large retroactive payments do not distort the averages.

The tables on Noninstitutionalized Recipients based on the Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP) have been removed from the *SSI Annual Statistical Report, 2005*. Because of increased attrition over time and increasingly low match rates to administrative data, we could no longer make reliable estimates based on the SIPP. The Office of Research, Evaluation, and Statistics (ORES) contracted with the Census Bureau to conduct a special SIPP-based interview of SSI recipients and SSI beneficiaries. Estimates based on the additional data were not available at the time of this publication. However, ORES anticipates publishing these estimates in an alternate publication as well as highlighting the changes in the data and the reliability of the estimates. This decision reinforces the inherent differences between the survey data used to produce the Noninstitutionalized Recipient estimates and the administrative data used in this publication.

Because of variations across states in reported numbers of recipients and payment amounts of SSI state-administered state supplements, information on state-administered state supplements has been dropped from this publication.

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Background

The Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program is a nationwide federal assistance program administered by the Social Security Administration (SSA) that guarantees a minimum level of income for needy aged, blind, or disabled individuals. In December 2005, 7.1 million individuals received federally administered monthly SSI benefits (including federally administered state supplementary payments) averaging \$439.

History of the SSI Program

Entitlement programs for the aged, blind, or disabled have their roots in the original Social Security Act of 1935. That act established an old-age social insurance program to be administered by the federal government and an old-age means-tested assistance program to be administered by the states. Similar programs for the blind or disabled were added to the act in later years. Means-tested assistance was intended to supplement the incomes of individuals who were ineligible for Social Security or whose benefits could not provide a basic living.

This means-tested assistance, also known as categorical adult assistance, actually comprised three separate programs—Old-Age Assistance (OAA), Aid to the Blind (AB), and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled (APTD). Despite substantial federal financing, those programs were essentially state programs; federal law established only broad guidelines and assistance. Federal financing was open-ended in the sense that the federal government would provide matching funds to support whatever payment levels the states established. Federal law specified no maximum or minimum standards. Consequently, each state was responsible for setting its own standards for determining who would receive assistance and how much they would receive. As a result, eligibility requirements and variations of payment levels differed from state to state.

Beginning in the early 1960s, this state-operated, federally assisted welfare system drew criticism from within and outside of government. Some of the criticism was directed at the crazy-quilt eligibility requirements and payment levels. Other criticism centered on specific requirements, such as lien laws and provisions that required certain relatives to bear responsibility for the maintenance of needy family members. The disparity in the degree of federal financial support provided to states was also an acknowledged problem.

Responding to these concerns, Congress passed and the president approved the SSI program (Public Law 92-603, enacted October 30, 1972), which

reversed the historic federal and state roles with regard to adult assistance. Under the new arrangement, SSI would provide a uniform federal income floor, and optional state programs would supplement that floor. The new program was historic in that it shifted from the states to the federal government the responsibility for determining who would receive assistance and how much assistance they would receive.

The Basic Plan

The main objective of the SSI program is to provide the basic cash support of needy aged, blind, or disabled individuals. Congress designed the SSI program on the basis of the following principles:

- Eligibility requirements and benefit standards that are nationally uniform and eligibility determinations that are based on objective criteria
- An assistance source of last resort for the aged, blind, or disabled whose income and resources are below specified levels
- Incentives and opportunities for recipients who are able to work or to be rehabilitated that would allow them to reduce their dependency on public assistance
- An efficient and economical method of administering the program to provide assistance
- Inducements to encourage states to provide supplementation of the basic federal benefit and protection for former recipients of state adult assistance programs who were converted to the SSI program
- Appropriate coordination of the SSI program with the Food Stamp program, medical assistance programs, and other programs

Uniform Standards and Objective Criteria

Before the SSI program, eligibility of aged, blind, or disabled individuals for federally funded adult assistance depended on the state in which they lived. Benefit amounts also varied from state to state. The SSI program replaced the state-run programs of assistance with a program having nationally uniform standards and objective eligibility criteria, which include the following:

- A uniform limitation on the dollar amount or value of income and resources that an individual can have and still qualify for federal assistance. The countable income limits for individuals and couples
-

are equal to their respective federal benefit rates and hence are increased annually according to changes in the cost of living. The resource limit is \$2,000 in countable resources for individuals and \$3,000 for couples.

- Sixty-five as the minimum age requirement for assistance based on age.
- A uniform definition of disability and blindness. The definitions for individuals 18 years of age or older are the same as those used for the Social Security Disability Insurance program. To be considered disabled, an individual must have a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that is expected to last (or has lasted) at least 12 continuous months or to result in death and (1) if 18 or older, prevents him or her from doing any substantial gainful activity, or (2) if under 18, results in marked and severe functional limitations.¹ However, individuals for whom addiction to drugs or alcoholism is a contributing factor material to the determination of their disabilities are not eligible for benefits.² To be considered blind, an individual must have central visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the better eye with the use of a correcting lens or have tunnel vision of 20 degrees or less.
- Uniform standards for citizenship and residency. To be eligible for SSI, an individual must be a citizen (or national) of the United States, an American Indian born in Canada who is under section 289 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA), an American Indian born outside the United States who is a member of a federally recognized Indian tribe under section 4(e) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act, a noncitizen who was receiving SSI benefits on August 22,

1. Substantial gainful activity (SGA) is used to describe a level of work activity that is substantial (that is, involves the performance of significant physical or mental duties that are productive) and gainful (that is, performed for remuneration or profit). Generally, earnings from work activity of more than \$830 a month in 2005 were evidence of ability to engage in SGA. Applicants who earned more than \$830 a month would generally not be considered disabled. However, SSI recipients who earned more than \$830 a month could continue to be eligible for SSI. (See the section Incentives for Work and Opportunities for Rehabilitation.) The SGA level of \$830 was increased to \$860 effective January 1, 2006, according to the increase in the national average wage index.

The definition of disability for individuals under age 18 reflects amendments made by Public Law 104-193, the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. Prior law required a medically determinable physical or mental impairment of comparable severity to that required for individuals aged 18 or older.

2. The provision reflects amendments made by Title I of Public Law 104-121, the Senior Citizens' Right to Work Act of 1996, enacted March 29, 1996.

1996, or a qualified alien in one of the following categories:³

- certain noncitizens who are blind or disabled and were lawfully residing in the United States on August 22, 1996;
- refugees (eligibility limited to the 7-year period after their arrival in the United States);
- asylees (eligibility limited to the 7-year period after the date they are granted asylum);
- noncitizens who have had their deportations withheld under section 243(h) of the INA as in effect before April 1, 1997, or who have had their removals withheld under section 241(b)(3) of the INA (eligibility limited to the 7-year period after the date that deportation or removal is withheld);
- Cuban and Haitian entrants under section 501(e) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980 (eligibility limited to the 7-year period after the date they are granted entrant status);
- Amerasian immigrants admitted pursuant to section 584 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act of 1988 and subsequent amendments (eligibility limited to the 7-year period after their arrival in the United States);
- noncitizen active-duty armed forces personnel, honorably discharged veterans, and their spouses and dependent children; or
- lawful permanent residents who have earned or can be credited (from their spouses or parents) with 40 qualifying quarters of earnings.

Note that qualified alien status includes noncitizens who have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty in the United States by a spouse or parent (or a member of the spouse's or parent's family) with whom they live and who have an approved petition, or have a petition pending, setting forth a prima facie case for adjustment of their immigration status.

Finally, certain noncitizens may be eligible for SSI regardless of their immigration status if they have been determined to be victims of severe forms of trafficking

3. These standards reflect amendments made by Public Law 104-193, the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, as amended by Public Law 104-208, Public Law 105-33, and Public Law 105-306. Prior law permitted SSI eligibility for individuals who were residents of the United States, citizens or nationals of the United States, aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States, or aliens permanently residing in the United States under color of law.

in persons in the United States.⁴ Such individuals are treated for SSI purposes as refugees, that is, they are eligible for SSI for 7 years after a determination is made that they are trafficking victims.⁵

In addition to having to be a U.S. citizen (or national) or in one of the potentially eligible noncitizen categories, an individual must reside in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, or the Northern Mariana Islands—areas referred to here collectively as the United States. An individual also must be physically present in the United States for 30 consecutive days if he or she had been outside the United States for 30 or more consecutive days.

There are two exceptions to the residency and physical presence requirements:

- Blind or disabled children who are citizens of the United States may continue to be eligible for payments if they are living outside the United States with a parent who is on duty as a member of the U.S. armed forces. This exception also applies to blind and disabled children of military personnel who are born overseas, become blind or disabled overseas, or applied for SSI benefits while overseas.
- Students studying abroad for not more than 1 year may continue to be eligible for payments if the studies are sponsored by a U.S. educational institution but cannot be conducted in the United States.

Assistance of Last Resort

As a means-tested program, SSI takes into account all income and resources that an individual has or can obtain. The amount of an individual's countable income and resources are the measure of his or her need for assistance.

Income

The amount of an individual's income is used to determine both eligibility for, and the amount of, his or her SSI benefit. As countable income increases, an individual's SSI benefit amount decreases. Generally, ineligibility for SSI occurs when countable income equals the federal benefit rate plus the amount of applicable feder-

ally administered state supplementary payment (state supplementation is discussed later).

The monthly federal benefit rate is reduced dollar for dollar by the amount of the individual's "countable" income—that is, income minus all applicable exclusions. The result of this computation determines SSI eligibility and the amount of the monthly benefit payable. The benefit rates are adjusted annually (in January) to reflect changes in the cost of living.

When an individual lives in the household of another and receives support and maintenance in kind (that is, generally, room and board) from the householder, the federal SSI benefit rate is reduced by one-third in lieu of counting the actual value of the support and maintenance as unearned income. The value of food or shelter-related items the individual receives in kind from persons other than the householder (including in-kind assistance from outside the household in which the individual lives) is counted as unearned income, up to an amount equal to one-third of the applicable federal benefit rate plus \$20.⁶

SSI law defines two kinds of income—earned and unearned. Earned income is wages, net earnings from self-employment, remuneration for work in a sheltered workshop, royalties on published work, and honoraria for services. All other income is unearned. The distinction between earned and unearned income is significant because different exclusions apply to each type of income.

However, not everything an individual receives is considered to be income. Generally, if the item received cannot be used as, or to obtain, food, clothing, or shelter, it will not be considered as income. For example, if someone pays an individual's medical bills or offers free medical care, or if the individual receives money from a social services agency that is a repayment of an amount he or she previously spent, that value is not considered income to the individual. In addition, some items that are considered to be income are excluded when determining the amount of an individual's benefit (see Box 1).

Resources

The amount of an individual's resources is used to determine whether he or she is eligible for SSI in a given month. SSI law states that eligibility is restricted to individuals who have countable resources, deter-

4. Trafficking of persons is generally defined as the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.

5. Public Law 106-386, the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, enacted October 28, 2000.

6. SSA simplified the SSI program (70 FR 6340) by generally eliminating clothing from the definition of income and from the definition of in-kind support and maintenance, effective February 7, 2005.

mined monthly, that do not exceed \$2,000 (\$3,000 for a couple). The law does not define what resources are but does stipulate what items are not considered resources.

Regulations state that a resource is cash or other liquid asset or any real or personal property that individuals (or their spouses) own and could convert to cash to be used for their support and maintenance. This definition is consistent with the general philosophy of the SSI program that only items that can be used for an individual's food, clothing, or shelter should be used in determining his or her eligibility and benefit amount. Not all resources an individual owns are counted. The value of an item may be totally excluded or counted

only to the extent that its value exceeds specified limits (see Box 1).

If an individual disposes of resources at less than fair market value within the 36-month period before applying for SSI or at any time thereafter, the individual may be penalized. The penalty is a loss of benefits for a number of months (up to a 36-month maximum) obtained by dividing the uncompensated value of disposed-of resources by the federal benefit rate plus the maximum state supplementary payment, if any, applicable to the individual's living arrangement. The penalty does not apply if, among other things, the individual can show that the resources were disposed of exclusively for a purpose other than establishing SSI eligibility.

**Box 1.
Income and Resource Exclusions**

Income Exclusions

The principal earned income exclusions are

- the first \$65 per month plus one-half of the remainder,
- impairment-related work expenses of the disabled and work expenses of the blind,
- income set aside or being used to pursue a plan for achieving self-support by a disabled or blind individual, and
- infrequent or irregularly received income (\$30 or less a quarter).

The principal unearned income exclusions are

- the first \$20 per month,^a
- income set aside or being used to pursue a plan for achieving self-support by a disabled or blind individual,
- state- or locally funded assistance based on need,
- rent subsidies under programs administered by the Department of Housing and Urban Development and the value of food stamps, and
- infrequent or irregularly received income (\$60 or less a quarter).

Resource Exclusions

The principal resource exclusions are

- the home and land appertaining to it, regardless of value;

- life insurance policies whose total face value does not exceed \$1,500;
- burial funds not in excess of \$1,500 each for an individual and spouse (plus accrued interest);
- household goods and personal effects;^b
- an automobile if used for transportation for the beneficiary or a member of the beneficiary's household;^c
- property essential to self-support;
- resources set aside to fulfill a plan to achieve self-support; and
- amounts deposited into an individual development account, including matching funds and interest earned on such amounts, under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families program or the Assets for Independence Act.

a. Any portion of the \$20 amount not used to exclude unearned income may be used to exclude earned income.

b. The \$2,000 value limit was removed effective February 7, 2005 (70 FR 6340).

c. SSA also changed the evaluation of automobiles as an excludable resource, effective February 7, 2005 (70 FR 6340). Under the old rules, one automobile could be excluded (regardless of value) if necessary for employment, medical treatment, or essential daily activities. If not excludable under this criteria, the current market value of one automobile (up to \$4,500) could be excluded. The new exclusion, applicable to any one automobile used for transportation, simplifies the evaluation of this resource.

Filing for Other Benefits

As the program of last resort, SSI benefits are provided to eligible individuals only to the extent that their needs are not met by other sources. After evaluating all other income and resources, SSI pays what is necessary to bring an individual to the statutorily prescribed income "floor." In keeping with this principle, SSI law requires that SSI applicants file for other payments for which they may be entitled, such as annuities, pensions, retirement or disability benefits, workers' compensation, and unemployment insurance benefits.

SSA must provide an individual with written notice of potential eligibility for other benefits and of the requirement to take all appropriate steps to pursue those benefits. The individual has 30 days from receipt of the notice to file for the benefits involved.

Eligibility Issues for Residents of Public Institutions or Medical Facilities and Personal Needs Allowance

State and local governments—rather than the federal government—traditionally have taken the financial responsibility for residents of their public institutions. The SSI program continues this long-standing public assistance policy. People who are residents of public institutions for a full calendar month are generally ineligible for SSI unless one of the following exceptions applies:

- The public institution is a medical treatment facility and Medicaid pays more than 50 percent of the cost of care or, in the case of a child under age 18, Medicaid, private health insurance, or both pay more than 50 percent of the cost of care.
- The public institution is a publicly operated community residence serving no more than 16 residents.
- The public institution is an emergency shelter for the homeless (payments are limited to no more than 6 months in any 9-month period).
- The recipient was eligible under section 1619(a) or section 1619(b) for the month preceding the first full month in the public institution and is permitted by the institution to retain any benefits (payable for up to 2 months).
- A physician certifies that the recipient's stay in a medical facility is likely not to exceed 3 months and that continued SSI eligibility is needed to maintain and provide for the expenses of the home to which the individual will return.

When individuals enter medical treatment facilities in which more than half of the bill is paid by the

Medicaid program, their monthly federal payment standard is generally reduced to \$30, beginning with the first full calendar month they are in the facility. In the case of an individual under age 18, the \$30 payment standard is also applicable if more than half of the bill is paid by private insurance or a combination of Medicaid and private insurance. In these cases, the SSI program provides up to \$30 a month, which is intended to take care of small comfort items not provided by the institution.

Deeming

In certain situations, the income and resources of others are counted in determining whether an individual's income and resources fall below the levels established by law. This process is called *deeming* and is applied in cases in which an eligible individual lives with an ineligible spouse, an eligible child lives with an ineligible parent, or an eligible noncitizen has a sponsor.⁷ In concept, the practice takes into account the responsibility of the ineligible spouse or parent or the sponsor to provide for the basic needs of the eligible individual.

Spouse-to-Spouse Deeming. When an eligible individual lives in the same household with a spouse who is not eligible for SSI, the ineligible spouse's income and resources are deemed to be available to the eligible individual. In determining the amount of income and resources available to the eligible individual, all applicable exclusions are used. In addition, a living allowance is provided for the ineligible spouse and for any ineligible children under age 18 living in the household. The allowance reduces the amount of income to be deemed. Spouse-to-spouse deeming is intended to result in the same amount of income being available to the couple as would be available if both members of the couple were aged, blind, or disabled and eligible for SSI.

Deeming does not apply when the eligible individual is not living in the same household as the ineligible spouse. However, if the ineligible spouse's absence is temporary or is due solely to an active-duty assignment as a member of the U.S. armed forces, deeming continues to apply.

Parent-to-Child Deeming. A child under age 18 is subject to deeming from an ineligible natural or adoptive parent (and that parent's spouse, if any) living in the same household. Certain amounts of the parent's income are excluded, living allowances are provided for

7. Deeming also applies to an individual who lives with an essential person (a concept carried over from the former state assistance plans). However, there are fewer than 100 of these cases remaining.

the parent(s), and an allocation is set aside for each ineligible child under age 18 (under age 21 if a student) who is living in the household. Deeming from an eligible parent to a child continues if the parent is absent from the household but the absence is temporary or is due solely to active-duty assignment as a member of the U.S. armed forces. A child living in a household in which all members are receiving public assistance benefits is not considered to be receiving any support, and deeming does not apply.

Sponsor-to-Alien Deeming. The income and resources of noncitizens are deemed to include those of their sponsors. The way the income and resources are deemed and the length of the deeming period depend on whether the sponsor signed a legally enforceable affidavit of support, as required by Public Law 104-208, or the previous version of the affidavit. Generally, individuals who entered the country before 1998 did so under the old version of the affidavit.⁸

Under the old version of the affidavit, deeming of the sponsor's income and resources lasts until the non-citizen has been in the United States for 3 years.⁹ Living allowances equal to the federal benefit rate are provided for the sponsor, and allowances equal to one-half of the federal benefit rate are provided for each of the sponsor's dependents. Allowances are also provided for the sponsor and his or her family members in determining deemed resources. These allowances reduce the amount of the sponsor's income and resources deemed to the noncitizen.

For noncitizens admitted into the United States under a legally enforceable affidavit of support, deeming generally applies until the noncitizen becomes a U.S. citizen. Deeming ends before citizenship if the noncitizen has earned, or can be credited with, 40 qualifying quarters of earnings. Children and spouses of workers may be credited with quarters earned by the worker. A quarter otherwise earned after 1996 does not count as one of the required 40 if the noncitizen or worker received federal means-tested public benefits during the relevant period.

Also for this group of noncitizens, deeming does not apply for specified periods if the noncitizens or their children or parents have been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty while in the United States or if spon-

sors left the noncitizens indigent by not providing them with sufficient support.

Incentives for Work and Opportunities for Rehabilitation

SSI benefits provide a basic level of assistance for individuals who are blind or disabled with limited earnings ability because of their impairments. Nonetheless, for recipients who want to work, the SSI program is designed to encourage and support their work attempts to help them achieve greater degrees of independence. The SSI program includes a number of work incentive provisions that enable recipients who are blind or disabled to work and retain benefits or to increase their levels of work activity without the loss of SSI disability status or Medicaid. These incentives provide higher amounts of income or resource exclusions as recognition of the expenses associated with working or as inducements to seek rehabilitation services and support for work efforts.

Earned Income Exclusion

The first \$65 (\$85 if the individual has no income other than earnings) of any monthly earned income plus one-half of remaining earnings are excluded for SSI benefit computation purposes. This general earned income exclusion is intended to help offset expenses incurred when working. It ensures that SSI recipients who are working will be rewarded for their efforts by having greater total income than those who do not work.

Impairment-Related Work Expense Exclusion

The cost of certain impairment-related services and items that a disabled (but not blind) individual needs to work are excluded from earned income in determining SSI eligibility and benefit amounts.

In calculating these expenses, amounts equal to the costs of certain attendant care services, medical devices, equipment, prostheses, vehicle modifications, residential modifications to accommodate wheelchairs, and similar items and services are deductible from earnings. The costs of routine drugs and routine medical services are not deductible, unless they are necessary to control the disabling condition.

Work Expenses of the Blind Exclusion

Any expenses relating to work that a blind individual has are excluded from earned income in determining SSI eligibility and benefit amounts. Unlike an impairment-related work expense, a deductible expense need not be directly related to the worker's blindness; it need

8. The Immigration and Naturalization Service began using the new, legally enforceable affidavits on December 19, 1997. However, if a potential immigrant had a visa issued before that date, the sponsor would sign an old affidavit even if the affidavit was signed after December 19, 1997.

9. For a temporary period—January through September 1996—the deeming period was 5 years.

only be an ordinary and necessary work expense of the worker.

Some frequently excluded work expenses include transportation to and from work, meals consumed during work hours, job equipment, licenses, income or FICA taxes, and costs of job training.

Student Earned Income Exclusion

The student earned income exclusion is an additional exclusion for an individual who is under the age of 22 and regularly attending school. It is intended to help defray the cost of educational training. Under current regulations, up to \$1,460 of earned income per month but no more than \$5,910 per year may be excluded.¹⁰

Plan for Achieving Self-Support

A plan for achieving self-support (PASS) allows a disabled or blind individual to set aside income and resources to get a specific type of job or to start a business. The plan may involve setting aside funds for education or vocational training, to purchase work-related equipment, or to pay for transportation related to the work goal. The income and resources that are set aside are excluded under the SSI income and resources tests.

The individual must have a feasible work goal and a specific savings or spending plan. The individual also must provide a clearly identifiable accounting for the funds that are set aside. The PASS is time limited and must be approved by SSA. The individual must then follow the plan and negotiate revisions as needed. SSA monitors the approved plan by reviewing it periodically to ensure the individual's progress toward attaining the work goal.

Special Provisions for Disabled People Who Work

These work incentives are generally referred to by their section number in the Social Security Act, section 1619. Under section 1619(a), disabled individuals who would cease to be eligible because they earn more than the substantial gainful activity level can receive special cash benefits as long as they

- continue to have the disabling condition,
- have income under the amount that would cause ineligibility for any payment under SSI income counting rules, and
- meet all other nondisability requirements for SSI payment.

10. Under current regulations, this exclusion will be increased in subsequent years on the basis of changes in the cost of living.

In many states, being a recipient of the special benefit permits the individual to be eligible for Medicaid benefits.

Under section 1619(b), "SSI recipient" status for Medicaid eligibility purposes also is provided to an individual

- whose earnings preclude any SSI payment but are not sufficient to provide a reasonable equivalent of the SSI, social services, and Medicaid benefits that the individual would have in the absence of earnings and
- whose ability to continue working would be seriously inhibited by the loss of social services and Medicaid benefits.

To qualify for extended Medicaid coverage under section 1619(b), an individual must

- have a disabling condition,
- need Medicaid to work,
- not be able to afford equivalent medical coverage and publicly funded personal or attendant care that would be lost without assistance,
- meet all nondisability requirements for SSI payment other than earnings, and
- have received a regular SSI cash payment in a previous month within the current period of eligibility. (In some states, the individual must have qualified for Medicaid in the month preceding the first month of eligibility under section 1619.)

In determining whether individuals' earnings are not sufficient to provide them with the equivalent benefits they would be eligible for if they stopped working, their earnings are compared with a threshold amount for their state of residence. Section 1619(b) status continues if the earnings are below the threshold. If earnings exceed the state threshold, an individualized assessment of the need for Medicaid is made, and 1619(b) status may continue.

Vocational Rehabilitation and the Ticket to Work Program

Since the beginning of the SSI program, SSA has made provision for blind or disabled individuals who are receiving SSI benefits to be referred to state Vocational Rehabilitation (VR) agencies. If the state VR agency does not accept the referral, SSA can refer recipients to an alternate provider to receive vocational rehabilitation services. SSA reimburses the VR agency or alternate provider for services that result in the individual's working at the level of substantial gainful activity for a con-

tinuous period of 9 months, and in certain other limited situations.

The Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999 established a Ticket to Work program under which a disabled beneficiary is able to obtain vocational rehabilitation, employment, and other support services from a qualified private or public provider. Providers of such services in this new setting are referred to as employment networks (ENs). In addition, the Ticket legislation provided for a new procedure for compensating the ENs under an outcome or outcome-milestone payment system. By expanding the pool of providers and giving the providers incentives for achieving success, this program seeks to expand a disabled beneficiary's access to these services for assistance in finding, entering, and retaining employment and reducing his or her dependence on cash benefits. Regulations issued by the commissioner of Social Security became effective January 2002. Beginning in 2002, the Ticket to Work program was gradually phased in, and it has been in operation nationwide since November 2003.

Individuals receiving SSI benefits who improve medically and are therefore no longer considered disabled or blind can continue to receive SSI benefits if they are actively participating in the Ticket to Work program or another approved VR program and if continuing or completing the program would increase the likelihood that they would be permanently removed from the SSI rolls. SSI benefits and Medicaid generally continue until the rehabilitation services are completed or until the individual ceases to participate in the program.

Expedited Reinstatement

A disabled or blind individual whose eligibility for SSI payments was ended because of earnings can request expedited reinstatement of his or her SSI benefits without filing a new application. To qualify for expedited reinstatement, the individual must make the request within 60 months after the eligibility ended and must have a disabling medical condition that (1) is the same as or related to the disabling medical condition that led to the previous period of eligibility and (2) prevents him or her from performing substantial gainful activity. In determining whether the individual is disabled or blind, the medical review standard is applied. Normal non-medical requirements for SSI eligibility still apply.

An individual requesting expedited reinstatement may receive up to 6 months of provisional benefits while the request is pending. These benefits generally are not considered an overpayment if the request is denied. Provisional benefits may include Medicaid but

do not include any state supplementary payments. Provisional benefits may be received as well by the individual's spouse at a couple's rate if the spouse was previously eligible for SSI as a spouse.

Administration of the SSI Program

The framers of Supplemental Security Income chose the Social Security Administration to administer the program because the basic system for paying monthly benefits to a large number of individuals was already in place in the form of the Social Security program.

Application Process

Individuals can make appointments to apply for SSI benefits at any one of the approximately 1,300 SSA field offices around the country or through SSA teleservice centers. The claims process includes the application interview, the obtaining of necessary evidence and documentation, and the adjudication of the claim. Many individuals file for benefits under the SSI and the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance programs at the same time. Potential claimants initially contact SSA by phone or mail or in person. Field office personnel conduct an interview with the claimant, the claimant's representative, or both.

SSA corroborates information provided by applicants for SSI through independent or collateral sources. Generally, the basic responsibility for obtaining evidence lies with the claimant, although SSA often gives advice on ways to obtain the needed information. Because of the special circumstances of the SSI population (for example, financial need, old age, or illness), SSA makes special efforts to assist claimants in obtaining the necessary proofs.

With regard to disability and blindness claims, SSA makes determinations of all of the nonmedical eligibility factors, and each state's Disability Determination Services (DDS) makes determinations of the medical eligibility factors.

Applicants and recipients are required to report events and changes of circumstances that may affect their SSI eligibility and benefit amounts. Such reports are required, for example, when an individual has a change in the amount of income or resources, changes living arrangements, or leaves the United States. Failure or delay in submitting a required report can result in a penalty being assessed against the individual's SSI benefit.

Determinations of Eligibility

SSI applications have no retroactivity and become effective in the month after the month of filing or the month after all eligibility requirements are met, whichever is later. Eligibility for benefits is determined on a current monthly basis. SSI recipients are required to have their nonmedical eligibility factors redetermined periodically, generally every 1 to 6 years depending on their specific situation.

In addition to these nonmedical reviews, medical reviews are conducted on disabled or blind recipients to determine whether they continue to be disabled or blind. For administrative efficiency the medical reviews are done most often on disabled or blind recipients whose medical conditions are considered likely to improve. Medical reviews are required for disabled or blind recipients, for example, under the following circumstances:

- when earnings of recipients exceed the substantial gainful activity level
- at least once every 3 years for recipients under the age of 18 whose medical conditions are considered likely to improve
- within 12 months after birth for recipients whose low birth weight is a contributing factor material to the determination of their disability unless the commissioner determines that the impairment is not expected to improve within 12 months of the child's birth
- within 1 year after attainment of the age of 18 and using the adult eligibility criteria for recipients whose eligibility for SSI benefits was established under the disabled child eligibility criteria

Representative Payees

When SSI recipients are incapable of managing their benefits, SSA appoints representative payees for them, and their SSI benefits are sent to the representative payees. In many cases the representative payee is a spouse, parent, or other close relative who will act in the recipient's best interest. In some cases, an SSA-approved organization may be appointed, and some organizations have been authorized by SSA to collect a fee from the benefit for acting as payee. The fee cannot exceed the lesser of 10 percent of the benefit amount or a specified amount (\$33 a month in 2006, \$64 a month for disabled recipients who also have a drug addiction or alcoholism condition).

Representative payees may use an SSI recipient's benefit only for the use and benefit of the recipient and must account for all benefits received. Representative

payees also are required to report any changes that may affect SSI recipients' eligibility and payment amount and may be held liable for certain overpayments that occur.

Appeal Rights

Recipients must be informed in writing in advance of adverse actions that SSA plans to take and must be given the opportunity to request that their benefits continue pending a decision at the first level of appeal.

Attorney Fees

At any time, an individual may appoint a representative in any dealings with the Social Security Administration. If such a representative is an attorney, he or she must be in good standing, have the right to practice law before a court, not be disqualified or suspended from acting as a representative in dealings with Social Security, and not be prohibited by any law from acting as a representative. If the individual is not an attorney, he or she must meet qualifications specified by the commissioner (for example, be of good character and able to provide valuable service to claimants).

A representative may charge and receive a fee for his or her services, but the Social Security Administration generally decides how much the fee will be. Although the Social Security Act does not establish a maximum fee, most attorneys use an options process that limits their maximum fee to the lesser of 25 percent of the retroactive payment or \$5,300.¹¹

Advance Payments

The SSI program has provisions that help respond to the immediate needs of new claimants. These procedures are in addition to state and local programs designed to help those in need pending decisions on their SSI status.

Emergency Advance Payments. A new claimant who faces a financial emergency and who has a strong likelihood of being found eligible may receive up to 1 month of SSI benefits—the federal payment amount plus any applicable state supplement. The amount paid is recovered from later SSI payments (in full from the first payment or in increments over no more than a 6-month period, depending on the circumstances). However, if the claim is subsequently not allowed because of not finding disability or blindness, repayment is waived. If the claim is disallowed for other rea-

11. Fee agreements before February 1, 2002, were limited to the lesser of 25 percent of the retroactive payment or \$4,000.

sons, the amount paid is an overpayment and is processed as such.

Presumptive Disability or Blindness. Up to 6 months of payments may be made to an individual applying for benefits on the basis of disability or blindness when the available evidence reflects a high degree of probability that the impairment will meet the definition of disability or blindness and the individual is otherwise eligible. These payments are not considered overpayments if the individual is later determined not to be disabled or blind.

State Supplementation

In designing the SSI program, Congress recognized that states, in many instances, would want to provide a higher level of income maintenance than was available under the federal program. At the same time, states were given the option to either provide no supplementation to the federal assistance payments or supplement those payments on the basis of their views of the needs of their citizens. They were mandated to ensure that their citizens would not receive lower benefits under the federal program than they had under the former state program.

Types of State Supplementation

State supplementation can be optional or mandatory.

Optional State Supplementary Payment Programs. For individuals who first became eligible for SSI in 1974 or later, each state could supplement federal payments to whatever extent it found appropriate with respect to the needs of its citizens and the resources of the state. In 2005, 45 states had optional state supplementary payment programs.

Some states provide supplementary payments to all individuals eligible for SSI benefits; others may limit them to certain SSI recipients, such as the blind or residents of domiciliary care facilities, or may extend them to persons ineligible for SSI because of excess income. States' flexibility in setting supplementary payments, however, has been significantly restricted by mandatory passalong provisions (described below).

Mandatory State Supplementary Payment Programs. States are required to maintain the income levels from December 1973 of individuals who were transferred from the former state adult assistance programs to the SSI program in 1974, except for Texas, which until 1999 had a constitutional bar against mandatory state supplementation.¹² Because of the increases in federal benefits, only a few individuals

continue to receive mandatory state supplementary payments.

Administration of State Supplementary Payments

A state may administer its supplementary program or enter into an agreement under which SSA will make eligibility determinations and payments on behalf of the state. Under state administration, the state pays its own program benefits and absorbs the full administrative costs. Under federal administration, states are required to pay SSA a fee of \$9.29 for each supplementary payment issued in fiscal year 2006. Fees are scheduled to rise in succeeding fiscal years.

States that administer their own supplementary payment programs establish their own eligibility criteria. States with federally administered programs must adhere to SSI eligibility criteria in all aspects except additional income exclusions.

Mandatory Passalong

It was originally the view of Congress that increases in the federal SSI benefit rate would eventually replace state supplementary payments. However, public reaction to states reducing their supplementary payment amounts when SSI payments were increased led Congress to mandate that states pass along SSI benefit increases resulting from cost-of-living adjustments.

To meet the passalong requirement, a state may either maintain each state payment level from year to year (the *payment levels* method), or it may spend the same amount of money, in the aggregate, that it spent for supplementary benefits in the 12-month period preceding the increase in the SSI benefit rate (the *total expenditures* method).

Coordination with Other Programs

SSI benefits are not the only form of assistance available to needy aged, blind, or disabled individuals. Medicaid, food stamps, and temporary state assistance are also important in keeping individuals from sliding further into poverty. SSA plays a limited but important role in helping states with regard to administration of the Medicaid and Food Stamp programs, and provisions in the SSI statute ensure that payments made by states or under the Social Security program are not duplicated by SSI benefits.

12. The requirement does not affect West Virginia, since SSI federal benefit rates in 1973 exceeded the applicable income standards under the state's adult assistance programs.

Windfall Offset

If a person receives SSI payments and is later determined to be entitled to retroactive Social Security benefits, such retroactive benefits are reduced by the amount of SSI payments the person would not have been eligible for had the Social Security benefits been paid in the month they were due. This process, called the *windfall offset*, was enacted to prevent windfall payments to individuals when Social Security and SSI payments were paid for the same period.

Medicaid Determinations

Generally, SSI recipients are categorically eligible for Medicaid. A state may use SSI eligibility criteria for determining Medicaid eligibility, or it may use its own criteria as long as the criteria are no more restrictive than the state's January 1972 medical assistance standards. Forty states use SSI criteria, and 11 states use eligibility criteria that are more restrictive than those of the SSI program.

States also may enter into agreements with SSA for SSA to make Medicaid eligibility determinations on their behalf as long as the eligibility requirements of the state's Medicaid plans are the same as those for the SSI program. Under these agreements, SSA determines only when an individual is eligible for Medicaid; SSA does not determine Medicaid ineligibility. SSA has agreements with 33 states to determine eligibility for Medicaid.

Continued Medicaid eligibility is provided in SSI law for certain Social Security beneficiaries who lose SSI eligibility because of either an entitlement to Social Security benefits or an increase in Social Security benefits resulting from

- cost-of-living adjustments
- actuarial increases in widow(er)s benefits
- changes in the definition of disability for widow(er)s benefits
- increases in disabled adult child benefits

Food Stamp Applications

SSI recipients in all states, except California, may be eligible for food stamps. Under agreements entered into by the secretary of Agriculture and SSA, Social Security offices notify Social Security and SSI applicants and recipients of their potential benefits under the Food Stamp program and make food stamp applications available to them.¹³

The law also provides for Social Security offices to take food stamp applications from potentially eligible or eligible SSI households that are not already receiving food stamps and do not have a food stamp application pending. Food stamp applications from SSI households may be taken in connection with initial SSI claims or at the time of a redetermination. Food stamp applicants have the option of applying at Social Security offices or at state food stamp offices if expedited service is required. Social Security offices forward the food stamp application and any supporting documents to the local food stamp offices within 1 day of taking the application. Eligibility is determined by the food stamp office.

Interim Assistance Reimbursement

SSA may enter into agreements under which states or local governments are reimbursed for basic needs assistance provided during the period that an eligible individual's SSI application for benefits was pending or the individual's SSI benefits were suspended and subsequently reinstated (the interim period). Thirty-nine states have interim assistance agreements with SSA.

13. California "cashes out" food stamps, and SSI recipients receive a cash payment in their state supplementary payment in lieu of food stamps.

Federal Benefit Rates and Total Annual Payments

Table 1.
Monthly federal SSI benefit rates, 1974–2006 (in dollars)

Starting date	Individual		Couple		Medicaid facility	Essential person increment
	Own household	Another's household	Own household	Another's household		
January 1974	140.00	93.34	210.00	140.00	25.00	70.00
July 1974	146.00	97.34	219.00	146.00	25.00	73.00
July 1975	157.70	105.14	236.60	157.74	25.00	78.90
July 1976	167.80	111.87	251.80	167.87	25.00	84.00
July 1977	177.80	118.54	266.70	177.80	25.00	89.00
July 1978	189.40	126.27	284.10	189.40	25.00	94.80
July 1979	208.20	138.80	312.30	208.20	25.00	104.20
July 1980	238.00	158.67	357.00	238.00	25.00	119.20
July 1981	264.70	176.47	397.00	264.67	25.00	132.60
July 1982	284.30	189.54	426.40	284.27	25.00	142.50
July 1983	304.30	202.87	456.40	304.27	25.00	152.50
January 1984	314.00	209.34	472.00	314.67	25.00	157.00
January 1985	325.00	216.67	488.00	325.34	25.00	163.00
January 1986	336.00	224.00	504.00	336.00	25.00	168.00
January 1987	340.00	226.67	510.00	340.00	25.00	170.00
January 1988	354.00	236.00	532.00	354.67	25.00	177.00
January 1989	368.00	245.34	553.00	368.67	30.00	184.00
January 1990	386.00	257.34	579.00	386.00	30.00	193.00
January 1991	407.00	271.34	610.00	406.67	30.00	204.00
January 1992	422.00	281.34	633.00	422.00	30.00	211.00
January 1993	434.00	289.34	652.00	434.67	30.00	217.00
January 1994	446.00	297.34	669.00	446.00	30.00	223.00
January 1995	458.00	305.34	687.00	458.00	30.00	229.00
January 1996	470.00	313.34	705.00	470.00	30.00	235.00
January 1997	484.00	322.67	726.00	484.00	30.00	242.00
January 1998	494.00	329.34	741.00	494.00	30.00	247.00
January 1999	500.00	333.34	751.00	500.67	30.00	250.00
January 2000 ^a	513.00	342.00	769.00	512.67	30.00	257.00
January 2001 ^a	531.00	354.00	796.00	530.67	30.00	266.00
January 2002	545.00	363.34	817.00	544.67	30.00	273.00
January 2003	552.00	368.00	829.00	552.67	30.00	277.00
January 2004	564.00	376.00	846.00	564.00	30.00	282.00
January 2005	579.00	386.00	869.00	579.34	30.00	290.00
January 2006	603.00	402.00	904.00	603.34	30.00	301.00

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Office of the Chief Actuary.

a. Data reflect the correction of an error in the consumer price index.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Federal Benefit Rates and Total Annual Payments

Table 2.
Total payments, by eligibility category and source of payment, selected years, 1974–2005
(in thousands of dollars)

Year	Total	Federal SSI	Federally administered state supplementation
<i>All recipients</i>			
1974	5,096,813	3,833,161	1,263,652
1975	5,716,072	4,313,538	1,402,534
1980	7,714,640	5,866,354	1,848,286
1985	10,749,938	8,777,341	1,972,597
1990	16,132,959	12,893,805	3,239,154
1995	27,037,280	23,919,430	3,117,850
1996	28,252,474	25,264,878	2,987,596
1997	28,370,568	25,457,387	2,913,181
1998	29,408,208	26,404,793	3,003,415
1999	30,106,132	26,805,156	3,300,976
2000	30,671,699	27,290,248	3,381,451
2001	32,165,856	28,705,503	3,460,353
2002	33,718,999	29,898,765	3,820,234
2003	34,693,278	30,688,029	4,005,249
2004	36,065,358	31,886,509	4,178,849
2005	37,235,843	33,058,056	4,177,787
<i>Aged</i>			
1974	2,414,034	1,782,742	631,292
1975	2,516,515	1,842,980	673,535
1980	2,617,023	1,860,194	756,829
1985	2,896,671	2,202,557	694,114
1990	3,559,388	2,521,382	1,038,006
1995	4,239,222	3,374,772	864,450
1996	4,282,498	3,449,407	833,091
1997	4,303,529	3,479,948	823,581
1998	4,166,231	3,327,856	838,375
1999	4,445,687	3,524,355	921,332
2000	4,540,046	3,597,516	942,530
2001	4,664,076	3,708,527	955,549
2002	4,802,792	3,751,491	1,051,301
2003	4,856,875	3,758,070	1,098,805
2004	4,907,225	3,773,901	1,133,324
2005	4,964,627	3,836,625	1,128,002

(Continued)

Federal Benefit Rates and Total Annual Payments

Table 2.
Total payments, by eligibility category and source of payment, selected years, 1974–2005
(in thousands of dollars)—Continued

Year	Total	Federal SSI	Federally administered state supplementation
<i>Blind</i>			
1974	125,791	91,308	34,483
1975	127,240	92,427	34,813
1980	185,827	131,506	54,321
1985	259,840	195,183	64,657
1990	328,949	238,415	90,534
1995	367,441	298,238	69,203
1996	364,791	298,897	65,894
1997	367,845	302,656	65,189
1998	358,187	291,050	67,137
1999	382,323	309,295	73,028
2000	385,926	312,238	73,688
2001	398,624	323,895	74,729
2002	416,454	335,405	81,049
2003	409,293	325,878	83,415
2004	412,810	327,446	85,364
2005	414,147	330,591	83,556
<i>Disabled</i>			
1974	2,556,988	1,959,112	597,876
1975	3,072,317	2,378,131	694,186
1980	4,911,792	3,874,655	1,037,137
1985	7,593,427	6,379,601	1,213,826
1990	12,244,622	10,134,007	2,110,615
1995	22,430,612	20,246,415	2,184,197
1996	23,605,189	21,516,579	2,088,610
1997	23,709,831	21,685,421	2,024,410
1998	24,883,782	22,785,879	2,097,903
1999	25,278,121	22,971,506	2,306,615
2000	25,745,710	23,380,477	2,365,233
2001	27,125,707	24,695,630	2,430,077
2002	28,531,939	25,844,055	2,687,884
2003	29,453,803	26,630,775	2,823,028
2004	30,745,406	27,785,246	2,960,160
2005	31,857,069	28,890,840	2,966,229

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Office of Financial Management, Division of Finance.

NOTE: Totals for "Aged," "Blind," and "Disabled" are derived. The derivation creates slight discrepancies between the sum of the group totals and the "All recipients" total.

CONTACT: Stella M. Coleman (410) 965-0157 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Federally Administered Payments

Table 3.
Recipients, by age, December 1974–2005

Year	Total	Under age 18		Aged 18–64		Aged 65 or older	
		Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total	Number	Percentage of total
1974	3,996,064	70,900	1.8	1,503,155	37.6	2,422,009	60.6
1975	4,314,275	107,026	2.5	1,699,394	39.4	2,507,855	58.1
1976	4,235,939	125,412	3.0	1,713,594	40.5	2,396,933	56.6
1977	4,237,692	147,355	3.5	1,736,879	41.0	2,353,458	55.5
1978	4,216,925	165,899	3.9	1,747,126	41.4	2,303,900	54.6
1979	4,149,575	177,306	4.3	1,726,553	41.6	2,245,716	54.1
1980	4,142,017	190,394	4.6	1,730,847	41.8	2,220,776	53.6
1981	4,018,875	194,890	4.8	1,702,895	42.4	2,121,090	52.8
1982	3,857,590	191,570	5.0	1,655,279	42.9	2,010,741	52.1
1983	3,901,497	198,323	5.1	1,699,774	43.6	2,003,400	51.3
1984	4,029,333	211,587	5.3	1,780,459	44.2	2,037,287	50.6
1985	4,138,021	227,384	5.5	1,879,168	45.4	2,031,469	49.1
1986	4,269,184	241,198	5.6	2,010,458	47.1	2,017,528	47.3
1987	4,384,999	250,902	5.7	2,118,710	48.3	2,015,387	46.0
1988	4,463,869	255,135	5.7	2,202,714	49.3	2,006,020	44.9
1989	4,593,059	264,890	5.8	2,301,926	50.1	2,026,243	44.1
1990	4,817,127	308,589	6.4	2,449,897	50.9	2,058,641	42.7
1991	5,118,470	397,162	7.8	2,641,524	51.6	2,079,784	40.6
1992	5,566,189	556,470	10.0	2,910,016	52.3	2,099,703	37.7
1993	5,984,330	722,678	12.1	3,148,413	52.6	2,113,239	35.3
1994	6,295,786	841,474	13.4	3,335,255	53.0	2,119,057	33.7
1995	6,514,134	917,048	14.1	3,482,256	53.5	2,114,830	32.5
1996	6,613,718	955,174	14.4	3,568,393	54.0	2,090,151	31.6
1997	6,494,985	879,828	13.5	3,561,625	54.8	2,053,532	31.6
1998	6,566,069	887,066	13.5	3,646,020	55.5	2,032,983	31.0
1999	6,556,634	847,063	12.9	3,690,970	56.3	2,018,601	30.8
2000	6,601,686	846,784	12.8	3,744,022	56.7	2,010,880	30.5
2001	6,688,489	881,836	13.2	3,811,494	57.0	1,995,159	29.8
2002	6,787,857	914,821	13.5	3,877,752	57.1	1,995,284	29.4
2003	6,902,364	959,379	13.9	3,953,248	57.3	1,989,737	28.8
2004	6,987,845	993,127	14.2	4,017,108	57.5	1,977,610	28.3
2005	7,113,879	1,036,498	14.6	4,082,870	57.4	1,994,511	28.0

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Federally Administered Payments

Table 4.
By type of payment, sex, eligibility category, and age, December 2005

Type of payment and sex	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
Number							
All payments	7,113,879	1,214,296	75,039	5,824,544	1,036,498	4,082,870	1,994,511
Male	3,066,275	380,848	33,912	2,651,515	677,634	1,780,339	608,302
Female	4,047,604	833,448	41,127	3,173,029	358,864	2,302,531	1,386,209
Federal SSI	6,818,944	1,112,779	69,637	5,636,528	1,033,709	3,935,491	1,849,744
Male	2,934,371	343,376	31,295	2,559,700	675,776	1,703,522	555,073
Female	3,884,573	769,403	38,342	3,076,828	357,933	2,231,969	1,294,671
State supplementation	2,242,112	584,787	31,346	1,625,979	214,702	1,153,875	873,535
Male	961,619	204,529	14,157	742,933	141,080	525,767	294,772
Female	1,280,493	380,258	17,189	883,046	73,622	628,108	578,763
Total payments (thousands of dollars)							
All payments	3,366,952	440,023	36,382	2,890,546	577,807	2,063,312	725,833
Male	1,506,951	143,301	16,322	1,347,328	378,346	903,520	225,085
Female	1,860,000	296,722	20,060	1,543,218	199,460	1,159,792	500,749
Federal SSI	3,001,392	339,507	28,993	2,632,891	559,938	1,866,225	575,228
Male	1,346,497	105,799	12,996	1,227,702	366,734	808,986	170,776
Female	1,654,895	233,708	15,997	1,405,189	193,204	1,057,239	404,452
State supplementation	365,560	100,516	7,389	257,655	17,868	197,087	150,605
Male	160,455	37,502	3,327	119,626	11,612	94,534	54,308
Female	205,105	63,014	4,063	138,029	6,256	102,553	96,296
Average monthly payment ^a (dollars)							
All payments	439.09	360.25	474.62	455.13	522.80	455.64	361.99
Male	452.76	374.41	471.94	463.83	523.54	454.67	368.34
Female	428.81	353.80	476.81	447.91	521.41	456.38	359.22
Federal SSI	406.50	303.29	407.87	426.95	508.11	425.67	309.36
Male	420.56	306.35	407.90	436.14	508.94	422.84	306.12
Female	395.96	301.93	407.84	419.36	506.56	427.81	310.74
State supplementation	156.30	170.39	229.41	149.80	77.75	159.79	170.97
Male	159.39	182.02	227.68	151.82	77.05	168.40	182.85
Female	153.99	164.14	230.83	148.11	79.09	152.65	164.93

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Averages are not obtained simply by dividing the total dollars by the number of recipients. Averages exclude payments made in the current month for prior-month eligibility, such as back pay for new awards, so that large retroactive payments do not distort the averages.

CONTACT: Art Kahn (410) 965-0186 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 5.
By selected characteristics, eligibility category, and age, December 2005

Characteristic	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
<i>Number</i>							
All recipients	7,113,879	1,214,296	75,039	5,824,544	1,036,498	4,082,870	1,994,511
Sex							
Male	3,066,275	380,848	33,912	2,651,515	677,634	1,780,339	608,302
Female	4,047,604	833,448	41,127	3,173,029	358,864	2,302,531	1,386,209
Living arrangement							
Own household	5,785,944	1,099,274	63,445	4,623,225	135,322	3,813,938	1,836,684
Another's household	308,915	93,544	4,190	211,181	35,930	166,611	106,374
Parent's household	870,603	...	5,582	865,021	850,451	20,152	...
Medicaid institution	135,652	19,249	1,746	114,657	13,884	73,041	48,727
Unknown	12,765	2,229	76	10,460	911	9,128	2,726
<i>Average monthly payment (dollars)</i>							
All recipients	439.09	360.25	474.62	455.13	522.80	455.64	361.99
Sex							
Male	452.76	374.41	471.94	463.83	523.54	454.67	368.34
Female	428.81	353.80	476.81	447.91	521.41	456.38	359.22
Living arrangement							
Own household	437.02	361.15	478.70	454.56	566.39	466.10	367.45
Another's household	394.54	410.27	455.80	386.30	379.87	389.12	407.91
Parent's household	529.74	...	577.59	529.43	529.59	533.91	...
Medicaid institution	38.39	38.60	36.76	38.38	50.54	37.14	36.70
Unknown	390.98	362.48	407.61	399.33	487.33	384.97	370.94

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

NOTE: ... = not applicable.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Federally Administered Payments

Table 6.
Recipients, by type of representative payee, eligibility category, and age, December 2005

Type of payee	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All recipients	7,113,879	1,214,296	75,039	5,824,544	1,036,498	4,082,870	1,994,511
Without payee	4,542,542	1,169,863	55,371	3,317,308	847	2,702,400	1,839,295
With payee	2,571,337	44,433	19,668	2,507,236	1,035,651	1,380,470	155,216
Natural or adoptive parents	1,465,358	337	11,774	1,453,247	846,562	616,991	1,805
Spouse	59,402	1,920	229	57,253	45	50,444	8,913
Natural, adoptive, or stepchild	96,347	18,448	654	77,245	351	49,852	46,144
Grandparent	97,600	29	641	96,930	70,784	26,767	49
Other relative	353,560	10,781	2,421	340,358	71,613	239,557	42,390
Nonmental institution	126,917	6,544	1,313	119,060	5,993	95,366	25,558
Mental institution	76,673	1,147	725	74,801	2,596	67,608	6,469
Financial organization	2,633	37	12	2,584	120	2,367	146
Social agency	127,726	2,062	1,007	124,657	20,234	97,837	9,655
Public official	14,655	507	77	14,071	1,292	11,218	2,145
Other	150,466	2,621	815	147,030	16,061	122,463	11,942

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 7.
Recipients, by type of income, eligibility category, and age, December 2005

Type of income	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All recipients ^a	7,113,879	1,214,296	75,039	5,824,544	1,036,498	4,082,870	1,994,511
No other income	3,934,300	426,669	39,983	3,467,648	771,472	2,431,631	731,197
Earned income	272,881	17,470	4,512	250,899	3,101	242,748	27,032
Unearned income							
Social Security benefits	2,500,705	695,428	27,358	1,777,919	74,231	1,286,950	1,139,524
Veterans' benefits	65,334	27,140	514	37,680	1,308	22,031	41,995
Income based on need	14,705	203	45	14,457	9,636	4,852	217
Workers' compensation	4,938	379	20	4,539	18	4,007	913
Support from absent parents	136,742	...	914	135,828	133,410	3,332	...
Pensions	60,012	39,860	400	19,752	30	12,352	47,630
Support and maintenance	290,862	85,422	2,610	202,830	45,715	140,264	104,883
Asset income ^b	206,796	74,774	2,895	129,127	11,169	92,996	102,631
Other ^c	81,607	13,107	838	67,662	3,181	59,373	19,053

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

NOTE: ... = not applicable.

- a. The sum of the entries may be greater than the total because some recipients may receive more than one type of unearned income or both earned and unearned income.
- b. Includes income received as rent, interest, dividends, and royalties.
- c. Does not include income deemed from a spouse or parent.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Federally Administered Payments

Table 8.
By receipt of Social Security, type of income, eligibility category, and age, December 2005

Type of income	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
Number							
All recipients	7,113,879	1,214,296	75,039	5,824,544	1,036,498	4,082,870	1,994,511
With Social Security							
No other income	2,113,462	550,200	23,068	1,540,194	64,371	1,104,839	944,252
Earned income only	99,919	10,040	1,524	88,355	283	83,963	15,673
Unearned income only ^a	275,929	133,442	2,588	139,899	9,517	89,347	177,065
Both earned and unearned income ^a	11,395	1,746	178	9,471	60	8,801	2,534
Without Social Security							
No other income	3,934,300	426,669	39,983	3,467,648	771,472	2,431,631	731,197
Earned income only	144,833	4,499	2,522	137,812	2,052	135,500	7,281
Unearned income only ^a	517,307	86,515	4,888	425,904	188,037	214,305	114,965
Both earned and unearned income ^a	16,734	1,185	288	15,261	706	14,484	1,544
Average monthly payment (dollars)							
All recipients	439.09	360.25	474.62	455.13	522.80	455.64	361.99
With Social Security							
No other income	217.97	210.96	254.81	219.95	390.36	211.43	213.84
Earned income only	221.12	204.52	241.46	222.74	329.79	222.89	210.19
Unearned income only ^a	188.41	174.60	227.17	201.29	339.07	198.81	175.42
Both earned and unearned income ^a	214.81	191.89	237.61	218.77	332.75	218.20	200.90
Without Social Security							
No other income	574.68	585.09	619.27	572.89	553.27	579.98	579.63
Earned income only	466.55	426.77	478.92	467.62	472.63	468.17	434.70
Unearned income only ^a	478.67	515.21	535.07	470.60	453.56	482.44	512.56
Both earned and unearned income ^a	417.73	364.50	453.52	421.22	393.24	423.01	379.76

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Includes recipients with in-kind unearned income.

CONTACT: Art Kahn (410) 965-0186 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 9.
Recipients, by state or other area, eligibility category, and age, December 2005

State or area	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All areas	7,113,879	1,214,296	75,039	5,824,544	1,036,498	4,082,870	1,994,511
Alabama	163,709	17,872	971	144,866	28,007	100,560	35,142
Alaska	11,027	2,158	98	8,771	1,109	6,853	3,065
Arizona	97,703	13,448	901	83,354	17,004	57,244	23,455
Arkansas	91,043	9,782	797	80,464	18,042	53,760	19,241
California	1,212,069	356,224	21,752	834,093	98,023	590,674	523,372
Colorado	55,441	8,546	526	46,369	6,874	34,697	13,870
Connecticut	52,147	6,752	468	44,927	6,587	33,064	12,496
Delaware	13,664	1,315	104	12,245	3,163	8,050	2,451
District of Columbia	21,166	1,984	155	19,027	4,354	12,584	4,228
Florida	422,466	98,645	2,951	320,870	79,643	201,135	141,688
Georgia	202,747	27,402	2,044	173,301	33,292	117,922	51,533
Hawaii	22,689	6,540	203	15,946	1,522	12,578	8,589
Idaho	22,200	1,780	206	20,214	4,050	14,981	3,169
Illinois	258,553	30,414	2,389	225,750	44,387	156,410	57,756
Indiana	98,555	5,884	949	91,722	20,668	65,533	12,354
Iowa	43,388	3,612	780	38,996	6,889	29,445	7,054
Kansas	39,154	3,311	355	35,488	7,001	25,664	6,489
Kentucky	180,225	14,162	1,429	164,634	26,717	119,544	33,964
Louisiana	155,803	17,588	1,650	136,565	28,482	92,619	34,702
Maine	31,978	2,449	231	29,298	3,337	23,264	5,377
Maryland	94,418	15,251	677	78,490	14,670	55,096	24,652
Massachusetts	171,488	44,653	3,867	122,968	17,975	105,699	47,814
Michigan	222,073	16,878	1,748	203,447	37,514	148,269	36,290
Minnesota	72,915	10,023	712	62,180	10,524	45,929	16,462
Mississippi	124,561	15,161	1,018	108,382	22,440	71,397	30,724
Missouri	117,613	9,537	955	107,121	19,451	78,126	20,036
Montana	14,784	1,105	135	13,544	1,946	10,421	2,417
Nebraska	22,334	2,026	241	20,067	3,459	15,018	3,857
Nevada	32,977	8,527	693	23,757	5,834	18,146	8,997
New Hampshire	13,636	869	140	12,627	1,809	10,042	1,785
New Jersey	152,352	33,551	994	117,807	22,047	79,413	50,892
New Mexico	53,773	8,589	491	44,693	7,166	30,820	15,787
New York	635,079	134,506	3,015	497,558	71,767	335,795	227,517
North Carolina	199,270	25,384	1,801	172,085	36,739	113,947	48,584
North Dakota	7,917	971	76	6,870	960	5,150	1,807
Ohio	250,283	15,242	1,930	233,111	42,477	171,404	36,402
Oklahoma	79,564	8,066	791	70,707	13,506	50,366	15,692
Oregon	60,557	7,772	670	52,115	7,996	39,612	12,949
Pennsylvania	317,462	29,562	2,198	285,702	57,809	198,852	60,801
Rhode Island	30,194	3,934	197	26,063	4,069	18,884	7,241
South Carolina	105,341	12,303	1,386	91,652	18,386	62,046	24,909
South Dakota	12,573	1,673	95	10,805	1,867	7,635	3,071
Tennessee	161,099	16,915	1,550	142,634	22,492	102,847	35,760
Texas	501,762	109,823	6,531	385,408	85,886	253,354	162,522
Utah	22,587	2,245	258	20,084	4,039	14,623	3,925

(Continued)

Federally Administered Payments

Table 9.
Recipients, by state or other area, eligibility category, and age, December 2005—Continued

State or area	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
Vermont	13,138	1,136	89	11,913	1,616	9,009	2,513
Virginia	137,340	20,830	1,293	115,217	22,199	79,734	35,407
Washington	115,563	14,697	960	99,906	14,577	74,537	26,449
West Virginia	76,728	4,258	576	71,894	8,559	55,922	12,247
Wisconsin	92,225	8,375	936	82,914	16,534	59,723	15,968
Wyoming	5,797	441	44	5,312	831	4,092	874
Outlying area							
Northern Mariana Islands	749	125	13	611	203	381	165

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 10.
Average monthly payment, by state or other area, eligibility category, and age, December 2005
(in dollars)

State or area	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All areas	439.09	360.25	474.62	455.13	522.80	455.64	361.99
Alabama	385.73	182.53	372.57	410.93	516.11	407.18	220.69
Alaska	397.16	279.98	392.03	426.45	461.26	431.63	298.53
Arizona	416.47	298.41	418.16	435.61	513.91	431.42	309.97
Arkansas	377.16	166.04	363.82	403.09	511.43	396.31	198.25
California	570.55	514.68	631.06	592.88	625.64	605.02	521.51
Colorado	391.00	308.67	401.87	406.11	482.17	408.29	302.98
Connecticut	414.43	336.09	421.20	426.18	506.77	426.85	333.30
Delaware	404.79	263.52	383.66	419.10	492.99	409.37	275.40
District of Columbia	443.02	274.61	394.44	461.00	512.36	464.64	307.84
Florida	405.29	328.63	397.09	429.01	506.52	417.84	330.83
Georgia	383.69	219.40	404.68	409.42	506.50	411.75	240.25
Hawaii	444.02	370.31	443.08	474.37	482.92	479.95	384.87
Idaho	394.64	214.16	405.80	410.56	487.36	402.89	239.18
Illinois	437.63	348.49	429.54	449.72	517.76	448.05	347.99
Indiana	411.12	233.32	389.57	422.79	510.65	410.28	250.08
Iowa	382.89	216.09	368.07	398.90	488.09	394.17	234.55
Kansas	396.69	250.32	424.62	410.17	500.72	403.07	260.75
Kentucky	403.57	192.17	405.55	421.80	520.32	424.59	238.58
Louisiana	399.42	198.83	389.85	425.41	518.55	424.79	233.67
Maine	375.20	173.13	391.55	392.01	495.43	396.21	210.49
Maryland	420.15	328.76	414.57	437.98	495.92	440.96	328.71
Massachusetts	447.61	381.41	481.78	470.72	546.95	461.45	379.77
Michigan	435.65	303.03	431.19	446.70	519.01	444.93	311.82
Minnesota	411.54	330.66	415.98	424.57	500.14	417.01	339.99
Mississippi	381.05	176.63	360.92	410.02	513.92	409.63	218.37
Missouri	397.98	227.63	396.42	413.33	513.45	407.57	249.04
Montana	388.51	193.52	396.46	404.43	499.03	405.78	226.88
Nebraska	378.64	226.94	397.15	393.87	490.90	387.82	243.56
Nevada	408.11	321.93	471.60	437.34	494.93	422.86	321.98
New Hampshire	387.34	255.25	380.68	396.60	470.15	395.91	255.96
New Jersey	424.36	362.38	411.96	442.11	514.23	439.52	361.91
New Mexico	388.61	247.73	411.41	415.51	516.48	419.41	271.03
New York	468.67	386.30	445.58	491.12	540.86	498.35	402.30
North Carolina	371.97	194.57	376.34	398.15	495.79	392.60	230.32
North Dakota	349.64	207.71	401.18	369.41	469.32	370.40	227.95
Ohio	429.73	277.87	403.50	439.93	518.83	437.41	290.34
Oklahoma	394.76	210.72	395.54	415.86	509.31	414.43	233.56
Oregon	406.66	299.04	416.44	422.67	502.82	420.86	304.63
Pennsylvania	435.03	285.65	409.71	450.72	512.40	449.41	315.00
Rhode Island	440.35	319.60	412.71	458.74	557.88	455.43	334.67
South Carolina	380.18	194.63	377.87	405.19	501.08	403.98	232.26
South Dakota	364.66	198.29	387.59	390.63	481.87	389.38	233.63
Tennessee	387.18	192.19	406.90	410.18	511.77	413.72	233.06
Texas	377.04	253.28	402.19	412.04	505.66	408.40	260.51
Utah	406.21	330.40	414.50	414.65	479.18	407.02	328.62

(Continued)

Federally Administered Payments

Table 10.
Average monthly payment, by state or other area, eligibility category, and age, December 2005
(in dollars)—Continued

State or area	Total	Category			Age		
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
Vermont	395.99	202.06	401.01	414.49	545.84	412.29	241.68
Virginia	387.94	279.26	382.76	407.69	492.16	406.06	282.24
Washington	433.41	376.93	423.80	441.89	502.11	441.58	373.20
West Virginia	412.45	187.38	405.13	425.93	511.81	432.62	251.69
Wisconsin	400.56	245.01	408.07	416.27	506.81	407.08	267.07
Wyoming	376.84	177.32	399.71	393.29	489.13	391.93	200.66
Outlying area							
Northern Mariana Islands	468.02	355.15	460.23	491.71	546.33	467.18	372.31

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 11.
Recipients and their average income, by type of income and marital status, December 2005

Type of income	Eligible individual with no spouse		Eligible individual with eligible spouse				Eligible individual with ineligible spouse			
	Number	Average income (dollars)	Individual		Spouse		Individual		Spouse	
			Number	Average income (dollars)	Number	Average income (dollars)	Number	Average income (dollars)	Number	Average income (dollars)
Total ^a	6,232,310	...	283,440	...	283,440	...	307,630	...	307,630	...
No other income	3,502,640	...	144,730	...	155,640	...	185,040	...	134,570	...
With income	2,729,670	419	138,710	414	127,800	359	122,590	428	173,060	847
Earned income only	136,150	346	1,920	596	2,630	631	4,280	587	95,560	1,118
Unearned income only	2,474,450	412	134,700	404	122,210	342	116,320	416	66,760	419
Both earned and unearned income	119,070	645	2,090	887	2,960	838	1,990	815	10,740	1,109
With earned income ^a	255,220	297	4,010	517	5,590	540	6,270	539	106,300	1,095
Wages	238,360	304	2,930	606	4,300	624	4,270	671	83,570	1,194
Self-employment income	18,460	188	1,110	269	1,350	252	2,070	250	24,280	681
With unearned income ^a	2,593,520	411	136,790	405	125,170	343	118,310	415	77,500	391
Social Security benefits	2,128,940	453	115,810	447	107,970	370	95,770	467	36,210	494
Veterans' benefits	55,270	198	870	265	660	232	7,380	144	8,640	403
Income based on need	16,140	252	70	121	270	124	900	104	25,840	128
Workers' compensation	3,740	362	300	336	220	447	450	402	1,060	755
Support from absent parents	135,030	203	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pensions	46,370	175	7,350	144	4,930	125	2,180	170	2,760	301
Support and maintenance	238,060	142	16,910	107	15,450	107	15,870	124	750	139
Asset income ^b	170,760	5	14,320	5	9,720	5	7,750	15	4,890	16
Other ^c	72,770	211	2,150	135	1,970	188	3,820	162	7,640	501

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 10 percent sample.

NOTE: ... = not applicable.

- a. The sum of the entries may be greater than the total because some recipients may receive more than one type of earned or unearned income or both earned and unearned income.
- b. Includes income received as rent, interest, dividends, and royalties.
- c. Does not include income deemed from a spouse or parent.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Federally Administered Payments

Table 12.
Recipients as a percentage of resident population, by state, December 2005

State	Resident population ^a	Recipients	
		Number	Percentage of resident population
United States	296,410,404	^b 7,113,130	2.4
Alabama	4,557,808	163,709	3.6
Alaska	663,661	11,027	1.7
Arizona	5,939,292	97,703	1.6
Arkansas	2,779,154	91,043	3.3
California	36,132,147	1,212,069	3.4
Colorado	4,665,177	55,441	1.2
Connecticut	3,510,297	52,147	1.5
Delaware	843,524	13,664	1.6
District of Columbia	550,521	21,166	3.8
Florida	17,789,864	422,466	2.4
Georgia	9,072,576	202,747	2.2
Hawaii	1,275,194	22,689	1.8
Idaho	1,429,096	22,200	1.6
Illinois	12,763,371	258,553	2.0
Indiana	6,271,973	98,555	1.6
Iowa	2,966,334	43,388	1.5
Kansas	2,744,687	39,154	1.4
Kentucky	4,173,405	180,225	4.3
Louisiana	4,523,628	155,803	3.4
Maine	1,321,505	31,978	2.4
Maryland	5,600,388	94,418	1.7
Massachusetts	6,398,743	171,488	2.7
Michigan	10,120,860	222,073	2.2
Minnesota	5,132,799	72,915	1.4
Mississippi	2,921,088	124,561	4.3
Missouri	5,800,310	117,613	2.0
Montana	935,670	14,784	1.6
Nebraska	1,758,787	22,334	1.3
Nevada	2,414,807	32,977	1.4
New Hampshire	1,309,940	13,636	1.0
New Jersey	8,717,925	152,352	1.7
New Mexico	1,928,384	53,773	2.8
New York	19,254,630	635,079	3.3
North Carolina	8,683,242	199,270	2.3
North Dakota	636,677	7,917	1.2
Ohio	11,464,042	250,283	2.2
Oklahoma	3,547,884	79,564	2.2
Oregon	3,641,056	60,557	1.7
Pennsylvania	12,429,616	317,462	2.6
Rhode Island	1,076,189	30,194	2.8
South Carolina	4,255,083	105,341	2.5
South Dakota	775,933	12,573	1.6
Tennessee	5,962,959	161,099	2.7
Texas	22,859,968	501,762	2.2
Utah	2,469,585	22,587	0.9

(Continued)

Table 12.
Recipients as a percentage of resident population, by state, December 2005—Continued

State	Resident population ^a	Recipients	
		Number	Percentage of resident population
Vermont	623,050	13,138	2.1
Virginia	7,567,465	137,340	1.8
Washington	6,287,759	115,563	1.8
West Virginia	1,816,856	76,728	4.2
Wisconsin	5,536,201	92,225	1.7
Wyoming	509,294	5,797	1.1

SOURCES: U.S. Census Bureau and Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

- a. Population estimates for the United States as of July 1, 2005, as reported by the U.S. Census Bureau.
- b. Excludes 749 recipients in the Northern Mariana Islands.

CONTACT: Art Kahn (410) 965-0186 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Federally Administered Payments

Table 13.
Foreign-born recipients, by region, country of origin, eligibility category, and age, December 2005

Region and country of origin	Total	Category		Age		
		Aged	Blind and disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All areas	1,535,404	740,697	794,707	17,454	505,028	1,012,922
North America	187,037	27,035	160,002	10,266	116,302	60,469
U.S. territories	178,500	24,649	153,851	10,006	111,591	56,903
Puerto Rico	173,432	24,001	149,431	9,427	108,349	55,656
Other ^a	5,068	648	4,420	579	3,242	1,247
Other	8,537	2,386	6,151	260	4,711	3,566
Latin America	577,684	292,857	284,827	2,703	182,718	392,263
Mexico	254,567	126,967	127,600	853	81,594	172,120
Cuba	96,244	52,446	43,798	412	24,272	71,560
Dominican Republic	66,724	24,365	42,359	601	28,972	37,151
Other	160,149	89,079	71,070	837	47,880	111,432
Africa	21,898	9,221	12,677	567	9,763	11,568
Somalia	4,768	2,026	2,742	139	2,112	2,517
Cape Verde Islands	1,400	888	512	7	402	991
Ethiopia	3,012	1,016	1,996	34	1,615	1,363
Other	12,718	5,291	7,427	387	5,634	6,697
Asia	488,108	291,062	197,046	1,549	120,686	365,873
Vietnam	103,133	44,677	58,456	226	35,043	67,864
China	76,530	65,489	11,041	83	5,016	71,431
Laos	33,761	7,117	26,644	84	19,043	14,634
Philippines	70,720	57,709	13,011	164	8,650	61,906
Other	203,964	116,070	87,894	992	52,934	150,038
Middle East	37,207	17,021	20,186	348	10,780	26,079
Lebanon	9,095	4,307	4,788	17	2,323	6,755
Syria	6,717	3,020	3,697	13	1,643	5,061
Turkey	3,693	2,318	1,375	20	561	3,112
Other	17,702	7,376	10,326	298	6,253	11,151
Former Soviet Republics	130,665	66,801	63,864	569	26,093	104,003
Europe	85,411	33,782	51,629	1,281	35,716	48,414
Portugal	7,894	4,438	3,456	13	2,286	5,595
Italy	6,737	2,917	3,820	44	2,369	4,324
United Kingdom	8,398	2,722	5,676	137	4,345	3,916
Poland	7,983	4,671	3,312	20	1,948	6,015
Former Yugoslavia	11,465	4,111	7,354	148	5,034	6,283
Other	42,934	14,923	28,011	919	19,734	22,281
Other or unknown areas	7,394	2,918	4,476	171	2,970	4,253

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

NOTE: Foreign-born means born in an area not served by the Supplemental Security Income program.

a. Includes American Samoa, Guam, and Virgin Islands.

CONTACT: Paul Davies (202) 358-6277 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Recipients of Social Security, SSI, or Both

Table 14.
Persons receiving both Social Security and SSI, by type of Social Security benefit and SSI eligibility category, December 2005

Type of Social Security benefit	All Social Security beneficiaries ^a	Number receiving SSI			Percentage of all Social Security beneficiaries		
		Total	Aged	Blind and disabled	Total	Aged	Blind and disabled
Total	48,445,900	2,489,920	684,290	1,805,630	5.1	1.4	3.7
Retirement	33,488,350	1,055,190	563,970	491,220	3.2	1.7	1.5
Worker aged 65 or older	27,651,170	783,390	503,050	280,340	2.8	1.8	1.0
Men	14,224,360	314,410	196,000	118,410	2.2	1.4	0.8
Women	13,426,810	468,980	307,050	161,930	3.5	2.3	1.2
Worker aged 62–64	2,823,760	42,410	0	42,410	1.5	0	1.5
Men	1,429,990	26,740	0	26,740	1.9	0	1.9
Women	1,393,770	15,670	0	15,670	1.1	0	1.1
Wives and husbands	2,523,910	131,320	60,910	70,410	5.2	2.4	2.8
Aged 65 or older	2,229,000	119,600	60,910	58,690	5.4	2.7	2.6
Aged 62–64	254,310	10,840	0	10,840	4.3	0	4.3
Under age 62 with children	40,600	880	0	880	2.2	0	2.2
Disabled adult children	193,040	93,720	b	b	48.5	b	b
Aged 65 or older	900	340	b	b	37.8	b	b
Aged 18–64	192,140	93,380	0	93,380	48.6	0	48.6
Children under age 18 and students aged 18–19	296,470	4,350	0	4,350	1.5	0	1.5
Survivors	6,650,440	435,930	119,350	316,580	6.6	1.8	4.8
Nondisabled widow(er)s	4,356,450	214,030	116,510	97,520	4.9	2.7	2.2
Aged 65 or older	3,913,200	207,870	116,510	91,360	5.3	3.0	2.3
Aged 60–64	443,250	6,160	0	6,160	1.4	0	1.4
Disabled widow(er)s	212,220	35,180	0	35,180	16.6	0	16.6
Widowed mothers and fathers	176,160	4,320	b	b	2.5	b	b
Parents	1,950	90	b	b	4.6	b	b
Disabled adult children	510,930	159,440	2,740	156,700	31.2	0.5	30.7
Aged 65 or older	68,770	22,400	2,740	19,660	32.6	4.0	28.6
Aged 18–64	442,160	137,040	0	137,040	31.0	0	31.0
Children under age 18 and students aged 18–19	1,392,730	22,870	0	22,870	1.6	0	1.6

(Continued)

Recipients of Social Security, SSI, or Both

Table 14.

Persons receiving both Social Security and SSI, by type of Social Security benefit and SSI eligibility category, December 2005—Continued

Type of Social Security benefit	All Social Security beneficiaries ^a	Number receiving SSI			Percentage of all Social Security beneficiaries		
		Total	Aged	Blind and disabled	Total	Aged	Blind and disabled
Disability	8,307,110	998,800	970	997,830	12.0	0	12.0
Worker under age 65	6,510,420	889,590	0	889,590	13.7	0	13.7
Men	3,517,130	384,830	0	384,830	10.9	0	10.9
Women	2,993,290	504,760	0	504,760	16.9	0	16.9
Wives and husbands	157,550	10,790	970	9,820	6.8	0.6	6.2
Aged 65 or older	29,210	3,600	970	2,630	12.3	3.3	9.0
Aged 62–64	40,270	2,240	0	2,240	5.6	0	5.6
Under age 62 with children	88,070	4,950	0	4,950	5.6	0	5.6
Disabled adult children aged 18–64	69,880	48,100	0	48,100	68.8	0	68.8
Children under age 18 and students aged 18–19	1,569,260	50,320	0	50,320	3.2	0	3.2

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Master Beneficiary Record, 10 percent sample.

NOTE: Social Security is the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) program.

a. Includes special age-72 beneficiaries.

b. Data are not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

CONTACT: Paul Davies (202) 358-6277 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 15.
Persons aged 18–64 receiving benefits on the basis of disability and their total and average
monthly payments, by type of beneficiary, December 1996–2005

Year	Total	Social Security only				SSI only	Both Social Security and SSI			
		Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children		Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
Number										
1996	7,689,664	4,122,152	--	--	--	2,559,750	1,007,762	--	--	--
1997	7,811,748	4,250,155	--	--	--	2,550,105	1,011,488	--	--	--
1998	8,086,259	4,440,264	--	--	--	2,618,615	1,027,380	--	--	--
1999	8,399,309	4,703,774	--	--	--	2,650,586	1,044,949	--	--	--
2000	8,599,465	4,850,835	--	--	--	2,690,446	1,058,184	--	--	--
2001	8,791,338	4,979,844	4,495,477	87,833	396,534	2,732,020	1,079,474	772,562	35,222	271,690
2002	9,106,014	5,228,262	4,738,246	87,900	402,116	2,768,782	1,108,970	801,351	34,671	272,948
2003	9,445,573	5,492,325	4,997,137	87,203	407,985	2,811,647	1,141,601	833,269	34,101	274,231
2004	9,773,201	5,756,093	5,257,314	89,874	408,905	2,850,815	1,166,293	858,850	33,072	274,371
2005	10,081,625	5,998,755	5,491,980	86,422	420,353	2,880,931	1,201,939	893,437	32,302	276,200
Total payments (millions of dollars)										
1996	4,878	3,072	--	--	--	1,222	584	--	--	--
1997	5,106	3,245	--	--	--	1,257	604	--	--	--
1998	5,379	3,444	--	--	--	1,313	622	--	--	--
1999	5,680	3,691	--	--	--	1,346	643	--	--	--
2000	6,058	3,975	--	--	--	1,408	675	--	--	--
2001	6,509	4,299	3,976	65	258	1,491	719	530	22	167
2002	6,920	4,629	4,294	67	268	1,544	747	554	22	171
2003	7,416	5,024	4,674	69	281	1,603	790	592	22	176
2004	7,980	5,464	5,096	72	296	1,686	829	626	22	180
2005	8,604	5,974	5,584	75	315	1,724	906	696	22	187
Average monthly payment ^a (dollars)										
1996	624.80	744.60	--	--	--	456.00	546.90	--	--	--
1997	637.80	762.80	--	--	--	458.10	557.10	--	--	--
1998	649.90	775.00	--	--	--	467.90	564.30	--	--	--
1999	662.50	784.10	--	--	--	477.60	576.70	--	--	--
2000	689.30	818.80	--	--	--	489.00	594.90	--	--	--
2001	722.84	862.60	883.70	744.80	650.00	506.80	615.20	618.40	595.10	608.70
2002	744.40	884.60	905.40	764.40	666.00	522.50	625.20	626.90	608.30	622.20
2003	768.50	914.10	934.80	790.80	687.30	533.50	638.20	639.90	620.90	635.10
2004	796.80	947.80	967.80	804.80	722.50	545.90	655.20	657.10	639.10	651.40
2005	832.80	993.69	1,014.52	863.06	748.08	558.21	675.91	677.65	659.92	672.32

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file and the Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

NOTES: Social Security counts include disabled workers, disabled widow(er)s, and disabled adult children. SSI counts include recipients of federal SSI, federally administered state supplementation, or both.

-- = not available.

a. Averages are not obtained simply by dividing the total dollars by the number of recipients. Averages exclude payments made in the current month for prior-month eligibility, such as back pay for new awards, so that large retroactive payments do not distort the averages.

CONTACT: Art Kahn (410) 965-0186 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Recipients of Social Security, SSI, or Both

Table 16.

Persons aged 18–64 receiving both Social Security and SSI on the basis of disability and their average monthly Social Security benefit and SSI payment, by state or other area and type of beneficiary, December 2005

State or area	Number of SSI recipients with Social Security disability				Average monthly Social Security benefit (dollars)				Average monthly SSI payment (dollars)			
	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
All areas ^a	1,201,939	893,437	32,302	276,200	470.12	484.66	461.01	425.22	205.80	192.98	198.90	247.10
Alabama	33,139	23,809	1,144	8,186	451.67	474.21	449.06	387.65	173.88	156.82	172.00	222.86
Alaska	1,835	1,498	35	302	445.23	460.63	449.47	371.69	178.08	166.91	164.06	232.71
Arizona	15,652	12,176	332	3,144	443.80	457.95	435.47	390.61	181.70	170.60	192.12	222.99
Arkansas	18,860	13,923	628	4,309	452.42	474.92	458.24	381.27	176.28	159.29	172.16	229.97
California	188,972	147,448	3,797	37,727	560.14	569.47	545.91	526.01	306.05	289.74	308.43	368.08
Colorado	11,321	9,027	177	2,117	452.72	466.15	430.18	398.73	170.31	159.21	196.81	214.28
Connecticut	9,020	6,647	248	2,125	441.40	460.58	431.73	383.77	178.77	162.58	197.21	226.22
Delaware	2,546	1,936	38	572	458.42	458.98	458.46	456.57	175.46	168.72	163.78	198.53
District of Columbia	2,240	1,749	64	427	451.76	470.81	419.27	380.35	202.08	187.91	195.08	259.94
Florida	58,703	44,616	1,447	12,640	445.69	461.63	446.91	390.06	175.00	162.20	177.00	219.32
Georgia	35,228	24,827	1,327	9,074	455.73	476.64	457.69	398.67	168.05	152.41	172.95	209.82
Hawaii	3,081	2,037	81	963	499.12	497.23	457.50	506.48	261.54	215.00	198.83	363.92
Idaho	5,167	4,093	73	1,001	444.57	455.51	446.93	400.45	181.80	173.66	203.53	212.81
Illinois	33,620	25,029	953	7,638	431.45	445.19	447.16	385.40	190.22	179.92	183.05	224.16
Indiana	20,737	16,372	407	3,958	438.40	447.82	449.43	399.39	183.53	176.76	171.74	211.93
Iowa	11,030	8,498	180	2,352	444.89	455.87	464.02	404.99	183.90	177.91	173.96	205.64
Kansas	8,973	6,929	162	1,882	444.91	456.57	440.82	403.19	176.39	167.62	181.48	207.57
Kentucky	33,300	24,437	1,369	7,494	442.22	465.04	427.08	372.02	183.23	166.47	190.95	235.41
Louisiana	23,602	15,181	1,086	7,335	433.78	463.41	445.92	372.14	190.35	167.80	173.50	238.40
Maine	8,601	6,530	161	1,910	448.92	466.32	457.95	389.19	175.09	163.22	146.32	217.74
Maryland	13,531	10,083	321	3,127	446.26	459.10	462.07	404.23	175.91	168.17	169.27	200.96
Massachusetts	33,880	26,494	717	6,669	495.81	518.78	467.63	408.85	203.63	191.24	241.75	248.05
Michigan	42,757	30,378	958	11,421	450.33	448.42	450.03	455.35	190.94	182.69	181.57	213.31
Minnesota	14,246	10,966	191	3,089	435.23	446.96	430.08	394.54	178.18	169.88	184.05	206.90
Mississippi	22,647	15,625	960	6,062	444.99	473.82	453.67	371.17	179.66	156.02	175.15	239.78
Missouri	26,257	19,893	708	5,656	438.89	454.36	439.70	386.75	182.07	170.36	183.33	221.30
Montana	3,552	2,628	86	838	453.78	460.33	435.85	435.25	176.97	167.81	177.61	205.39
Nebraska	5,815	4,412	71	1,332	444.00	458.79	432.78	397.91	178.54	167.16	200.42	213.31
Nevada	5,063	4,199	79	785	467.44	476.86	456.41	419.35	169.21	160.95	200.10	209.21
New Hampshire	3,813	2,950	42	821	449.39	464.60	477.08	395.20	173.68	163.76	125.21	210.59
New Jersey	22,719	16,776	515	5,428	474.08	486.69	449.60	438.57	187.80	175.96	201.85	221.98
New Mexico	9,101	6,806	243	2,052	438.18	458.09	440.53	372.86	185.34	170.88	179.86	233.21
New York	88,191	61,930	2,426	23,835	512.11	513.27	472.45	513.22	235.21	216.67	223.34	283.70
North Carolina	39,300	28,547	1,186	9,567	450.02	468.53	453.71	395.58	172.57	159.00	173.34	212.05
North Dakota	2,079	1,421	39	619	433.58	448.39	450.29	400.62	177.94	165.65	195.24	203.22
Ohio	44,215	33,876	1,227	9,112	426.56	437.20	438.54	386.53	191.30	184.03	183.12	218.67
Oklahoma	15,006	11,205	489	3,312	436.79	451.44	445.67	386.94	184.29	174.04	176.12	219.45
Oregon	12,586	10,020	212	2,354	449.34	458.65	434.68	411.68	173.16	165.18	183.86	205.65
Pennsylvania	49,805	36,031	1,417	12,357	453.62	465.62	455.43	419.21	195.46	183.41	181.52	231.39
Rhode Island	6,402	4,974	111	1,317	491.17	508.74	468.94	426.70	196.38	183.08	203.60	246.04
South Carolina	19,616	13,346	773	5,497	445.68	465.68	450.46	397.06	175.80	161.90	176.79	208.99
South Dakota	2,863	2,015	62	786	428.85	442.87	405.11	396.59	183.56	172.67	203.87	208.45
Tennessee	31,965	22,854	1,242	7,869	445.42	465.10	440.02	390.60	179.28	164.91	185.06	219.03
Texas	70,956	52,424	2,347	16,185	442.53	462.01	444.68	381.51	180.56	166.40	172.04	225.94
Utah	4,472	3,467	61	944	436.61	450.09	441.09	388.80	185.02	175.72	194.90	217.12

(Continued)

Table 16.

Persons aged 18–64 receiving both Social Security and SSI on the basis of disability and their average monthly Social Security benefit and SSI payment, by state or other area and type of beneficiary, December 2005—Continued

State or area	Number of SSI recipients with Social Security disability				Average monthly Social Security benefit (dollars)				Average monthly SSI payment (dollars)			
	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children	Total	Workers	Widow(er)s	Adult children
Vermont	3,775	2,778	75	922	485.55	496.88	491.21	451.61	196.67	186.09	189.47	228.49
Virginia	25,088	17,996	780	6,312	446.54	465.75	457.88	391.47	177.49	164.58	168.27	214.68
Washington	20,146	16,191	334	3,621	449.56	459.39	454.21	407.04	177.19	169.48	178.63	210.06
West Virginia	14,091	9,575	576	3,940	437.91	463.15	443.02	377.74	185.55	167.47	174.32	229.80
Wisconsin	20,606	15,427	308	4,871	440.50	449.85	443.78	410.91	176.39	169.80	179.84	196.89
Wyoming	1,456	1,176	19	261	442.17	451.20	435.58	402.73	174.59	169.87	191.83	194.24
Outlying area												
Northern Mariana Islands	84	b	b	b	352.30	b	b	b	224.55	b	b	b

SOURCES: Social Security Administration, Disabled Beneficiaries and Dependents Master Beneficiary Record file and the Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

NOTE: SSI counts include recipients of federal SSI, federally administered state supplementation, or both. They do not include beneficiaries whose own Social Security number is not on the Master Beneficiary Record. Social Security beneficiaries who are entitled to both a primary and a secondary benefit are counted only once in this table.

- a. Includes 229 persons not distributed by state or area.
- b. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

CONTACT: Art Kahn (410) 965-0186 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Noncitizens

Table 17.
By eligibility category, December 1982–2005

Year	Total		Aged		Blind and disabled	
	Number	Percentage of all SSI recipients	Number	Percentage of all SSI recipients	Number	Percentage of all SSI recipients
1982	127,900	3.3	91,900	5.9	36,000	1.6
1983	151,200	3.9	106,600	7.0	44,600	1.9
1984	181,100	4.5	127,600	8.3	53,500	2.1
1985	210,800	5.1	146,500	9.7	64,300	2.4
1986	244,300	5.7	165,300	11.2	79,000	2.8
1987	282,500	6.4	188,000	12.9	94,500	3.2
1988	320,300	7.2	213,900	14.9	106,400	3.5
1989	370,300	8.1	245,700	17.1	124,600	4.0
1990	435,600	9.0	282,400	19.4	153,200	4.6
1991	519,660	10.2	329,690	22.5	189,970	5.2
1992	601,430	10.8	372,930	25.4	228,500	5.6
1993	683,150	11.4	416,420	28.2	266,730	5.9
1994	738,140	11.7	440,000	30.0	298,140	6.2
1995	785,410	12.1	459,220	31.8	326,190	6.3
1996	724,990	11.0	417,360	29.5	307,630	5.9
1997	650,830	10.0	367,200	27.0	283,630	5.5
1998	669,630	10.2	364,980	27.4	304,650	5.8
1999	684,930	10.4	368,330	28.2	316,600	6.0
2000	692,590	10.5	364,470	28.3	328,120	6.2
2001	695,650	10.4	364,550	28.9	331,100	6.1
2002	703,515	10.4	364,827	29.1	338,688	6.1
2003	696,772	10.1	356,298	28.9	340,474	6.0
2004	676,979	9.7	342,220	28.3	334,759	5.8
2005	680,397	9.6	344,166	28.3	336,231	5.7

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Noncitizens

Table 18.
Distribution of recipients, by selected characteristics and citizenship status, December 2005

Characteristic	Citizens		Noncitizens	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	6,433,482	100.0	680,397	100.0
Age				
Under 18	1,033,059	16.1	3,439	0.5
18–29	768,842	12.0	14,617	2.1
30–39	638,833	9.9	21,609	3.2
40–49	1,000,136	15.5	42,423	6.2
50–59	1,031,445	16.0	81,642	12.0
60–64	428,106	6.7	55,217	8.1
65–74	790,887	12.3	213,535	31.4
75 or older	742,174	11.5	247,915	36.4
Sex				
Male	2,811,930	43.7	254,345	37.4
Female	3,621,552	56.3	426,052	62.6
Living arrangement				
Own household	5,196,613	80.8	602,166	88.5
Another's household	244,686	3.8	64,038	9.4
Parent's household	866,409	13.5	3,371	0.5
Medicaid institution	125,774	2.0	10,822	1.6
Income				
Social Security	2,305,038	35.8	195,667	28.8
Worker beneficiary	1,582,478	24.6	145,385	21.4
Auxiliary beneficiary	722,560	11.2	50,282	7.4
Earnings	263,636	4.1	9,245	1.4
SSI payment				
Federal SSI only	4,588,459	71.3	283,308	41.6
State supplementation only	259,913	4.0	35,022	5.1
Both federal SSI and state supplementation	1,585,110	24.6	362,067	53.2

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Paul Davies (202) 358-6277 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 19.
By state or other area, eligibility category, and age, December 2005

State or area	Total	Category		Age		
		Aged	Blind and disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All areas	680,397	344,166	336,231	3,439	215,508	461,450
Alabama	771	417	354	6	226	539
Alaska	863	352	511	10	355	498
Arizona	9,885	4,514	5,371	55	3,549	6,281
Arkansas	635	304	331	4	233	398
California	250,924	124,480	126,444	682	79,335	170,907
Colorado	4,797	2,475	2,322	30	1,468	3,299
Connecticut	4,178	2,123	2,055	17	1,249	2,912
Delaware	373	247	126	0	80	293
District of Columbia	702	313	389	6	274	422
Florida	72,421	40,427	31,994	604	21,283	50,534
Georgia	6,158	3,701	2,457	54	1,439	4,665
Hawaii	3,066	2,039	1,027	10	655	2,401
Idaho	858	367	491	12	340	506
Illinois	18,691	9,759	8,932	73	5,242	13,376
Indiana	1,206	666	540	9	345	852
Iowa	1,130	435	695	12	440	678
Kansas	1,385	626	759	3	469	913
Kentucky	1,215	596	619	28	432	755
Louisiana	1,843	937	906	4	576	1,263
Maine	599	149	450	10	311	278
Maryland	6,386	4,308	2,078	37	1,167	5,182
Massachusetts	20,733	12,002	8,731	80	8,134	12,519
Michigan	8,867	3,711	5,156	112	3,153	5,602
Minnesota	8,558	3,110	5,448	160	3,868	4,530
Mississippi	360	176	184	0	113	247
Missouri	2,319	1,044	1,275	40	825	1,454
Montana	135	38	97	0	65	70
Nebraska	921	369	552	17	374	530
Nevada	3,835	2,678	1,157	12	1,029	2,794
New Hampshire	448	192	256	a	a	272
New Jersey	20,518	11,903	8,615	119	5,243	15,156
New Mexico	4,841	2,141	2,700	19	1,721	3,101
New York	99,559	47,397	52,162	464	33,182	65,913
North Carolina	3,452	1,789	1,663	30	991	2,431
North Dakota	169	54	115	5	89	75
Ohio	4,467	2,335	2,132	46	1,281	3,140
Oklahoma	1,449	845	604	17	370	1,062
Oregon	4,620	2,232	2,388	42	1,398	3,180
Pennsylvania	11,624	4,864	6,760	92	4,282	7,250
Rhode Island	3,683	1,347	2,336	27	1,567	2,089
South Carolina	799	417	382	4	239	556
South Dakota	192	61	131	5	85	102
Tennessee	1,632	850	782	23	482	1,127
Texas	63,113	33,296	29,817	203	18,969	43,941
Utah	1,457	698	759	19	461	977

(Continued)

Noncitizens

Table 19.
By state or other area, eligibility category, and age, December 2005—Continued

State or area	Total	Category		Age		
		Aged	Blind and disabled	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
Vermont	181	61	120	5	83	93
Virginia	6,375	4,015	2,360	41	1,372	4,962
Washington	13,549	5,706	7,843	133	4,526	8,890
West Virginia	142	74	68	a	a	87
Wisconsin	4,236	1,486	2,750	53	1,884	2,299
Wyoming	59	27	32	0	23	36
Outlying area						
Northern Mariana Islands	18	13	5	0	5	13

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Data not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

CONTACT: Paul Davies (202) 358-6277 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 20.
By region and country of origin, eligibility category, and age, December 2005

Region and country of origin	Total	Category		Age		
		Aged	Blind and disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All areas	680,397	344,166	336,231	3,439	215,508	461,450
Latin America	347,364	174,814	172,550	1,537	117,184	228,643
Mexico	169,818	85,871	83,947	390	55,559	113,869
Cuba	53,609	28,021	25,588	394	16,988	36,227
Dominican Republic	42,047	15,514	26,533	382	19,208	22,457
Other	81,890	45,408	36,482	371	25,429	56,090
Africa	13,073	5,622	7,451	415	5,666	6,992
Somalia	3,797	1,641	2,156	130	1,637	2,030
Cape Verde Islands	893	572	321	3	259	631
Ethiopia	2,029	718	1,311	29	1,040	960
Other	6,354	2,691	3,663	253	2,730	3,371
Asia	206,562	108,562	98,000	770	60,263	145,529
Vietnam	43,456	17,203	26,253	124	16,027	27,305
China	29,310	24,507	4,803	20	2,120	27,170
Laos	22,008	4,715	17,293	72	12,359	9,577
Philippines	18,559	14,029	4,530	40	3,011	15,508
Other	93,229	48,108	45,121	514	26,746	65,969
Middle East	12,167	5,833	6,334	87	3,143	8,937
Lebanon	2,913	1,444	1,469	3	664	2,246
Syria	2,213	1,024	1,189	9	542	1,662
Turkey	1,314	876	438	7	160	1,147
Other	5,727	2,489	3,238	68	1,777	3,882
Former Soviet Republics	55,421	29,318	26,103	332	12,382	42,707
Europe	32,807	14,618	18,189	240	12,096	20,471
Portugal	4,117	2,370	1,747	5	1,200	2,912
Former Yugoslavia	7,386	2,635	4,751	128	3,326	3,932
Great Britain	3,349	1,309	2,040	25	1,489	1,835
Poland	3,187	1,753	1,434	8	943	2,236
Other	14,768	6,551	8,217	74	5,138	9,556
Other areas	6,433	2,346	4,087	26	2,917	3,490
Unknown	6,570	3,053	3,517	32	1,857	4,681

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Paul Davies (202) 358-6277 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Noncitizens

Table 21.
By number of months between date of U.S. residency and date of SSI application, eligibility category, and age, December 2005

Months	Total	Category		Age		
		Aged	Blind and disabled	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All recipients	680,397	344,166	336,231	3,439	215,508	461,450
0-11 ^a	87,328	47,483	39,845	1,151	22,072	64,105
12-23	29,448	11,990	17,458	333	9,453	19,662
24-35	25,723	10,918	14,805	241	8,159	17,323
36-47	59,619	38,372	21,247	268	11,346	48,005
48-59	35,152	18,070	17,082	228	9,324	25,600
60-71	49,797	30,491	19,306	329	10,606	38,862
72-83	34,276	18,096	16,180	202	9,393	24,681
84-119	87,018	43,682	43,336	445	26,973	59,600
120 and over	268,382	123,925	144,457	210	107,026	161,146
State conversions ^b	1,685	266	1,419	0	510	1,175
Unknown	1,969	873	1,096	32	646	1,291

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Includes an estimated 3,070 persons whose records indicate that they applied in the same month that their residence began.

b. Persons who were converted in 1973 from the state Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled programs to the SSI program.

CONTACT: Paul Davies (202) 358-6277 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Recipients Under Age 65

Table 22.
Recipients, by diagnostic group, 1997–2005

Diagnostic group	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total	4,441,420	4,533,060	4,538,033	4,590,806	4,693,315	4,792,526	4,912,627	5,010,235	5,119,368
Congenital anomalies	56,987	58,440	57,094	58,593	62,730	65,999	70,084	73,146	77,052
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	168,685	179,273	186,317	178,184	172,371	164,994	160,047	155,513	151,141
Infectious and parasitic diseases	68,707	73,426	73,538	73,510	73,513	72,499	71,676	70,236	69,595
Injuries	92,586	95,321	97,762	100,046	103,284	105,313	107,051	108,670	110,314
Mental disorders ^a									
Retardation	1,032,435	1,067,247	1,062,530	1,059,769	1,085,032	1,093,759	1,099,557	1,096,223	1,094,164
Other	1,165,248	1,232,642	1,294,064	1,419,469	1,523,835	1,629,652	1,743,224	1,846,743	1,949,904
Neoplasms	54,804	53,526	51,326	51,491	51,802	52,699	53,376	54,687	56,388
Diseases of the—									
Blood and blood- forming organs	b	b	b	b	b	27,009	27,475	27,631	28,189
Circulatory system	181,068	185,267	186,909	188,069	188,982	189,017	188,745	187,274	186,787
Digestive system	29,009	30,310	31,940	34,017	36,197	38,518	40,400	42,165	43,908
Genitourinary system	b	b	b	b	b	43,994	44,694	44,908	45,405
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	281,514	300,895	318,388	334,879	354,108	373,402	390,646	407,042	422,333
Nervous system and sense organs	344,870	356,266	365,529	371,211	384,411	393,439	400,302	405,239	411,093
Respiratory system	104,506	108,122	107,046	107,490	109,004	109,609	110,694	110,871	111,481
Skin and subcu- taneous tissue	b	b	b	b	b	6,855	7,082	7,245	7,459
Other ^a	150,011	178,692	193,372	153,846	164,129	85,625	94,310	97,398	98,812
Unknown	710,990	613,633	512,218	460,232	383,917	340,143	303,264	275,244	255,343

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Beginning in 2000, approximately 60,000 persons previously shown under "Other diagnoses" are shown under "Other mental disorders."

b. Before 2002, diagnosis was reported under "Other."

CONTACT: Stella M. Coleman (410) 965-0157 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Recipients Under Age 65

Table 23.
By diagnostic group and age, December 2005

Diagnostic group	All ages	Under 5	5-12	13-17	18-21	22-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-64
	<i>Number</i>									
Total	5,119,368	160,881	490,148	385,469	282,464	500,995	660,442	1,042,559	1,113,087	483,323
Congenital anomalies	77,052	20,458	22,023	8,826	8,368	8,420	4,438	2,667	1,358	494
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	151,141	1,604	2,947	2,236	1,706	4,395	12,869	33,384	60,617	31,383
Infectious and parasitic diseases	69,595	210	1,063	1,164	539	2,248	11,796	28,034	19,741	4,800
Injuries	110,314	1,139	2,392	1,934	3,832	11,378	18,219	28,605	29,565	13,250
Mental disorders										
Retardation	1,094,164	7,609	79,989	118,814	117,479	201,428	211,392	206,051	117,341	34,061
Other	1,949,904	38,592	259,049	185,515	94,904	171,807	256,947	442,174	383,338	117,578
Neoplasms	56,388	2,331	5,175	2,601	2,172	3,160	4,261	11,247	17,504	7,937
Diseases of the—										
Blood and blood- forming organs	28,189	1,963	6,235	4,323	2,921	4,253	3,312	2,762	1,798	622
Circulatory system	186,787	2,077	1,894	1,099	1,252	3,885	8,878	30,438	80,606	56,658
Digestive system	43,908	3,142	1,912	799	705	1,694	3,622	11,615	15,417	5,002
Genitourinary system	45,405	581	1,215	1,126	1,515	4,381	8,046	12,213	12,259	4,069
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	422,333	1,260	3,218	3,233	3,169	8,796	27,534	88,794	176,519	109,810
Nervous system and sense organs	411,093	15,590	45,149	31,216	35,484	60,916	60,527	71,225	64,333	26,653
Respiratory system	111,481	8,668	13,197	5,281	1,711	2,281	4,857	16,114	36,062	23,310
Skin and subcu- taneous tissue	7,459	274	601	290	226	519	1,019	1,856	1,892	782
Other	98,812	49,200	31,876	8,325	2,690	2,548	1,114	1,317	1,290	452
Unknown	255,343	6,183	12,213	8,687	3,791	8,886	21,611	54,063	93,447	46,462

(Continued)

Table 23.
By diagnostic group and age, December 2005—Continued

Diagnostic group	All ages	Under 5	5–12	13–17	18–21	22–29	30–39	40–49	50–59	60–64
<i>Average monthly payment (dollars)</i>										
Total	469.27	506.12	529.51	521.20	523.18	481.91	448.53	446.75	456.85	415.00
Congenital anomalies	506.94	521.02	529.72	515.74	519.92	496.48	438.36	376.31	388.63	360.94
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	439.64	515.27	514.21	499.97	503.28	443.03	437.20	450.37	447.50	395.16
Infectious and parasitic diseases	461.97	529.37	514.77	491.54	517.62	467.83	455.03	459.54	474.05	412.88
Injuries	433.39	510.01	510.66	494.98	484.73	443.39	420.15	418.90	443.63	406.70
Mental disorders										
Retardation	467.07	538.90	534.75	525.24	525.11	491.23	443.62	419.90	407.35	381.15
Other	486.60	526.73	529.34	522.64	529.07	475.62	458.14	468.75	481.55	449.03
Neoplasms	445.00	512.21	519.42	503.76	482.78	440.32	424.48	433.89	439.98	385.95
Diseases of the—										
Blood and blood- forming organs	493.94	534.92	528.85	517.46	522.39	478.99	450.00	443.77	450.97	399.74
Circulatory system	430.21	513.41	526.61	507.89	492.30	444.45	427.59	435.58	444.93	396.89
Digestive system	459.98	510.32	530.88	505.88	495.63	417.39	416.77	455.73	468.23	419.21
Genitourinary system	444.66	515.00	528.64	504.65	502.02	442.84	427.86	442.85	449.30	397.71
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	427.98	520.92	525.83	513.93	521.38	451.27	413.24	421.46	443.86	400.47
Nervous system and sense organs	461.27	521.94	521.90	509.84	512.62	485.52	435.74	418.83	425.58	399.26
Respiratory system	464.61	534.01	540.19	526.93	527.06	475.17	455.06	462.87	454.12	395.66
Skin and subcu- taneous tissue	450.45	532.71	531.85	517.16	516.14	447.17	424.14	437.19	440.37	408.38
Other	495.57	470.38	532.71	517.58	526.72	500.12	454.09	430.89	446.11	403.47
Unknown	480.28	464.68	520.61	511.88	516.82	516.66	517.55	460.55	485.31	451.60

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Stella M. Coleman (410) 965-0157 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Recipients Under Age 65

Table 24.
By diagnostic group, age, and sex, December 2005

Diagnostic group	All ages				Under age 18				Aged 18–64			
	Number	Percent			Number	Percent			Number	Percent		
		Total	Male	Female		Total	Male	Female		Total	Male	Female
Total	5,119,368	100.0	48.0	52.0	1,036,498	100.0	65.4	34.6	4,082,870	100.0	43.6	56.4
Congenital anomalies	77,052	100.0	52.1	47.9	51,307	100.0	53.6	46.4	25,745	100.0	49.1	50.9
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	151,141	100.0	25.0	75.0	6,787	100.0	51.8	48.2	144,354	100.0	23.8	76.2
Infectious and parasitic diseases	69,595	100.0	57.1	42.9	2,437	100.0	50.3	49.7	67,158	100.0	57.4	42.6
Injuries	110,314	100.0	61.0	39.0	5,465	100.0	58.8	41.2	104,849	100.0	61.1	38.9
Mental disorders												
Retardation	1,094,164	100.0	51.8	48.2	206,412	100.0	61.7	38.3	887,752	100.0	49.4	50.6
Other	1,949,904	100.0	50.2	49.8	483,156	100.0	73.5	26.5	1,466,748	100.0	42.5	57.5
Neoplasms	56,388	100.0	42.7	57.3	10,107	100.0	55.4	44.6	46,281	100.0	39.9	60.1
Diseases of the—												
Blood and blood- forming organs	28,189	100.0	48.4	51.6	12,521	100.0	56.9	43.1	15,668	100.0	41.6	58.4
Circulatory system	186,787	100.0	46.6	53.4	5,070	100.0	54.5	45.5	181,717	100.0	46.3	53.7
Digestive system	43,908	100.0	47.8	52.2	5,853	100.0	54.2	45.8	38,055	100.0	46.8	53.2
Genitourinary system	45,405	100.0	48.9	51.1	2,922	100.0	59.8	40.2	42,483	100.0	48.1	51.9
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	422,333	100.0	34.4	65.6	7,711	100.0	48.5	51.5	414,622	100.0	34.2	65.8
Nervous system and sense organs	411,093	100.0	47.7	52.3	91,955	100.0	56.0	44.0	319,138	100.0	45.3	54.7
Respiratory system	111,481	100.0	40.8	59.2	27,146	100.0	64.2	35.8	84,335	100.0	33.2	66.8
Skin and subcu- taneous tissue	7,459	100.0	36.1	63.9	1,165	100.0	51.9	48.1	6,294	100.0	33.1	66.9
Other	98,812	100.0	55.1	44.9	89,401	100.0	55.5	44.5	9,411	100.0	51.5	48.5
Unknown	255,343	100.0	45.4	54.6	27,083	100.0	60.7	39.3	228,260	100.0	43.6	56.4

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Stella M. Coleman (410) 965-0157 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 25.
Recipients with a representative payee, by diagnostic group and age, December 2005

Diagnostic group	All ages			Under age 18			Aged 18–64		
	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee	Total	Number with payee	Percentage with payee
Total	5,119,368	2,416,121	47.2	1,036,498	1,035,651	99.9	4,082,870	1,380,470	33.8
Congenital anomalies	77,052	66,604	86.4	51,307	51,279	99.9	25,745	15,325	59.5
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	151,141	12,230	8.1	6,787	6,780	99.9	144,354	5,450	3.8
Infectious and parasitic diseases	69,595	8,592	12.3	2,437	2,434	99.9	67,158	6,158	9.2
Injuries	110,314	21,962	19.9	5,465	5,457	99.9	104,849	16,505	15.7
Mental disorders									
Retardation	1,094,164	795,165	72.7	206,412	206,230	99.9	887,752	588,935	66.3
Other	1,949,904	1,011,131	51.9	483,156	482,726	99.9	1,466,748	528,405	36.0
Neoplasms	56,388	13,251	23.5	10,107	10,086	99.8	46,281	3,165	6.8
Diseases of the—									
Blood and blood-forming organs	28,189	15,192	53.9	12,521	12,507	99.9	15,668	2,685	17.1
Circulatory system	186,787	20,203	10.8	5,070	5,063	99.9	181,717	15,140	8.3
Digestive system	43,908	8,749	19.9	5,853	5,846	99.9	38,055	2,903	7.6
Genitourinary system	45,405	5,009	11.0	2,922	2,916	99.8	42,483	2,093	4.9
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	422,333	20,853	4.9	7,711	7,694	99.8	414,622	13,159	3.2
Nervous system and sense organs	411,093	179,163	43.6	91,955	91,892	99.9	319,138	87,271	27.3
Respiratory system	111,481	31,160	28.0	27,146	27,138	100.0	84,335	4,022	4.8
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	7,459	1,505	20.2	1,165	1,165	100.0	6,294	340	5.4
Other	98,812	93,905	95.0	89,401	89,376	100.0	9,411	4,529	48.1
Unknown	255,343	111,447	43.6	27,083	27,062	99.9	228,260	84,385	37.0

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Stella M. Coleman (410) 965-0157 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Recipients Under Age 65

Table 26.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2005

State or area	Total		Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
	Number	Percent					Total	Retardation	Other	
All areas	5,119,368	100.0	1.5	3.0	1.4	2.2	59.5	21.4	38.1	1.1
Alabama	128,567	100.0	1.1	3.4	0.8	2.5	55.2	26.4	28.8	1.0
Alaska	7,962	100.0	1.8	2.4	1.1	3.1	55.1	14.7	40.4	1.3
Arizona	74,248	100.0	2.2	2.7	0.7	2.3	60.9	18.6	42.4	1.0
Arkansas	71,802	100.0	1.5	3.4	0.6	2.5	58.0	30.0	27.9	1.2
California	688,697	100.0	1.7	2.6	1.6	2.7	56.1	14.4	41.7	1.2
Colorado	41,571	100.0	2.3	2.6	1.0	2.9	53.5	18.5	35.0	1.2
Connecticut	39,651	100.0	1.2	2.9	2.4	1.8	60.7	16.8	43.9	1.0
Delaware	11,213	100.0	1.4	2.8	2.0	1.9	60.3	22.9	37.4	1.0
District of Columbia	16,938	100.0	0.6	2.2	3.5	1.9	63.6	21.6	41.9	0.8
Florida	280,778	100.0	1.6	2.7	2.3	2.4	59.8	18.7	41.1	1.4
Georgia	151,214	100.0	1.6	3.4	1.8	2.2	54.6	26.5	28.2	1.3
Hawaii	14,100	100.0	1.2	2.3	0.9	2.3	64.3	15.3	49.0	1.2
Idaho	19,031	100.0	2.1	2.5	0.5	2.2	63.7	20.1	43.6	1.0
Illinois	200,797	100.0	1.3	2.9	1.2	1.7	65.4	24.4	41.1	0.9
Indiana	86,201	100.0	1.5	3.4	0.6	1.7	64.6	28.7	35.9	1.0
Iowa	36,334	100.0	1.7	3.2	0.4	1.8	64.4	27.1	37.3	1.0
Kansas	32,665	100.0	1.8	3.6	0.5	2.2	61.9	24.7	37.3	1.0
Kentucky	146,261	100.0	1.0	2.9	0.4	1.7	64.4	25.1	39.3	0.9
Louisiana	121,101	100.0	1.3	3.4	1.0	2.2	55.0	29.4	25.6	1.1
Maine	26,601	100.0	1.2	2.8	0.4	1.9	65.2	19.4	45.8	0.9
Maryland	69,766	100.0	1.4	2.5	2.8	2.1	57.6	22.1	35.5	1.1
Massachusetts	123,674	100.0	1.2	2.0	2.0	1.8	65.0	12.9	52.1	0.9
Michigan	185,783	100.0	1.2	3.1	0.6	1.8	63.9	23.9	39.9	0.9
Minnesota	56,453	100.0	1.5	2.0	0.7	2.3	67.8	20.3	47.5	0.8
Mississippi	93,837	100.0	1.1	3.6	0.8	2.1	57.5	25.1	32.4	1.1
Missouri	97,577	100.0	1.6	3.8	0.7	2.5	58.7	24.3	34.3	1.1
Montana	12,367	100.0	2.0	2.8	0.5	3.0	55.7	20.1	35.6	1.3
Nebraska	18,477	100.0	2.4	3.3	0.7	2.6	58.0	25.0	32.9	1.2
Nevada	23,980	100.0	2.6	2.6	1.4	2.6	54.6	16.0	38.6	1.4
New Hampshire	11,851	100.0	1.8	2.1	0.5	1.7	68.8	17.5	51.3	0.8
New Jersey	101,460	100.0	1.5	2.4	2.3	2.1	56.9	18.2	38.7	1.2
New Mexico	37,986	100.0	1.9	3.2	0.6	3.4	54.9	17.7	37.2	1.1
New York	407,562	100.0	1.2	2.6	3.3	1.8	56.9	17.2	39.7	1.2
North Carolina	150,686	100.0	1.6	3.2	1.3	2.1	60.0	29.3	30.7	1.1
North Dakota	6,110	100.0	2.5	2.4	0.3	2.6	61.6	26.5	35.2	0.9
Ohio	213,881	100.0	1.3	3.1	0.6	1.4	67.6	25.7	41.9	0.9
Oklahoma	63,872	100.0	1.6	3.6	0.6	2.2	58.3	28.9	29.5	1.2
Oregon	47,608	100.0	1.5	2.8	0.7	2.6	57.8	18.0	39.9	1.1
Pennsylvania	256,661	100.0	1.2	2.8	1.2	1.8	63.5	21.8	41.7	0.9
Rhode Island	22,953	100.0	1.1	2.2	1.2	1.6	67.5	20.0	47.5	0.8
South Carolina	80,432	100.0	1.4	2.8	1.1	2.4	58.1	28.4	29.7	1.1
South Dakota	9,502	100.0	2.3	2.6	0.5	2.5	58.7	22.3	36.5	1.0
Tennessee	125,339	100.0	1.3	2.7	0.7	2.0	61.3	27.5	33.8	1.1
Texas	339,240	100.0	2.1	4.1	1.3	2.5	52.2	17.7	34.5	1.5
Utah	18,662	100.0	3.4	2.4	0.4	2.1	59.7	23.0	36.8	1.0

(Continued)

Table 26.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2005—Continued

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circulatory system	Digestive system	Genito-urinary system	Musculo-skeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respiratory system	Skin and subcutaneous tissue		
All areas	0.6	3.6	0.9	0.9	8.2	8.0	2.2	0.1	1.9	5.0
Alabama	0.9	4.3	0.9	0.9	9.2	8.0	3.2	0.2	3.5	5.0
Alaska	0.2	3.1	1.3	0.5	12.1	9.8	1.5	0.2	2.1	4.4
Arizona	0.3	2.7	0.9	1.0	8.5	9.0	1.8	0.1	2.6	3.4
Arkansas	0.6	4.2	1.0	0.7	9.7	8.4	2.3	0.2	2.2	3.5
California	0.3	3.8	1.1	1.1	10.4	9.0	1.6	0.1	1.5	5.2
Colorado	0.2	2.6	1.2	0.9	10.6	11.7	2.1	0.2	2.2	4.7
Connecticut	0.5	3.2	0.8	0.8	7.4	7.8	2.1	0.2	1.5	5.7
Delaware	0.7	2.9	0.8	1.0	8.3	7.8	2.5	0.1	2.1	4.4
District of Columbia	0.9	3.2	0.6	1.7	6.0	6.5	1.7	0.1	1.7	5.0
Florida	0.8	3.9	1.0	0.9	6.4	7.2	2.3	0.2	1.8	5.3
Georgia	1.1	4.6	0.9	1.2	7.5	8.2	2.6	0.2	2.6	6.1
Hawaii	0.2	3.9	0.8	1.3	7.5	7.6	1.7	0.2	1.3	3.5
Idaho	0.1	2.3	0.8	0.5	7.6	9.5	1.3	0.1	1.6	4.2
Illinois	0.6	3.1	0.6	0.9	5.3	7.4	2.2	0.1	2.0	4.4
Indiana	0.4	2.9	0.8	0.7	5.9	8.3	2.2	0.1	1.5	4.4
Iowa	0.3	2.4	0.7	0.6	7.7	8.9	1.9	0.1	1.9	3.2
Kansas	0.4	2.6	0.8	0.7	7.5	9.3	2.1	0.1	1.8	3.5
Kentucky	0.2	3.4	0.7	0.5	8.7	6.4	2.8	0.1	1.7	4.1
Louisiana	1.0	5.5	0.8	1.1	8.9	8.2	2.4	0.3	2.5	5.5
Maine	0.1	2.6	0.7	0.4	10.4	6.5	1.7	0.2	0.9	4.2
Maryland	0.9	4.0	0.8	1.2	6.1	8.2	2.0	0.1	2.2	6.9
Massachusetts	0.3	2.5	0.7	0.5	7.8	7.4	2.0	0.1	1.1	4.8
Michigan	0.5	3.4	0.6	0.8	6.8	7.4	2.0	0.2	1.8	5.1
Minnesota	0.3	2.1	0.6	0.7	5.6	8.7	1.1	0.1	2.7	2.9
Mississippi	1.1	4.9	0.6	0.9	6.4	7.4	2.8	0.2	3.7	5.9
Missouri	0.6	3.3	0.9	0.8	9.0	7.9	2.3	0.2	1.8	5.0
Montana	0.1	2.5	1.3	0.8	11.6	10.7	2.2	0.1	1.9	3.5
Nebraska	0.4	3.0	1.1	0.8	8.8	10.3	1.9	0.1	1.8	3.7
Nevada	0.6	3.7	1.2	1.0	9.3	9.6	2.3	0.2	2.4	4.7
New Hampshire	0.1	2.1	0.6	0.3	6.4	8.4	1.5	0	1.3	3.3
New Jersey	0.7	4.1	0.8	1.1	7.8	8.8	3.0	0.1	3.2	4.1
New Mexico	0.2	2.8	1.3	1.1	12.2	9.4	1.9	0.2	1.7	4.1
New York	0.6	4.5	0.7	0.8	9.1	7.2	2.8	0.1	1.2	6.0
North Carolina	0.7	3.8	0.9	0.9	7.5	7.3	2.4	0.2	2.1	5.1
North Dakota	0.1	3.3	0.9	0.7	8.1	10.9	1.4	0.1	1.7	2.5
Ohio	0.5	2.6	0.6	0.7	5.2	6.6	1.9	0.1	1.5	5.6
Oklahoma	0.4	3.8	0.9	0.7	9.3	9.3	2.6	0.2	1.9	3.5
Oregon	0.2	2.7	1.1	0.6	10.2	9.9	1.8	0.1	2.7	4.1
Pennsylvania	0.4	3.2	0.8	0.7	8.1	6.5	2.2	0.1	1.3	5.5
Rhode Island	0.3	2.6	0.7	0.5	7.1	6.2	1.9	0.2	1.4	4.5
South Carolina	1.3	4.3	0.8	1.1	7.0	8.1	2.9	0.2	2.5	4.8
South Dakota	0.2	2.5	1.2	1.0	10.1	11.1	2.3	0.1	1.6	2.3
Tennessee	0.5	3.5	0.8	0.8	8.1	6.8	2.3	0.1	2.1	6.1
Texas	0.6	4.7	1.2	1.3	10.0	10.0	1.8	0.1	2.8	3.9
Utah	0.1	1.7	0.9	0.9	6.5	11.4	1.6	0.1	2.7	5.0

(Continued)

Recipients Under Age 65

Table 26.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2005—Continued

State or area	Total		Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
	Number	Percent					Total	Retardation	Other	
Vermont	10,625	100.0	1.5	2.9	0.6	1.9	65.0	18.1	46.9	0.8
Virginia	101,933	100.0	1.5	2.8	1.0	1.9	60.1	26.5	33.7	1.2
Washington	89,114	100.0	1.7	2.7	0.8	2.1	61.7	16.4	45.3	1.0
West Virginia	64,481	100.0	0.9	3.8	0.4	2.2	61.1	30.4	30.6	0.9
Wisconsin	76,257	100.0	2.2	2.8	0.6	1.9	63.6	22.9	40.7	0.9
Wyoming	4,923	100.0	2.0	2.2	0.5	2.8	58.3	22.0	36.3	1.1
Outlying area										
Northern Mariana Islands	584	100.0	4.1	1.7	0.9	2.6	38.7	13.4	25.3	1.2

(Continued)

Table 26.
Percentage distribution, by state or other area and diagnostic group, December 2005—Continued

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circulatory system	Digestive system	Genitourinary system	Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respiratory system	Skin and subcutaneous tissue		
Vermont	0.1	2.0	0.8	0.3	9.4	7.5	1.8	0.1	0.8	4.3
Virginia	0.7	3.7	0.8	1.1	8.0	7.6	2.2	0.1	1.9	5.4
Washington	0.3	2.4	1.1	0.6	8.8	8.3	1.7	0.1	1.9	4.7
West Virginia	0.1	3.6	0.8	0.4	8.9	6.4	2.8	0.2	1.1	6.4
Wisconsin	0.5	2.4	0.8	0.7	6.3	9.1	1.5	0.1	2.2	4.3
Wyoming	0.1	2.8	1.0	0.4	9.8	11.4	2.7	0.2	1.9	2.8
Outlying area										
Northern Mariana Islands	0.9	4.6	0.2	4.3	7.5	19.7	2.6	1.5	7.4	2.2

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Stella M. Coleman (410) 965-0157 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Recipients Under Age 65

Table 27.
Average monthly payment, by state or other area and diagnostic group,
December 2005 (in dollars)

State or area	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
All areas	469.27	506.94	439.64	461.97	433.39	479.58	467.07	486.60	445.00
Alabama	430.91	488.86	392.18	385.16	387.33	448.79	457.77	440.58	400.84
Alaska	435.74	467.84	436.47	439.64	423.59	436.79	424.15	441.38	429.18
Arizona	450.33	495.40	425.76	409.70	410.40	457.49	462.45	455.32	438.99
Arkansas	425.49	487.08	391.42	377.34	385.65	447.28	448.80	445.65	402.10
California	607.97	624.88	569.02	557.56	565.36	625.46	626.74	625.02	552.60
Colorado	420.51	477.37	407.79	373.13	382.81	427.95	427.99	427.93	415.43
Connecticut	440.15	480.17	441.58	459.72	395.60	439.47	425.71	444.75	424.33
Delaware	432.91	471.76	396.66	403.28	387.67	442.42	436.54	446.02	439.59
District of Columbia	476.91	461.45	438.47	464.16	449.42	485.64	449.96	504.05	449.91
Florida	443.02	478.73	404.42	419.85	391.44	457.48	454.28	458.93	416.71
Georgia	432.60	485.28	400.74	412.05	393.31	446.16	450.61	441.97	418.30
Hawaii	480.27	464.06	445.24	416.81	450.06	489.89	493.02	488.91	439.25
Idaho	420.82	480.63	397.07	392.10	388.54	426.73	418.76	430.40	423.30
Illinois	463.47	490.11	454.88	452.85	432.15	470.69	467.54	472.56	445.28
Indiana	434.36	480.82	411.76	389.10	392.86	444.02	445.04	443.21	416.26
Iowa	412.16	455.38	406.50	381.44	384.24	419.61	406.22	429.35	387.30
Kansas	424.02	473.46	405.09	353.74	379.84	430.96	423.38	435.98	414.40
Kentucky	442.08	484.60	415.77	367.93	389.69	457.66	460.39	455.92	402.91
Louisiana	446.97	491.13	429.33	421.33	411.28	463.96	459.22	469.40	427.24
Maine	408.64	456.70	404.67	389.18	374.73	414.01	404.70	417.95	404.44
Maryland	452.54	472.71	440.02	446.68	411.18	460.84	458.37	462.38	449.33
Massachusetts	473.88	501.56	468.87	495.44	435.68	474.76	448.01	481.37	471.06
Michigan	459.89	492.38	444.64	414.16	433.24	468.48	469.74	467.72	435.49
Minnesota	432.49	474.75	423.80	431.43	413.05	433.34	417.41	440.15	428.21
Mississippi	434.65	484.80	402.13	385.64	391.83	448.32	443.49	452.05	410.32
Missouri	428.87	481.28	399.49	377.27	393.28	439.07	436.24	441.08	418.56
Montana	420.41	477.26	393.73	333.87	406.53	424.94	419.45	428.05	402.15
Nebraska	407.17	472.41	410.43	379.38	357.37	413.47	413.73	413.28	403.56
Nevada	440.46	482.27	399.79	402.59	391.04	451.72	450.98	452.03	415.05
New Hampshire	407.29	452.94	375.58	368.79	378.71	408.84	392.03	414.59	426.51
New Jersey	455.76	475.56	447.07	452.66	410.16	462.79	453.87	467.00	427.43
New Mexico	437.72	489.92	421.54	407.07	405.61	450.21	445.39	452.51	428.83
New York	505.85	521.51	485.93	518.04	462.95	516.05	493.21	525.92	470.17
North Carolina	417.82	471.46	384.31	381.08	378.30	429.96	425.90	433.82	406.76
North Dakota	386.07	444.72	424.17	406.58	386.98	382.14	354.45	402.99	416.21
Ohio	453.64	475.94	444.38	409.11	396.92	461.97	460.01	463.17	427.53
Oklahoma	434.63	490.54	403.16	395.39	399.92	448.23	453.79	442.79	417.14
Oregon	434.61	474.71	406.47	373.93	416.58	439.14	438.82	439.28	437.24
Pennsylvania	463.58	483.22	442.37	454.58	427.21	473.73	458.56	481.67	434.23
Rhode Island	473.60	543.93	462.45	462.54	424.77	480.00	480.14	479.94	428.22
South Carolina	426.11	476.52	397.82	404.12	388.49	437.74	439.23	436.32	400.40
South Dakota	407.69	433.81	426.99	332.17	403.58	408.36	386.93	421.44	361.69
Tennessee	431.37	482.53	398.56	399.75	383.70	444.91	451.97	439.18	416.31
Texas	433.18	493.55	399.51	421.80	395.72	449.09	431.59	458.09	413.32
Utah	422.69	478.57	407.27	427.46	393.52	422.40	420.84	423.37	413.56

(Continued)

Table 27.
Average monthly payment, by state or other area and diagnostic group,
December 2005 (in dollars)—Continued

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circulatory system	Digestive system	Genitourinary system	Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respiratory system	Skin and subcutaneous tissue		
All areas	493.94	430.21	459.98	444.66	427.98	461.27	464.61	450.45	495.57	480.28
Alabama	477.66	373.83	426.18	389.42	355.23	423.57	446.15	421.01	502.08	421.99
Alaska	400.88	407.43	436.13	440.71	421.42	444.97	404.25	385.43	419.32	479.49
Arizona	469.89	421.90	442.82	422.62	409.53	447.18	447.85	425.46	503.49	454.66
Arkansas	478.75	369.56	408.97	396.00	351.07	409.72	395.84	410.11	501.29	398.25
California	630.20	563.10	578.95	554.52	556.44	597.34	600.97	578.88	602.13	657.83
Colorado	457.99	397.44	434.69	390.78	386.34	421.70	413.23	402.94	367.61	464.48
Connecticut	486.37	422.48	439.43	447.00	425.94	430.88	467.94	434.98	482.06	462.36
Delaware	431.87	390.02	415.05	414.27	391.31	443.60	436.49	448.75	475.25	417.37
District of Columbia	494.91	445.91	485.37	450.55	453.59	465.25	476.73	447.88	456.33	483.40
Florida	479.52	395.23	424.21	412.87	384.01	431.70	437.22	402.61	458.31	451.95
Georgia	468.44	384.60	421.29	407.38	370.11	436.15	430.10	413.30	475.30	430.24
Hawaii	500.88	441.69	467.41	452.83	463.68	469.20	458.55	509.71	451.62	514.02
Idaho	406.38	385.11	452.86	435.73	379.11	404.73	390.44	430.44	477.52	447.19
Illinois	495.98	429.99	432.98	451.12	427.16	444.99	467.88	442.76	490.39	458.22
Indiana	484.45	388.09	419.00	418.03	378.17	417.18	420.98	412.48	493.62	444.73
Iowa	439.00	388.80	425.19	377.40	388.11	393.40	412.01	424.35	447.53	379.75
Kansas	508.68	390.14	416.89	406.42	375.94	430.48	387.44	444.55	471.03	439.75
Kentucky	466.54	383.33	414.60	407.63	382.95	433.00	430.20	435.11	504.35	420.92
Louisiana	486.70	400.00	422.21	409.44	398.88	434.57	455.29	434.27	503.94	416.36
Maine	403.24	391.20	381.82	419.16	371.85	409.87	409.78	375.87	473.21	423.85
Maryland	470.71	418.88	444.97	435.07	416.71	442.48	454.82	421.23	432.24	470.16
Massachusetts	490.86	449.84	475.07	465.45	442.19	473.30	490.89	467.34	502.28	514.47
Michigan	498.06	424.45	440.26	446.84	412.00	452.13	453.68	445.97	506.85	457.11
Minnesota	477.84	408.17	448.81	433.18	410.43	431.10	441.93	413.93	479.88	422.19
Mississippi	488.49	380.24	413.67	398.53	363.87	423.68	450.62	415.45	501.40	421.08
Missouri	475.55	387.87	417.40	411.89	378.02	427.93	412.32	425.68	483.30	447.20
Montana	394.88	395.12	433.09	373.80	402.51	422.49	424.03	413.94	475.01	417.10
Nebraska	466.03	375.77	394.54	385.66	361.64	416.84	398.96	444.52	456.91	390.81
Nevada	455.35	399.69	433.32	413.35	390.25	453.11	431.50	409.18	447.37	467.48
New Hampshire	416.43	385.77	387.59	406.75	378.15	411.41	400.60	187.60	458.90	436.50
New Jersey	488.58	424.58	437.13	441.30	425.90	442.43	481.15	472.60	486.72	463.70
New Mexico	455.88	389.21	439.54	417.72	391.75	434.28	442.44	411.55	495.37	449.67
New York	516.92	480.91	487.98	479.90	469.92	483.96	520.51	505.41	512.12	523.12
North Carolina	461.36	373.18	420.13	392.86	360.49	412.23	416.77	397.20	462.06	412.50
North Dakota	339.00	390.00	373.12	397.73	403.02	372.77	419.98	405.00	384.38	359.91
Ohio	481.62	408.64	449.70	422.92	416.18	432.89	440.61	451.90	492.25	452.32
Oklahoma	484.20	386.10	445.31	413.40	386.03	435.86	417.38	418.75	488.26	405.15
Oregon	467.10	415.10	432.39	407.04	403.41	431.12	412.06	433.17	490.19	470.85
Pennsylvania	488.06	430.00	442.19	447.09	426.43	434.90	466.66	452.74	488.52	474.74
Rhode Island	492.05	441.02	484.35	412.44	428.29	456.78	487.05	408.36	537.81	488.79
South Carolina	464.85	381.66	426.82	413.31	370.49	424.84	437.55	411.84	473.23	400.51
South Dakota	385.00	381.08	452.28	435.15	390.77	406.07	442.83	326.77	454.58	401.58
Tennessee	484.21	372.46	427.28	410.93	372.73	424.31	412.71	384.54	482.15	428.21
Texas	472.97	391.91	429.93	405.34	383.24	430.70	431.26	423.48	477.92	413.27
Utah	436.70	381.33	440.86	424.62	392.92	430.74	419.69	460.88	443.18	426.66

(Continued)

Recipients Under Age 65

Table 27.
Average monthly payment, by state or other area and diagnostic group,
December 2005 (in dollars)—Continued

State or area	Total	Congenital anomalies	Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	Infectious and parasitic diseases	Injuries	Mental disorders			Neoplasms
						Total	Retardation	Other	
Vermont	432.59	466.24	447.24	336.02	373.27	443.09	415.53	453.73	469.53
Virginia	424.82	470.19	395.07	398.00	382.14	436.66	430.41	441.58	410.44
Washington	451.49	487.90	426.64	411.75	419.22	455.17	447.33	458.01	437.70
West Virginia	443.19	474.78	414.55	375.32	415.60	457.83	456.21	459.43	394.98
Wisconsin	428.67	479.60	419.85	408.47	401.70	433.95	431.22	435.48	425.52
Wyoming	408.44	468.32	398.34	344.20	392.46	409.24	393.03	419.08	429.85
Outlying area									
Northern Mariana Islands	494.92	535.96	442.40	504.40	473.00	502.25	511.35	497.46	494.71

(Continued)

Table 27.
Average monthly payment, by state or other area and diagnostic group,
December 2005 (in dollars)—Continued

State or area	Diseases of the—								Other	Unknown
	Blood and blood-forming organs	Circulatory system	Digestive system	Genitourinary system	Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	Nervous system and sense organs	Respiratory system	Skin and subcutaneous tissue		
Vermont	446.00	392.90	466.04	407.17	379.89	425.25	404.83	491.42	521.78	420.25
Virginia	457.69	392.51	412.39	401.31	377.58	417.88	421.49	410.47	448.57	416.12
Washington	458.58	422.24	456.53	436.68	431.18	447.89	450.21	453.67	470.16	482.22
West Virginia	464.43	396.37	421.91	421.09	397.44	431.73	427.78	419.46	480.25	441.29
Wisconsin	477.77	395.94	430.46	399.27	380.02	423.00	432.44	439.84	475.14	419.73
Wyoming	554.20	378.79	429.87	315.45	376.93	421.57	408.13	344.63	464.23	432.46
Outlying area										
Northern Mariana Islands	477.60	413.56	579.00	519.67	483.64	492.67	510.67	371.44	539.65	456.23

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Stella M. Coleman (410) 965-0157 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Recipients Who Work

Table 28.
By selected months, 1976–2005

Month	All blind and disabled recipients ^a	Blind and disabled recipients who work			Total as a percentage of all blind and disabled recipients
		Total	Receiving SSI ^b	Section 1619(b) participants	
December					
1976	2,088,242	70,719	70,719	...	3.4
1977	2,186,771	83,697	83,697	...	3.8
1978	2,249,025	87,697	87,697	...	3.9
1979	2,277,859	92,270	92,270	...	4.1
1980	2,334,241	99,276	99,276	...	4.3
1981	2,340,785	102,632	102,632	...	4.4
1982	2,314,364	107,803	102,288	5,515	4.7
1983	2,391,262	113,899	108,734	5,165	4.8
1984	2,499,046	--	--	--	--
1985	2,633,552	--	--	--	--
1986	2,795,756	--	--	--	--
1987	2,945,244	172,855	157,223	15,632	5.9
1988	3,046,074	189,144	173,519	15,625	6.2
1989	3,172,270	205,837	187,583	18,254	6.5
1990	3,386,603	219,932	196,415	23,517	6.5
1991	3,681,050	229,619	202,355	27,264	6.2
1992	4,126,816	248,917	217,268	31,649	6.0
1993	4,544,777	265,649	230,350	35,299	5.8
1994	4,870,564	282,476	241,793	40,683	5.8
1995	5,115,014	298,635	251,633	47,002	5.8
1996	5,252,991	308,300	256,395	51,905	5.9
1997	5,189,724	319,855	262,766	57,089	6.2
1998	5,293,829	326,475	266,933	59,542	6.2
1999	5,317,861	340,618	271,353	69,265	6.4
2000	5,395,935	360,427	276,855	83,572	6.7
2001	5,500,481	346,110	269,655	76,455	6.3
2002	5,618,506	340,910	258,733	82,177	6.1
2003	5,740,683	323,682	252,585	71,097	5.6
2004	5,850,359	328,204	254,523	73,681	5.6
2005	5,977,788	336,570	258,365	78,205	5.6
2003					
March	5,657,353	334,378	259,820	74,558	5.9
June	5,705,871	329,740	257,724	72,016	5.8
September	5,749,384	329,195	255,619	73,576	5.7
December	5,740,683	323,682	252,585	71,097	5.6
2004					
March	5,796,837	321,030	251,498	69,532	5.5
June	5,834,265	323,624	250,726	72,898	5.5
September	5,869,004	328,831	253,174	75,657	5.6
December	5,850,359	328,204	254,523	73,681	5.6

(Continued)

Recipients Who Work

Table 28.
By selected months, 1976–2005—Continued

Month	All blind and disabled recipients ^a	Blind and disabled recipients who work			Total as a percentage of all blind and disabled recipients
		Total	Receiving SSI ^b	Section 1619(b) participants	
2005					
March	5,919,765	325,357	251,110	74,247	5.5
June	5,946,966	333,089	253,721	79,368	5.6
September	5,966,290	337,325	257,191	80,134	5.7
December	5,977,788	336,570	258,365	78,205	5.6

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

NOTE: . . . = not applicable; -- = not available.

a. Includes section 1619(b) participants.

b. Includes section 1619(a) participants.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 29.
Recipients participating in section 1619(a) or section 1619(b), selected months, 1982–2005

Month	Section 1619(a)		Section 1619(b) ^a	
	Number	Percentage change from prior period	Number	Percentage change from prior period
December				
1982	287	...	5,515	...
1983	392	36.6	5,165	-6.3
1984	--	--	--	--
1985	--	--	--	--
1986	--	--	--	--
1987	14,559	...	15,632	...
1988	19,920	36.8	15,625	0
1989	25,655	28.8	18,254	16.8
1990	13,994	-45.5	23,517	28.8
1991	15,531	11.0	27,264	15.9
1992	17,603	13.3	31,649	16.1
1993	20,028	13.8	35,299	11.5
1994	24,315	21.4	40,683	15.3
1995	28,060	15.4	47,002	15.5
1996	31,085	10.8	51,905	10.4
1997	34,673	11.5	57,089	10.0
1998	37,271	7.5	59,542	4.3
1999	25,528	-31.5	69,265	16.3
2000	27,542	7.9	83,572	20.7
2001	22,100	-19.8	76,455	-8.5
2002	17,271	-21.9	82,177	7.5
2003	17,132	-0.8	71,097	-13.5
2004	17,114	-0.1	73,681	3.6
2005	17,621	3.0	78,205	6.1
2003				
March	16,771	-2.9	74,558	-9.3
June	16,539	-1.4	72,016	-3.4
September	16,562	0.1	73,576	2.2
December	17,132	3.4	71,097	-3.4
2004				
March	16,879	-1.5	69,532	-2.2
June	16,587	-1.7	72,898	4.8
September	16,892	1.8	75,657	3.8
December	17,114	1.3	73,681	-2.6
2005				
March	17,082	-0.2	74,247	0.8
June	17,655	3.4	79,368	6.9
September	17,874	1.2	80,134	1.0
December	17,621	-1.4	78,205	-2.4

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

NOTES: When the substantial gainful activity (SGA) level is periodically raised, SSI recipients with earnings below the increased SGA level become eligible for regular SSI benefits rather than the special cash payments under section 1619(a). This can lead to decreases in the number of 1619(a) participants.

... = not applicable; -- = not available.

a. Includes blind participants. Of the 78,205 participants in December 2005, 1,228 were blind.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Recipients Who Work

Table 30.
By state or other area, December 2005

State or area	Total	Section 1619(a) participants	Section 1619(b) participants	Other blind and disabled recipients who work
All areas	336,570	17,621	78,205	240,744
Alabama	4,059	290	1,002	2,767
Alaska	597	25	186	386
Arizona	3,919	260	1,126	2,533
Arkansas	3,700	147	785	2,768
California	44,807	3,970	8,254	32,583
Colorado	4,016	171	848	2,997
Connecticut	3,825	135	1,051	2,639
Delaware	890	43	251	596
District of Columbia	720	68	251	401
Florida	12,752	865	3,836	8,051
Georgia	7,145	332	1,640	5,173
Hawaii	893	62	272	559
Idaho	1,892	95	520	1,277
Illinois	13,534	753	3,044	9,737
Indiana	5,755	229	1,462	4,064
Iowa	6,690	177	1,496	5,017
Kansas	4,101	128	949	3,024
Kentucky	4,749	275	1,150	3,324
Louisiana	5,271	329	1,370	3,572
Maine	2,160	98	636	1,426
Maryland	6,032	305	1,429	4,298
Massachusetts	9,505	601	2,957	5,947
Michigan	13,526	535	3,042	9,949
Minnesota	9,976	261	2,215	7,500
Mississippi	3,088	208	805	2,075
Missouri	7,299	260	1,774	5,265
Montana	1,805	48	405	1,352
Nebraska	3,046	95	590	2,361
Nevada	1,689	95	428	1,166
New Hampshire	1,283	45	367	871
New Jersey	7,683	315	1,868	5,500
New Mexico	2,259	114	626	1,519
New York	30,609	1,585	6,731	22,293
North Carolina	8,202	323	1,792	6,087
North Dakota	1,346	29	330	987
Ohio	16,792	602	3,120	13,070
Oklahoma	3,971	150	798	3,023
Oregon	4,064	129	1,005	2,930
Pennsylvania	15,472	745	3,844	10,883
Rhode Island	1,683	77	402	1,204
South Carolina	4,883	171	879	3,833
South Dakota	2,061	52	457	1,552
Tennessee	5,210	237	1,182	3,791
Texas	14,113	705	3,559	9,849
Utah	2,263	81	519	1,663

(Continued)

Table 30.
By state or other area, December 2005—Continued

State or area	Total	Section 1619(a) participants	Section 1619(b) participants	Other blind and disabled recipients who work
Vermont	1,157	64	379	714
Virginia	6,852	362	1,700	4,790
Washington	6,042	481	1,902	3,659
West Virginia	2,166	141	549	1,476
Wisconsin	10,171	319	2,199	7,653
Wyoming	836	31	220	585
Outlying area				
Northern Mariana Islands	11	3	3	5

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Recipients Who Work

Table 31.
Recipients benefiting from specified work incentives, by state or other area, December 2005

State or area	Plans for achieving self-support (PASS) ^a	Impairment-related work expenses (IRWE)	Blind work expenses (BWE)
All areas	1,582	6,310	2,552
Alabama	25	159	26
Alaska	7	4	b
Arizona	15	72	29
Arkansas	27	58	20
California	414	475	397
Colorado	17	27	30
Connecticut	9	130	23
Delaware	0	29	9
District of Columbia	0	b	4
Florida	35	352	99
Georgia	27	206	50
Hawaii	9	10	10
Idaho	28	10	b
Illinois	31	210	55
Indiana	16	105	44
Iowa	33	51	58
Kansas	20	329	28
Kentucky	63	89	38
Louisiana	b	110	34
Maine	38	30	12
Maryland	26	181	38
Massachusetts	80	168	212
Michigan	41	113	87
Minnesota	35	106	49
Mississippi	8	30	32
Missouri	20	134	38
Montana	24	8	9
Nebraska	20	22	10
Nevada	6	24	14
New Hampshire	10	22	8
New Jersey	3	198	47
New Mexico	4	61	13
New York	80	479	202
North Carolina	69	329	111
North Dakota	3	8	3
Ohio	35	110	89
Oklahoma	7	79	20
Oregon	27	36	30
Pennsylvania	19	289	103
Rhode Island	8	11	9
South Carolina	16	66	30
South Dakota	12	13	5
Tennessee	19	121	36
Texas	24	306	177
Utah	3	46	13

(Continued)

Table 31.
Recipients benefiting from specified work incentives, by state or other area, December 2005—Continued

State or area	Plans for achieving self-support (PASS) ^a	Impairment-related work expenses (IRWE)	Blind work expenses (BWE)
Vermont	27	7	4
Virginia	14	482	62
Washington	41	104	42
West Virginia	8	31	16
Wisconsin	75	265	72
Wyoming	b	4	b
Outlying area			
Northern Mariana Islands	b	b	b

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 100 percent data.

a. Includes 400 persons with a PASS that excludes only resources.

b. Data are not shown to avoid disclosure of information for particular individuals.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Applications

Table 32.
All applications, by age of applicant, 1973–2005

Year	All ages ^a	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
Total	57,066,760	8,079,720	39,150,830	9,836,210
State conversions ^b	3,406,600	3,650	1,424,010	1,978,940
Federal applications				
1973	284,930	5,030	82,820	197,080
1974	2,060,590	124,300	1,096,130	840,160
1975	1,467,960	100,030	976,840	391,090
1976	1,212,810	84,360	866,720	261,730
1977	1,272,360	95,610	904,150	272,600
1978	1,268,170	99,460	905,340	263,370
1979	1,325,270	108,000	950,980	266,290
1980	1,410,080	113,200	1,016,750	280,130
1981	1,149,290	95,010	863,670	190,610
1982	1,016,080	94,680	775,240	146,160
1983	1,132,220	101,560	832,540	198,120
1984	1,264,480	104,860	866,420	293,200
1985	1,401,400	120,640	1,047,930	232,830
1986	1,465,970	125,270	1,099,220	241,480
1987	1,433,340	124,910	1,068,890	239,540
1988	1,360,870	125,280	1,008,200	227,390
1989	1,392,660	132,080	1,016,430	244,150
1990	1,550,990	163,610	1,136,160	251,220
1991	1,808,690	247,460	1,315,160	246,070
1992	2,086,820	380,350	1,460,520	245,950
1993	2,308,770	503,800	1,567,730	237,240
1994	2,256,640	541,150	1,512,310	203,180
1995	2,062,590	502,940	1,380,090	179,560
1996	1,915,520	462,710	1,285,630	167,180
1997	1,594,630	332,940	1,130,410	131,280
1998	1,626,210	337,300	1,141,180	147,730
1999	1,658,400	350,070	1,148,740	159,590
2000	1,742,630	358,800	1,224,540	159,290
2001	1,859,990	376,170	1,323,020	160,800
2002	2,084,730	413,330	1,492,740	178,660
2003	2,230,540	436,230	1,616,440	177,870
2004	2,414,720	455,080	1,769,740	189,900
2005	2,539,810	459,850	1,844,140	235,820

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 10 percent sample.

a. Totals include applications taken under the abbreviated application process, which was used from 1987 to 1999. Totals do not include reapplications as a result of the *Sullivan v. Zebley* decision. These reapplications were received from 1991 to 1995.

b. Persons who were converted in 1973 from the state Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled programs to the SSI program.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Applications

Table 33.
Applications for children under age 18, by selected characteristics, 1997–2005

Characteristic	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total ^a	332,940	337,300	350,070	358,800	376,170	413,330	436,230	455,080	459,850
Age									
Under 5	122,280	121,410	124,030	124,520	131,730	141,190	145,730	148,800	154,600
5–12	154,110	159,630	166,880	172,420	178,790	195,760	208,490	214,580	212,380
13–17	56,550	56,260	59,160	61,860	65,650	76,380	82,010	91,700	92,870
Sex									
Male	207,840	209,590	219,700	224,270	233,730	257,880	273,230	287,220	289,520
Female	125,100	127,710	130,370	134,530	142,440	155,450	163,000	167,860	170,330
Citizenship status									
Citizen	331,530	335,140	347,760	356,730	374,060	411,120	434,370	452,920	457,790
Noncitizen	1,410	2,160	2,310	2,070	2,110	2,210	1,860	2,160	2,060
SSA administrative region									
Boston	11,450	11,800	11,630	12,510	11,810	13,010	13,200	14,380	15,560
New York	35,500	35,110	33,640	33,270	33,980	35,430	36,070	38,620	38,220
Philadelphia	33,140	33,830	35,560	34,860	37,720	41,100	43,130	44,770	47,400
Atlanta	85,550	86,950	91,330	98,260	105,210	115,970	119,010	119,890	119,560
Chicago	62,870	63,310	64,880	67,130	69,550	76,090	83,350	84,100	83,570
Dallas	46,030	44,500	48,470	48,950	50,900	58,660	66,000	74,770	74,660
Kansas City	15,000	14,890	16,040	14,280	15,570	16,930	16,180	17,000	17,550
Denver	6,660	5,980	5,950	6,110	6,190	6,660	7,220	7,420	7,390
San Francisco	29,950	33,050	34,120	34,270	35,720	39,140	41,740	43,570	44,750
Seattle	6,540	7,650	8,300	9,040	9,380	10,260	10,240	10,480	11,070
Unknown	250	230	150	120	140	80	90	80	120

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 10 percent sample.

a. Totals include applications taken under the abbreviated application process, which was used from 1987 to 1999.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 34.
Applications for adults aged 18–64, by selected characteristics, 1997–2005

Characteristic	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total ^a	1,130,410	1,141,180	1,148,740	1,224,540	1,323,020	1,492,740	1,616,440	1,769,740	1,844,140
Age									
18–21	80,090	80,920	84,520	88,570	100,860	110,930	116,220	124,200	122,070
22–29	137,950	135,000	130,390	136,900	147,580	169,870	182,500	198,950	203,660
30–39	279,870	272,260	265,820	271,980	282,170	308,820	317,400	330,910	320,360
40–49	312,200	318,350	327,880	356,800	387,270	439,250	474,740	519,500	532,220
50–59	252,320	259,970	264,660	290,360	320,390	367,860	416,860	468,870	516,120
60–64	67,980	74,680	75,470	79,930	84,750	96,010	108,720	127,310	149,710
Sex									
Men	550,960	550,360	551,620	591,580	643,540	733,980	797,690	870,330	908,850
Women	579,450	590,820	597,120	632,960	679,480	758,760	818,750	899,410	935,290
Citizenship status									
Citizen	1,088,560	1,071,380	1,077,840	1,155,200	1,252,960	1,419,220	1,542,720	1,695,150	1,768,250
Noncitizen	41,850	69,800	70,900	69,340	70,060	73,520	73,720	74,590	75,890
SSA administrative region									
Boston	51,440	49,710	48,660	48,640	52,510	56,290	64,840	70,680	85,150
New York	113,410	113,010	109,720	108,600	118,010	122,190	122,470	127,750	128,980
Philadelphia	109,790	109,940	111,800	115,410	125,330	141,400	155,980	171,640	179,630
Atlanta	283,700	283,130	284,450	315,360	341,060	378,350	398,060	424,460	441,240
Chicago	169,170	169,140	168,610	188,600	208,580	243,720	272,570	299,480	311,780
Dallas	140,000	141,490	146,920	158,610	172,400	203,390	225,520	256,580	258,850
Kansas City	55,450	52,280	54,230	59,350	64,640	73,510	77,320	83,980	84,470
Denver	25,110	24,890	25,000	27,020	28,670	32,580	35,960	42,790	45,610
San Francisco	146,370	159,830	158,750	157,690	163,670	188,260	206,850	226,750	238,260
Seattle	35,050	36,800	39,850	44,420	47,170	51,860	55,500	63,920	68,850
Unknown	920	960	750	840	980	1,190	1,370	1,710	1,320

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 10 percent sample.

a. Totals include applications taken under the abbreviated application process, which was used from 1987 to 1999.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Applications

Table 35.
Applications for adults aged 65 or older, by selected characteristics, 1997–2005

Characteristic	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total ^a	131,280	147,730	159,590	159,290	160,800	178,660	177,870	189,900	235,820
Age									
65–69	74,540	81,600	87,720	87,310	88,290	95,280	95,970	100,660	121,990
70–74	23,900	28,860	31,820	32,040	33,070	39,080	37,890	41,940	51,010
75 or older	32,840	37,270	40,050	39,940	39,440	44,300	44,010	47,300	62,820
Sex									
Men	47,300	54,420	59,870	60,070	60,800	69,090	69,380	74,900	91,590
Women	83,980	93,310	99,720	99,220	100,000	109,570	108,490	115,000	144,230
Citizenship status									
Citizen	104,950	98,940	106,730	109,440	109,010	116,770	118,630	127,040	162,030
Noncitizen	26,330	48,790	52,860	49,850	51,790	61,890	59,240	62,860	73,790
SSA administrative region									
Boston	5,480	6,250	6,280	6,090	5,940	6,090	6,910	7,330	12,650
New York	17,740	21,320	22,300	22,720	24,200	25,800	25,300	26,100	46,930
Philadelphia	9,310	10,510	11,890	11,620	11,010	11,280	11,290	11,060	12,040
Atlanta	29,800	30,340	32,130	31,580	31,100	35,680	32,660	34,330	41,170
Chicago	10,030	11,190	12,260	12,690	12,380	12,120	13,050	14,000	17,610
Dallas	17,110	18,220	19,830	19,520	21,250	23,400	22,770	24,290	25,220
Kansas City	3,140	2,990	2,880	3,380	2,990	2,940	2,950	3,010	3,250
Denver	2,060	2,080	2,370	2,550	2,360	2,620	2,780	3,050	3,400
San Francisco	33,810	41,450	45,550	45,090	45,760	54,880	55,710	62,050	68,100
Seattle	2,760	3,330	4,090	4,040	3,800	3,840	4,450	4,680	5,450
Unknown	40	50	10	10	10	10	0	0	0

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 10 percent sample.

a. Totals include applications taken under the abbreviated application process, which was used from 1987 to 1999.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 36.
All applications, by state or other area and age of applicant, 2005

State or area	Total	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All areas	2,539,810	459,850	1,844,140	235,820
Alabama	53,770	12,980	38,720	2,070
Alaska	5,470	460	4,350	660
Arizona	37,890	6,330	29,410	2,150
Arkansas	40,360	9,190	29,940	1,230
California	289,720	35,290	191,580	62,850
Colorado	24,670	3,060	19,620	1,990
Connecticut	24,540	3,140	18,640	2,760
Delaware	6,110	1,340	4,470	300
District of Columbia	7,230	1,620	5,270	340
Florida	160,020	32,630	105,420	21,970
Georgia	83,060	16,450	62,030	4,580
Hawaii	6,500	700	4,780	1,020
Idaho	10,630	1,800	8,470	360
Illinois	92,230	21,010	65,460	5,760
Indiana	50,310	10,200	38,890	1,220
Iowa	20,070	3,320	15,920	830
Kansas	20,160	3,360	16,350	450
Kentucky	58,920	10,630	46,110	2,180
Louisiana	56,420	13,880	40,140	2,400
Maine	12,860	1,540	10,630	690
Maryland	41,220	6,010	33,010	2,200
Massachusetts	55,470	7,810	39,730	7,930
Michigan	88,870	18,050	67,590	3,230
Minnesota	28,260	4,950	21,780	1,530
Mississippi	46,250	11,030	33,660	1,560
Missouri	53,020	9,120	42,550	1,350
Montana	6,960	950	5,840	170
Nebraska	12,020	1,750	9,650	620
Nevada	16,750	2,340	12,390	2,020
New Hampshire	6,840	860	5,780	200
New Jersey	48,740	9,600	32,400	6,740
New Mexico	19,150	2,930	14,890	1,330
New York	165,390	28,620	96,580	40,190
North Carolina	88,430	15,900	68,430	4,100
North Dakota	3,980	420	3,370	190
Ohio	112,910	21,000	87,160	4,750
Oklahoma	34,960	6,590	27,330	1,040
Oregon	25,930	2,770	21,400	1,760
Pennsylvania	113,260	25,550	82,140	5,570
Rhode Island	9,410	1,540	6,930	940
South Carolina	47,100	9,520	35,670	1,910
South Dakota	5,770	930	4,420	420
Tennessee	64,420	10,420	51,200	2,800
Texas	207,840	42,070	146,550	19,220
Utah	12,050	1,760	9,810	480

(Continued)

Applications

Table 36.

All applications, by state or other area and age of applicant, 2005—*Continued*

State or area	Total	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
Vermont	4,240	670	3,440	130
Virginia	47,190	9,430	34,760	3,000
Washington	43,340	6,040	34,630	2,670
West Virginia	24,060	3,450	19,980	630
Wisconsin	40,380	8,360	30,900	1,120
Wyoming	2,970	270	2,550	150
Outlying area				
Northern Mariana Islands	250	90	100	60
Unknown	1,440	120	1,320	0

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 10 percent sample.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 37.
All applicants, by year of first application and age, 1973–2005

Year	All ages ^a	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
Total	38,977,810	6,368,130	25,198,320	7,411,360
State conversions ^b	3,406,600	3,650	1,424,010	1,978,940
Federal applications				
1973	282,270	4,970	81,850	195,450
1974	1,997,130	122,170	1,061,670	813,290
1975	1,300,670	93,480	859,400	347,790
1976	973,420	75,950	684,750	212,720
1977	941,300	82,180	658,930	200,190
1978	896,610	84,360	629,240	183,010
1979	914,350	90,170	639,040	185,140
1980	936,350	91,700	654,580	190,070
1981	722,170	75,390	528,580	118,200
1982	604,290	72,760	449,350	82,180
1983	643,870	78,830	465,190	99,850
1984	735,850	81,580	485,400	168,870
1985	859,290	92,560	627,390	139,340
1986	930,260	98,590	687,520	144,150
1987	891,320	96,940	652,920	141,460
1988	835,650	95,380	603,060	137,210
1989	855,140	100,470	606,990	147,680
1990	981,590	127,430	696,700	157,460
1991	1,199,860	207,940	835,810	156,110
1992	1,455,720	339,210	954,900	161,610
1993	1,620,200	439,860	1,027,300	153,040
1994	1,568,700	460,050	979,480	129,170
1995	1,385,000	407,220	863,230	114,550
1996	1,242,710	359,030	778,990	104,690
1997	980,380	254,320	645,750	80,310
1998	982,570	249,810	642,260	90,500
1999	993,590	256,080	638,450	99,060
2000	1,034,360	258,000	677,230	99,130
2001	1,125,740	273,350	751,380	101,010
2002	1,275,550	301,690	861,610	112,250
2003	1,371,600	320,790	942,340	108,470
2004	1,484,090	335,720	1,033,580	114,790
2005	1,549,610	336,500	1,069,440	143,670

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 10 percent sample.

NOTE: Data include only the first application for each person.

- Totals include applications taken under the abbreviated application process, which was used from 1987 to 1999. Totals do not include reapplications as a result of the *Sullivan v. Zebley* decision. These reapplications were received from 1991 to 1995.
- Persons who were converted in 1973 from the state Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled programs to the SSI program.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Awards

Table 38.
All awards, by age of awardee, 1974–2005

Year	All ages	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
Total	26,384,510	3,360,310	15,387,790	7,636,410
State conversions ^a	3,158,410	2,620	1,305,060	1,850,730
Federal applications				
1974	1,329,870	66,880	491,170	771,820
1975	927,800	62,880	508,950	355,970
1976	674,580	45,030	403,350	226,200
1977	643,480	50,970	375,950	216,560
1978	566,190	47,050	323,170	195,970
1979	517,010	45,810	292,380	178,820
1980	526,790	46,260	293,740	186,790
1981	411,510	39,050	248,340	124,120
1982	342,680	35,670	202,590	104,420
1983	458,610	42,110	262,660	153,840
1984	586,670	45,740	322,390	218,540
1985	527,800	46,590	324,070	157,140
1986	603,580	51,020	391,600	160,960
1987	589,440	48,480	373,320	167,640
1988	578,370	47,560	361,070	169,740
1989	629,460	51,520	388,120	189,820
1990	718,310	76,070	446,940	195,300
1991	822,890	126,190	504,860	191,840
1992	1,049,260	221,080	636,300	191,880
1993	1,054,170	236,220	630,030	187,920
1994	944,830	203,190	580,640	161,000
1995	893,460	177,550	571,080	144,830
1996	797,970	144,270	526,690	127,010
1997	673,340	116,280	461,260	95,800
1998	739,410	135,600	489,240	114,570
1999	757,270	139,400	493,960	123,910
2000	747,010	144,540	483,020	119,450
2001	770,340	156,900	502,590	110,850
2002	818,050	169,130	533,470	115,450
2003	824,000	179,590	537,420	106,990
2004	856,190	182,190	566,080	107,920
2005	845,760	176,870	556,280	112,610

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 10 percent sample.

a. Persons who were converted in 1973 from the state Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled programs to the SSI program.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Awards

Table 39.
Awards for children under age 18, by selected characteristics, 1997–2005

Characteristic	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total	116,280	135,600	139,400	144,540	156,900	169,130	179,590	182,190	176,870
Age									
Under 5	54,490	58,770	60,070	62,500	64,860	68,020	71,010	71,150	72,090
5–12	44,290	55,960	57,500	60,170	66,980	71,910	77,510	77,800	73,340
13–17	17,500	20,870	21,830	21,870	25,060	29,200	31,070	33,240	31,440
Sex									
Male	71,780	85,140	87,830	90,960	98,910	108,540	116,190	119,120	114,290
Female	44,500	50,460	51,570	53,580	57,990	60,590	63,400	63,070	62,580
Citizenship status									
Citizen	115,480	134,530	138,240	143,650	155,940	168,350	178,950	181,510	176,290
Noncitizen	800	1,070	1,160	890	960	780	640	680	580
Diagnostic group									
Congenital anomalies	5,970	6,580	6,230	7,050	7,010	7,400	8,220	7,420	7,990
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic disorders	830	980	940	1,070	910	900	1,070	970	1,090
Infectious and parasitic diseases	380	280	360	250	280	340	170	210	170
Injuries	1,100	1,000	1,080	980	1,090	1,010	990	1,070	1,060
Mental disorders									
Mental retardation	29,680	31,280	29,110	26,940	26,470	27,150	26,110	23,830	21,650
Other	32,800	44,480	52,790	57,640	68,940	80,280	91,160	96,720	94,460
Neoplasms	2,500	2,720	2,650	2,610	3,000	2,850	2,830	3,010	3,050
Diseases of the—									
Blood and blood-forming organs	1,220	1,590	1,340	1,290	1,470	1,260	1,320	1,420	1,380
Circulatory system	830	800	840	950	770	960	1,010	1,050	1,010
Digestive system	680	810	720	960	1,340	1,090	1,420	1,260	1,310
Genitourinary system	480	510	520	530	550	510	580	590	520
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	1,250	1,390	1,200	1,430	1,650	1,470	1,180	1,230	1,220
Nervous system and sense organs	10,370	11,210	10,820	10,940	10,800	11,740	11,000	10,950	10,220
Respiratory system	4,170	4,050	4,140	4,520	4,550	4,470	4,300	4,170	3,450
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	130	110	100	170	140	160	170	250	260
Other	16,590	18,860	20,640	22,250	23,120	23,330	24,470	24,360	24,170
Unknown	7,300	8,950	5,920	4,960	4,810	4,210	3,590	3,680	3,860
SSA administrative region									
Boston	4,840	5,070	5,570	6,130	6,040	5,880	6,040	6,590	6,340
New York	10,870	11,030	13,130	12,830	13,040	13,990	15,260	15,810	14,820
Philadelphia	11,730	14,640	14,370	14,920	18,450	18,310	19,600	20,940	20,070
Atlanta	29,190	36,470	37,640	38,930	42,210	42,570	44,970	41,300	40,450
Chicago	21,890	24,570	22,580	24,330	25,580	28,300	30,190	30,010	28,600
Dallas	12,570	16,280	16,680	16,930	19,340	25,100	28,080	30,880	31,310
Kansas City	4,140	4,850	6,240	5,640	5,790	6,790	6,130	6,870	6,490
Denver	2,760	2,740	2,650	2,650	3,070	3,110	3,310	3,040	3,170
San Francisco	14,750	16,350	16,670	17,840	18,260	20,040	20,720	21,200	20,180
Seattle	3,540	3,600	3,870	4,340	5,120	5,040	5,290	5,550	5,440

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 10 percent sample.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 40.
Awards for adults aged 18–64, by selected characteristics, 1997–2005

Characteristic	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total	461,260	489,240	493,960	483,020	502,590	533,470	537,420	566,080	556,280
Age									
18–21	30,080	33,470	34,680	36,640	41,210	43,410	44,360	46,510	45,200
22–29	42,440	44,030	42,520	39,890	44,200	47,540	49,490	53,090	50,620
30–39	96,000	97,280	95,550	90,260	90,780	91,950	91,240	90,200	82,810
40–49	118,050	125,560	131,170	128,240	133,130	144,500	144,340	152,450	147,860
50–59	134,340	142,900	143,850	142,660	149,120	158,610	162,420	176,080	180,830
60–64	40,350	46,000	46,190	45,330	44,150	47,460	45,570	47,750	48,960
Sex									
Men	221,440	232,670	234,380	234,920	244,570	262,830	264,010	281,810	278,340
Women	239,820	256,570	259,580	248,100	258,020	270,640	273,410	284,270	277,940
Citizenship status									
Citizen	441,840	450,100	457,690	447,620	469,470	499,440	506,610	534,930	526,030
Noncitizen	19,420	39,140	36,270	35,400	33,120	34,030	30,810	31,150	30,250
Diagnostic group									
Congenital anomalies	880	640	900	1,160	1,700	1,790	2,060	2,040	1,810
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic disorders	26,460	27,040	28,070	14,000	15,030	15,320	15,700	17,030	17,350
Infectious and parasitic diseases	16,630	14,790	14,000	13,440	12,560	11,950	11,360	10,810	9,820
Injuries	13,470	14,780	15,390	16,030	16,680	18,930	17,120	19,470	19,190
Mental disorders									
Mental retardation	34,840	34,320	34,820	35,030	35,530	35,290	34,250	34,620	32,460
Other	115,400	127,700	138,020	146,930	157,590	168,970	171,650	181,200	178,880
Neoplasms	25,230	25,370	25,820	26,500	26,950	27,660	28,520	30,250	30,740
Diseases of the—									
Blood and blood-forming organs	1,140	1,240	1,430	1,310	1,670	1,590	1,570	1,670	1,420
Circulatory system	39,980	40,200	40,090	42,110	45,110	47,240	46,440	48,400	47,850
Digestive system	7,030	7,610	9,020	9,180	10,140	11,080	11,720	12,850	11,750
Genitourinary system	9,050	8,970	8,970	9,650	9,490	9,820	10,480	10,280	10,780
Musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	53,640	58,530	63,370	69,980	75,190	84,140	86,570	96,200	97,000
Nervous system and sense organs	25,780	29,100	29,990	30,000	32,510	34,530	35,120	36,840	36,590
Respiratory system	15,530	16,540	16,580	17,080	17,450	18,520	18,710	20,100	19,910
Skin and subcutaneous tissue	970	820	860	840	1,090	1,000	940	1,000	1,190
Other	460	430	590	530	740	1,010	990	1,110	1,110
Unknown	74,770	81,160	66,040	49,250	43,160	44,630	44,220	42,210	38,430
SSA administrative region									
Boston	24,790	24,430	24,330	24,040	24,190	24,750	26,110	28,000	26,660
New York	44,250	49,590	52,730	49,010	48,710	47,260	43,750	49,990	48,170
Philadelphia	47,690	50,520	50,730	50,400	52,420	52,760	54,380	58,260	59,130
Atlanta	120,370	122,820	119,640	117,890	121,830	123,340	127,330	127,400	124,360
Chicago	68,530	72,100	68,290	64,910	70,040	77,110	78,750	81,600	82,270
Dallas	54,430	54,800	57,210	55,200	63,770	76,950	75,430	81,550	81,450
Kansas City	17,590	19,310	20,080	21,340	20,510	22,110	21,270	24,450	22,460
Denver	9,180	9,370	8,820	8,900	9,310	10,230	9,940	10,210	11,870
San Francisco	58,700	70,370	74,470	72,520	72,940	79,080	80,840	83,820	79,770
Seattle	15,730	15,930	17,660	18,810	18,870	19,880	19,610	20,800	20,140
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 10 percent sample.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Awards

Table 41.
Awards for adults aged 65 or older, by selected characteristics, 1997–2005

Characteristic	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Total	95,800	114,570	123,910	119,450	110,850	115,450	106,990	107,920	112,610
Age									
65	34,820	34,590	35,610	34,470	32,840	32,460	31,260	29,980	31,860
66–69	22,110	29,270	32,310	31,360	29,530	31,370	28,760	29,130	30,570
70–74	15,120	20,870	24,650	23,120	21,570	23,280	21,160	22,560	22,680
75–79	9,850	13,830	15,420	14,250	12,680	13,740	12,580	12,580	13,810
80 or older	13,900	16,010	15,920	16,250	14,230	14,600	13,230	13,670	13,690
Sex									
Men	32,980	40,860	44,500	43,120	40,000	42,530	40,020	40,630	42,480
Women	62,820	73,710	79,410	76,330	70,850	72,920	66,970	67,290	70,130
Citizenship status									
Citizen	80,340	79,860	84,460	84,080	78,670	81,030	78,840	80,780	83,710
Noncitizen	15,460	34,710	39,450	35,370	32,180	34,420	28,150	27,140	28,900
SSA administrative region									
Boston	4,020	5,090	5,010	4,980	4,220	3,970	4,450	3,960	3,950
New York	13,120	17,130	18,100	17,200	16,380	15,520	14,800	14,900	18,850
Philadelphia	7,750	8,300	9,330	9,130	8,570	7,960	7,660	7,250	7,040
Atlanta	20,920	22,040	22,280	22,640	20,300	22,820	19,130	18,410	21,410
Chicago	7,890	9,160	9,780	9,500	8,580	8,170	8,000	8,600	8,530
Dallas	12,840	13,470	15,600	13,720	13,780	14,770	13,170	12,610	11,720
Kansas City	2,150	2,100	2,110	2,450	2,130	1,980	1,880	1,850	1,810
Denver	1,680	1,530	1,740	1,820	1,510	1,790	1,590	1,590	1,650
San Francisco	23,340	32,900	36,650	34,990	32,390	35,480	33,270	35,940	35,050
Seattle	2,090	2,850	3,310	3,020	2,990	2,990	3,040	2,810	2,600

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 10 percent sample.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 42.
All awards, by state or other area and age of awardee, 2005

State or area	Total	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
All areas	845,760	176,870	556,280	112,610
Alabama	19,520	3,840	14,610	1,070
Alaska	1,530	260	1,050	220
Arizona	14,010	2,840	9,960	1,210
Arkansas	13,520	3,570	9,400	550
California	112,830	16,030	64,730	32,070
Colorado	7,170	1,290	4,930	950
Connecticut	6,350	1,060	4,740	550
Delaware	2,210	530	1,500	180
District of Columbia	3,110	810	2,100	200
Florida	54,580	11,650	31,120	11,810
Georgia	23,570	5,160	16,270	2,140
Hawaii	2,860	340	1,770	750
Idaho	3,520	940	2,380	200
Illinois	29,250	7,550	18,800	2,900
Indiana	14,450	3,400	10,420	630
Iowa	5,940	1,470	3,960	510
Kansas	5,780	1,190	4,380	210
Kentucky	18,280	4,630	12,530	1,120
Louisiana	18,580	4,730	12,530	1,320
Maine	3,380	620	2,560	200
Maryland	13,370	2,340	9,540	1,490
Massachusetts	19,940	3,300	14,050	2,590
Michigan	25,000	6,090	17,180	1,730
Minnesota	9,030	2,010	6,140	880
Mississippi	13,460	3,470	9,140	850
Missouri	15,580	3,170	11,590	820
Montana	2,060	390	1,570	100
Nebraska	3,460	660	2,530	270
Nevada	5,170	910	3,270	990
New Hampshire	2,340	360	1,900	80
New Jersey	19,200	3,780	11,990	3,430
New Mexico	7,320	1,690	5,030	600
New York	62,640	11,040	36,180	15,420
North Carolina	25,950	5,970	18,090	1,890
North Dakota	860	150	660	50
Ohio	30,040	6,540	21,710	1,790
Oklahoma	10,870	2,500	7,730	640
Oregon	7,650	1,330	5,400	920
Pennsylvania	41,150	11,090	26,880	3,180
Rhode Island	3,510	770	2,280	460
South Carolina	12,290	2,680	8,650	960
South Dakota	1,680	450	1,050	180
Tennessee	18,570	3,050	13,950	1,570
Texas	74,190	18,820	46,760	8,610
Utah	3,800	740	2,770	290

(Continued)

Awards

Table 42.
All awards, by state or other area and age of awardee, 2005—Continued

State or area	Total	Under 18	18-64	65 or older
Vermont	1,430	230	1,130	70
Virginia	18,940	3,930	13,350	1,660
Washington	15,480	2,910	11,310	1,260
West Virginia	7,460	1,370	5,760	330
Wisconsin	11,630	3,010	8,020	600
Wyoming	1,120	150	890	80
Outlying area				
Northern Mariana Islands	130	60	40	30

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 10 percent sample.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 43.
All persons awarded SSI, by year of first award and age, 1974–2005

Year	All ages	Under 18	18–64	65 or older
Total	23,840,250	3,168,820	13,828,110	6,843,320
State conversions ^a	3,158,410	2,620	1,305,060	1,850,730
Federal applications				
1974	1,317,640	66,250	485,860	765,530
1975	913,620	62,340	502,830	348,450
1976	640,570	44,090	386,940	209,540
1977	578,270	47,830	344,910	185,530
1978	494,740	43,830	288,420	162,490
1979	446,420	42,270	257,080	147,070
1980	451,240	42,450	254,810	153,980
1981	348,250	35,480	213,610	99,160
1982	283,240	31,750	171,680	79,810
1983	361,060	37,970	217,450	105,640
1984	480,420	41,480	272,030	166,910
1985	444,310	41,680	277,490	125,140
1986	521,270	46,340	343,800	131,130
1987	508,530	43,750	327,910	136,870
1988	501,740	43,540	317,210	140,990
1989	546,650	46,830	341,480	158,340
1990	634,480	70,640	398,330	165,510
1991	739,810	119,340	454,580	165,890
1992	960,900	214,160	580,580	166,160
1993	969,060	229,610	577,260	162,190
1994	863,940	196,810	529,790	137,340
1995	812,760	171,110	518,090	123,560
1996	725,020	138,550	478,070	108,400
1997	601,260	111,210	409,700	80,350
1998	656,600	128,640	430,960	97,000
1999	666,430	131,190	430,370	104,870
2000	651,560	134,380	416,290	100,890
2001	668,710	145,040	429,400	94,270
2002	710,640	156,590	456,050	98,000
2003	713,390	166,710	457,560	89,120
2004	738,870	169,510	480,530	88,830
2005	730,440	164,830	471,980	93,630

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format), 10 percent sample.

NOTE: Data include only the first award for each person.

a. Persons who were converted in 1973 from the state Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled programs to the SSI program.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Notes

The tables in this section provide data on the outcomes of applications for SSI benefits based on blindness or disability. The data on applications are derived from the Social Security Administration's (SSA's) Disability Research File (DRF) maintained by the Office of Disability Programs. Each year the DRF is updated with information about applications for disability benefits that is then used to determine the outcome of those applications. The outcome data in these tables are reported by year of filing and include decisions made through the administrative appeals process.

Table 44 shows the total number of applications filed in a year, the number that are pending a final decision, the number denied for nonmedical reasons before a medical decision is made (technical denials), the outcome of applications for which a medical allowance or denial was made, and award and allowance rates. Applications for which a medical allowance or denial decision was made but which were subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons are shown under the medical decision header as subsequent denials. The most common nonmedical reason for denying a claim is excess income.

The allowance rate is calculated by dividing the number of medical allowances (including subsequent technical denials) by the total number of medical decisions made for a 1-year cohort. The award rate is a broader program measure that is calculated as the number of allowances minus subsequent denials divided by total applications (minus pending claims) filed for a given year.

Claims that remain pending after 6 years are probably the result of imperfect data rather than excessive delays in the decisionmaking process. It is highly probable that decisions have been rendered on most of the older claims. For more recent years, the award and allowance rates will change as decisions are made on pending claims.

Tables 45–47 show the allowance rate for SSI only and the SSI portion of concurrent (a claim for both Social Security and SSI disability benefits) applications, one for each level in the administrative decisionmaking process, that is, initial, reconsideration, and hearing or higher level.

Beginning with fiscal year 2000, the proportion of claims awarded at each level of the process changed as a result of the Prototype Process being tested in 10 states. Under this test, the reconsideration step of the appeals process was eliminated for applications filed October 1, 1999, or later. Elimination of the reconsideration level in these states results in a decrease in the aggregate proportion of claims awarded at this step.

This section also includes one table that shows the reason for medical allowance and one that shows reason for medical denial (Tables 48 and 49). The reasons are derived from the sequential evaluation process used by decisionmakers. SSA maintains a list of impairments that are considered disabling under its regulations. An applicant can be found to be disabled if he or she

- has a listed impairment,
- has a severe impairment that is equal to a listed impairment,
- has a severe impairment when medical and vocational factors are considered, or
- had previously established entitlement to a disability benefit.

An applicant can be denied benefits if he or she

- has an impairment that is not expected to last 12 months;
 - has an impairment that is not considered severe;
 - is able to perform his or her usual type of work;
 - is able to perform another type of work; or
 - provides insufficient medical evidence, fails to cooperate, fails to follow prescribed treatment, does not want to continue development of the claim, or returns to substantial work before disability can be established.
-

Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Table 44.
Outcomes at all adjudicative levels, by age and year of application, 1992–2004

Year	Total	Pending final decision	Technical denials ^a	Medical decisions				Award rate ^b (percent)	Allowance rate ^c (percent)
				Denials		Allowances			
				Medical	Subsequent nonmedical ^d	Awards	Subsequent denials ^e		
All ages ^f									
1992	1,828,951	0	134,438	741,839	1,556	860,875	90,243	47.1	56.1
1993	2,048,945	0	141,214	937,757	1,600	878,932	89,442	42.9	50.8
1994	2,014,499	0	123,175	1,041,432	1,681	770,905	77,306	38.3	44.8
1995	1,845,212	0	103,335	995,185	1,344	683,850	61,498	37.1	42.8
1996	1,786,770	0	113,027	938,464	1,886	671,843	61,550	37.6	43.8
1997	1,505,145	0	97,320	738,969	2,074	606,062	60,720	40.3	47.4
1998	1,520,538	2,198	95,990	699,409	3,830	656,289	62,822	43.2	50.6
1999	1,528,217	2,976	105,819	686,485	4,003	664,525	64,409	43.6	51.4
2000	1,612,826	5,241	156,525	686,473	3,823	691,858	68,906	43.0	52.4
2001	1,749,572	11,864	203,387	721,093	3,499	733,743	75,986	42.2	52.8
2002	1,959,039	43,587	278,291	789,981	3,527	760,967	82,686	39.7	51.5
2003	2,113,075	160,188	343,619	809,717	2,998	715,701	80,852	36.6	49.5
2004	2,220,308	270,992	432,600	821,370	2,298	625,809	67,239	32.1	45.7
Under age 18									
1992	376,812	0	16,695	148,221	103	204,083	7,710	54.2	58.8
1993	500,676	0	18,788	240,668	135	232,344	8,741	46.4	50.0
1994	530,538	0	16,897	311,137	147	194,655	7,702	36.7	39.4
1995	491,638	0	14,364	306,298	92	163,896	6,988	33.3	35.8
1996	457,057	0	13,532	291,268	86	144,667	7,504	31.7	34.3
1997	334,975	0	10,906	195,733	69	121,436	6,831	36.3	39.6
1998	338,592	169	10,904	182,437	74	137,643	7,365	40.7	44.3
1999	345,067	243	11,898	182,211	68	142,835	7,812	41.4	45.2
2000	355,477	420	15,775	179,324	64	151,932	7,962	42.8	47.1
2001	375,975	907	18,710	181,599	61	166,177	8,521	44.3	49.0
2002	412,972	4,033	22,678	197,871	77	179,228	9,085	43.8	48.8
2003	438,632	15,274	25,929	205,119	59	183,085	9,166	43.2	48.4
2004	446,841	26,790	31,688	202,042	71	177,313	8,937	42.2	48.0

(Continued)

Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Table 44.
Outcomes at all adjudicative levels, by age and year of application, 1992–2004—Continued

Year	Total	Pending final decision	Technical denials ^a	Medical decisions				Award rate ^b (percent)	Allowance rate ^c (percent)
				Denials		Allowances			
				Medical	Subsequent nonmedical ^d	Awards	Subsequent denials ^e		
Aged 18–64									
1992	1,451,417	0	117,675	593,455	1,451	656,374	82,462	45.2	55.4
1993	1,547,527	0	122,364	696,934	1,463	646,157	80,609	41.8	51.0
1994	1,482,503	0	106,181	729,927	1,529	575,431	69,435	38.8	46.9
1995	1,351,903	0	88,839	688,438	1,245	519,041	54,340	38.4	45.4
1996	1,277,604	0	87,869	646,551	1,534	488,161	53,489	38.2	45.5
1997	1,135,602	0	78,303	542,146	1,456	460,847	52,850	40.6	48.6
1998	1,133,015	2,026	76,709	514,914	1,859	483,632	53,875	42.8	51.0
1999	1,133,722	2,727	83,733	502,944	1,542	487,344	55,432	43.1	51.8
2000	1,208,866	4,817	127,968	506,117	1,423	508,564	59,977	42.2	52.8
2001	1,323,142	10,942	167,675	538,552	1,396	538,009	66,568	41.0	52.8
2002	1,483,791	39,510	230,118	591,037	1,544	548,951	72,631	38.0	51.2
2003	1,616,207	144,790	288,775	603,859	1,482	506,359	70,942	34.4	48.8
2004	1,712,073	243,992	366,883	618,788	1,003	423,736	57,671	28.9	43.7

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research File, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data for the initial and reconsideration levels are current through June 2005. Data for the hearing level or above are current through July 2005.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the award and allowance rates will change over time. Cases can be pending at the initial or appellate levels and can include either medical or technical issues.

Includes decisions for SSI-only applications and applications for both Social Security and SSI. Does not include Social Security-only applications.

- a. Applications denied for nonmedical reasons so no decision was made on severity of impairment.
- b. Rate determined by dividing awards by all applications minus pending claims for that year.
- c. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.
- d. Applications denied for nonmedical reasons after a decision was made that applicant did not meet the medical severity criteria for disability benefits.
- e. Applications denied for nonmedical reasons after a decision was made that applicant met the medical severity criteria for disability benefits.
- f. Includes applicants aged 65 or older.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 45.
Medical decisions at the initial adjudicative level, by age, year of application,
and program, 1992–2004

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for SSI only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)
<i>All ages^b</i>									
1992	1,694,513	686,962	40.5	946,348	399,334	42.2	748,165	287,628	38.4
1993	1,907,731	687,630	36.0	1,106,624	409,102	37.0	801,107	278,528	34.8
1994	1,891,324	577,721	30.5	1,105,532	335,756	30.4	785,792	241,965	30.8
1995	1,741,877	507,742	29.1	1,037,201	291,168	28.1	704,676	216,574	30.7
1996	1,673,743	508,931	30.4	1,000,530	296,655	29.6	673,213	212,276	31.5
1997	1,407,825	459,297	32.6	820,527	260,354	31.7	587,298	198,943	33.9
1998	1,424,548	520,690	36.6	843,671	304,856	36.1	580,877	215,834	37.2
1999	1,422,398	531,498	37.4	843,031	312,871	37.1	579,367	218,627	37.7
2000	1,456,301	556,990	38.2	845,623	321,029	38.0	610,678	235,961	38.6
2001	1,546,185	595,925	38.5	860,922	338,218	39.3	685,263	257,707	37.6
2002	1,680,748	619,748	36.9	904,266	345,482	38.2	776,482	274,266	35.3
2003	1,769,338	633,354	35.8	926,968	347,421	37.5	842,370	285,933	33.9
2004	1,787,323	631,845	35.4	927,118	345,118	37.2	860,205	286,727	33.3
<i>Under age 18</i>									
1992	360,117	194,494	54.0	329,316	176,929	53.7	30,801	17,565	57.0
1993	481,888	218,724	45.4	443,778	200,206	45.1	38,110	18,518	48.6
1994	513,641	177,660	34.6	475,233	164,436	34.6	38,408	13,224	34.4
1995	477,274	149,140	31.2	443,367	138,959	31.3	33,907	10,181	30.0
1996	443,525	133,375	30.1	413,379	124,846	30.2	30,146	8,529	28.3
1997	324,069	112,387	34.7	302,540	105,366	34.8	21,529	7,021	32.6
1998	327,688	129,729	39.6	306,164	121,371	39.6	21,524	8,358	38.8
1999	333,169	135,117	40.6	310,763	126,253	40.6	22,406	8,864	39.6
2000	339,702	143,267	42.2	316,328	133,426	42.2	23,374	9,841	42.1
2001	357,265	157,730	44.1	332,724	146,688	44.1	24,541	11,042	45.0
2002	390,294	170,542	43.7	363,020	158,263	43.6	27,274	12,279	45.0
2003	412,690	178,249	43.2	385,946	166,958	43.3	26,744	11,291	42.2
2004	415,111	178,662	43.0	390,274	168,586	43.2	24,837	10,076	40.6

(Continued)

Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Table 45.
Medical decisions at the initial adjudicative level, by age, year of application,
and program, 1992–2004—Continued

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for SSI only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)
Aged 18–64									
1992	1,333,742	492,046	36.9	616,523	222,077	36.0	717,219	269,969	37.6
1993	1,425,163	468,477	32.9	662,298	208,554	31.5	762,865	259,923	34.1
1994	1,376,322	399,267	29.0	629,051	170,618	27.1	747,271	228,649	30.6
1995	1,263,064	357,732	28.3	592,390	151,417	25.6	670,674	206,315	30.8
1996	1,189,735	338,209	28.4	555,158	142,505	25.7	634,577	195,704	30.8
1997	1,057,299	324,213	30.7	498,637	139,003	27.9	558,662	185,210	33.2
1998	1,056,306	356,592	33.8	506,024	157,861	31.2	550,282	198,731	36.1
1999	1,049,989	362,246	34.5	502,870	162,036	32.2	547,119	200,210	36.6
2000	1,080,898	382,587	35.4	503,636	166,188	33.0	577,262	216,399	37.5
2001	1,155,467	408,901	35.4	505,101	172,232	34.1	650,366	236,669	36.4
2002	1,253,673	416,823	33.2	515,934	165,906	32.2	737,739	250,917	34.0
2003	1,327,329	429,012	32.3	523,909	166,234	31.7	803,420	262,778	32.7
2004	1,344,847	428,371	31.9	522,582	164,485	31.5	822,265	263,886	32.1

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research File, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data are current through June 2005.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the award and allowance rates will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

a. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.

b. Includes applicants aged 65 or older.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 46.
Medical decisions at the reconsideration level, by age, year of application,
and program, 1992–2004

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for SSI only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)
<i>All ages ^b</i>									
1992	479,152	74,500	15.5	234,057	38,371	16.4	245,095	36,129	14.7
1993	557,384	75,559	13.6	280,174	38,663	13.8	277,210	36,896	13.3
1994	571,602	73,734	12.9	290,341	36,826	12.7	281,261	36,908	13.1
1995	522,987	66,780	12.8	275,013	33,432	12.2	247,974	33,348	13.4
1996	480,593	65,353	13.6	249,224	32,510	13.0	231,369	32,843	14.2
1997	409,396	62,498	15.3	208,993	31,881	15.3	200,403	30,617	15.3
1998	390,212	61,267	15.7	203,132	31,818	15.7	187,080	29,449	15.7
1999	382,196	55,630	14.6	197,671	28,500	14.4	184,525	27,130	14.7
2000	382,757	53,149	13.9	192,285	26,456	13.8	190,472	26,693	14.0
2001	407,299	53,460	13.1	190,634	25,396	13.3	216,665	28,064	13.0
2002	458,317	56,098	12.2	203,464	25,786	12.7	254,853	30,312	11.9
2003	483,020	55,830	11.6	204,770	24,487	12.0	278,250	31,343	11.3
2004	397,718	38,715	9.7	167,846	17,572	10.5	229,872	21,143	9.2
<i>Under age 18</i>									
1992	49,099	9,570	19.5	44,562	8,590	19.3	4,537	980	21.6
1993	75,816	11,440	15.1	69,176	10,355	15.0	6,640	1,085	16.3
1994	91,854	11,475	12.5	83,789	10,461	12.5	8,065	1,014	12.6
1995	86,651	10,459	12.1	79,397	9,625	12.1	7,254	834	11.5
1996	74,836	9,646	12.9	68,797	8,863	12.9	6,039	783	13.0
1997	51,365	8,583	16.7	47,131	7,883	16.7	4,234	700	16.5
1998	49,909	8,042	16.1	45,989	7,417	16.1	3,920	625	15.9
1999	49,456	7,476	15.1	45,465	6,839	15.0	3,991	637	16.0
2000	48,361	7,514	15.5	44,462	6,951	15.6	3,899	563	14.4
2001	49,495	7,649	15.5	45,567	7,069	15.5	3,928	580	14.8
2002	56,273	8,312	14.8	51,775	7,620	14.7	4,498	692	15.4
2003	59,279	8,337	14.1	54,842	7,734	14.1	4,437	603	13.6
2004	49,018	6,293	12.8	45,751	5,946	13.0	3,267	347	10.6

(Continued)

Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Table 46.
Medical decisions at the reconsideration level, by age, year of application,
and program, 1992–2004—Continued

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for SSI only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)
Aged 18–64									
1992	429,944	64,891	15.1	189,409	29,744	15.7	240,535	35,147	14.6
1993	481,434	64,074	13.3	210,882	28,268	13.4	270,552	35,806	13.2
1994	479,439	62,150	13.0	206,253	26,260	12.7	273,186	35,890	13.1
1995	435,988	56,205	12.9	195,281	23,695	12.1	240,707	32,510	13.5
1996	403,309	54,195	13.4	178,404	22,457	12.6	224,905	31,738	14.1
1997	355,514	52,590	14.8	159,694	22,951	14.4	195,820	29,639	15.1
1998	337,411	51,760	15.3	154,436	23,051	14.9	182,975	28,709	15.7
1999	330,830	47,249	14.3	150,460	20,863	13.9	180,370	26,386	14.6
2000	332,767	44,874	13.5	146,383	18,874	12.9	186,384	26,000	13.9
2001	356,236	45,065	12.7	143,740	17,762	12.4	212,496	27,303	12.8
2002	400,138	46,856	11.7	150,064	17,455	11.6	250,074	29,401	11.8
2003	422,369	46,848	11.1	148,810	16,296	11.0	273,559	30,552	11.2
2004	347,794	31,973	9.2	121,433	11,363	9.4	226,361	20,610	9.1

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research File, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data are current through June 2005.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the award and allowance rates will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

A revised process was introduced on October 1, 1999, in 10 states, under which initial denials could be appealed directly to the hearing level without a reconsideration.

a. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.

b. Includes applicants aged 65 or older.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 47.
Medical decisions at the hearing level or above, by age, year of application,
and program, 1992–2004

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for SSI only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)
<i>All ages ^b</i>									
1992	280,751	189,656	67.6	128,789	79,307	61.6	151,962	110,349	72.6
1993	327,271	205,185	62.7	153,126	85,195	55.6	174,145	119,990	68.9
1994	333,329	196,756	59.0	156,584	80,594	51.5	176,745	116,162	65.7
1995	300,958	170,826	56.8	145,570	70,445	48.4	155,388	100,381	64.6
1996	271,976	159,109	58.5	128,712	64,405	50.0	143,264	94,704	66.1
1997	238,742	144,987	60.7	112,201	59,693	53.2	126,541	85,294	67.4
1998	222,560	137,154	61.6	106,678	57,889	54.3	115,882	79,265	68.4
1999	228,543	141,806	62.0	109,837	59,636	54.3	118,706	82,170	69.2
2000	246,066	150,625	61.2	117,141	61,968	52.9	128,925	88,657	68.8
2001	262,596	160,344	61.1	117,030	61,232	52.3	145,566	99,112	68.1
2002	268,640	167,807	62.5	111,943	59,188	52.9	156,697	108,619	69.3
2003	166,920	107,369	64.3	65,697	34,884	53.1	101,223	72,485	71.6
2004	32,489	22,488	69.2	13,068	7,145	54.7	19,421	15,343	79.0
<i>Under age 18</i>									
1992	19,988	7,729	38.7	17,979	6,890	38.3	2,009	839	41.8
1993	31,658	10,921	34.5	28,625	9,784	34.2	3,033	1,137	37.5
1994	38,751	13,222	34.1	34,869	11,860	34.0	3,882	1,362	35.1
1995	35,856	11,285	31.5	32,428	10,131	31.2	3,428	1,154	33.7
1996	28,105	9,150	32.6	25,589	8,292	32.4	2,516	858	34.1
1997	19,549	7,297	37.3	17,723	6,591	37.2	1,826	706	38.7
1998	18,735	7,237	38.6	17,049	6,541	38.4	1,686	696	41.3
1999	20,660	8,054	39.0	18,767	7,268	38.7	1,893	786	41.5
2000	24,158	9,113	37.7	21,975	8,204	37.3	2,183	909	41.6
2001	25,250	9,319	36.9	23,062	8,436	36.6	2,188	883	40.4
2002	25,685	9,459	36.8	23,464	8,570	36.5	2,221	889	40.0
2003	15,338	5,665	36.9	14,122	5,193	36.8	1,216	472	38.8
2004	2,826	1,295	45.8	2,635	1,205	45.7	191	90	47.1

(Continued)

Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Table 47.

Medical decisions at the hearing level or above, by age, year of application, and program, 1992–2004—*Continued*

Year	All decisions			Decisions on applications for SSI only			Decisions on applications for both Social Security and SSI		
	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)	Total	Allowances	Allowance rate ^a (percent)
<i>Aged 18–64</i>									
1992	260,727	181,899	69.8	110,785	72,398	65.4	149,942	109,501	73.0
1993	295,551	194,215	65.7	124,445	75,368	60.6	171,106	118,847	69.5
1994	294,441	183,449	62.3	121,584	68,654	56.5	172,857	114,795	66.4
1995	264,954	159,444	60.2	113,002	60,224	53.3	151,952	99,220	65.3
1996	243,063	149,246	61.4	102,414	55,494	54.2	140,649	93,752	66.7
1997	218,232	136,894	62.7	93,582	52,360	56.0	124,650	84,534	67.8
1998	202,865	129,155	63.7	88,718	50,630	57.1	114,147	78,525	68.8
1999	207,282	133,281	64.3	90,515	51,937	57.4	116,767	81,344	69.7
2000	221,323	141,080	63.7	94,631	53,373	56.4	126,692	87,707	69.2
2001	236,793	150,611	63.6	93,460	52,414	56.1	143,333	98,197	68.5
2002	242,315	157,903	65.2	87,882	50,205	57.1	154,433	107,698	69.7
2003	151,200	101,441	67.1	51,232	29,462	57.5	99,968	71,979	72.0
2004	29,521	21,063	71.3	10,309	5,827	56.5	19,212	15,236	79.3

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research File, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data are current through July 2005.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the award and allowance rates will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

A revised process was introduced on October 1, 1999, in 10 states, under which initial denials could be appealed directly to the hearing level without a reconsideration.

a. Rate determined by dividing medical allowances by all medical decisions for that year.

b. Includes applicants aged 65 or older.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 48.
Percentage distribution of final medical allowances, by age, year of application,
and reason for allowance, 1992–2004

Year	Total		Meets level of severity of listings ^a	Under age 18 only		Aged 18 or older only		Other ^{a,b}
				Medically equals level of severity of listings	Functionally equals level of severity of listings	Equals level of severity of listings	Medical and vocational factors considered	
	Number	Percent						
All ages ^c								
1992	951,118	100.0	36.6	1.5	1.3	7.5	18.6	34.4
1993	968,374	100.0	36.5	1.5	1.6	5.5	17.4	37.6
1994	848,211	100.0	36.8	1.5	2.1	4.4	18.1	37.1
1995	745,348	100.0	35.8	1.6	2.5	4.3	18.6	37.2
1996	733,393	100.0	35.9	1.8	3.3	4.4	17.4	37.2
1997	666,782	100.0	37.6	1.8	4.3	4.7	18.4	33.3
1998	719,111	100.0	38.2	1.9	4.8	4.2	20.1	30.8
1999	728,934	100.0	36.6	2.0	5.3	4.0	20.8	31.2
2000	760,764	100.0	35.1	1.9	6.1	4.2	21.4	31.2
2001	809,729	100.0	34.9	1.8	7.0	4.2	22.3	29.8
2002	843,653	100.0	33.9	1.7	8.1	3.8	22.1	30.5
2003	796,553	100.0	35.5	1.8	9.7	4.0	24.1	24.8
2004	693,048	100.0	38.7	1.8	11.9	4.3	26.9	16.4
Under age 18								
1992	211,793	100.0	48.3	6.9	5.9	...	...	38.9
1993	241,085	100.0	44.9	5.9	6.4	...	...	42.7
1994	202,357	100.0	45.6	6.5	8.6	...	...	39.3
1995	170,884	100.0	44.8	7.0	11.0	...	...	37.2
1996	152,171	100.0	52.7	8.7	16.0	...	...	22.6
1997	128,267	100.0	55.8	9.2	22.1	...	...	12.9
1998	145,008	100.0	55.6	9.6	23.6	...	...	11.2
1999	150,647	100.0	53.2	9.8	25.8	...	...	11.3
2000	159,894	100.0	50.2	9.2	28.9	...	...	11.7
2001	174,698	100.0	48.3	8.2	32.4	...	...	11.0
2002	188,313	100.0	45.5	7.7	36.1	...	...	10.7
2003	192,251	100.0	44.4	7.6	40.3	...	...	7.7
2004	186,250	100.0	43.3	6.8	44.1	...	...	5.7

(Continued)

Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Table 48.

Percentage distribution of final medical allowances, by age, year of application, and reason for allowance, 1992–2004—Continued

Year	Total		Meets level of severity of listings ^a	Under age 18 only		Aged 18 or older only		Other ^{a,b}
				Medically equals level of severity of listings	Functionally equals level of severity of listings	Equals level of severity of listings	Medical and vocational factors considered	
	Number	Percent						
Aged 18–64								
1992	738,836	100.0	33.3	...	...	9.7	23.9	33.2
1993	726,766	100.0	33.7	...	...	7.3	23.1	35.9
1994	644,866	100.0	34.0	...	...	5.8	23.8	36.4
1995	573,381	100.0	33.2	...	...	5.6	24.0	37.2
1996	541,650	100.0	33.7	...	...	5.9	23.3	37.1
1997	513,697	100.0	34.5	...	...	6.1	22.6	36.9
1998	537,507	100.0	35.6	...	...	5.5	23.9	35.1
1999	542,776	100.0	34.0	...	...	5.3	25.1	35.6
2000	568,541	100.0	32.6	...	...	5.6	26.4	35.4
2001	604,577	100.0	32.6	...	...	5.6	27.9	33.9
2002	621,582	100.0	32.0	...	...	5.1	28.1	34.8
2003	577,301	100.0	34.1	...	...	5.5	31.9	28.5
2004	481,407	100.0	38.8	...	...	6.2	37.6	17.4

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research File, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data for the initial and reconsideration levels are current through June 2005. Data for the hearing level or above are current through July 2005.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the numbers and percentages will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

Includes decisions for SSI-only applications and applications for both Social Security and SSI. Does not include Social Security-only applications.

... = not applicable.

a. Includes all age groups.

b. Includes applications for which the disability was previously established and those for which the basis for the determination is not available. For final determinations made in or before August 1996 for applicants under age 18, also includes applications allowed because individual functional assessment showed impairment of comparable severity.

c. Includes applicants aged 65 or older.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 49.
Percentage distribution of final medical denials, by age, year of application,
and reason for denial, 1992–2004

Year	Total		Impairment did not or is not expected to last 12 months	Impairment is not severe	Impairment does not cause severe functional limitations ^a	Able to do usual past work ^b	Able to do other type of work ^b	Other ^c
	Number	Percent						
<i>All ages ^d</i>								
1992	743,395	100.0	7.3	22.1	...	17.5	26.3	26.9
1993	939,357	100.0	6.6	21.2	...	15.4	24.8	31.9
1994	1,043,113	100.0	6.2	20.7	...	13.6	23.3	36.1
1995	996,529	100.0	6.2	19.7	...	12.4	22.4	39.2
1996	940,350	100.0	6.4	20.6	5.8	12.1	22.9	32.2
1997	741,043	100.0	6.8	16.7	16.2	13.0	25.1	22.1
1998	703,239	100.0	6.9	15.0	18.3	14.6	25.3	19.9
1999	690,488	100.0	6.7	14.0	19.1	15.5	24.5	20.2
2000	690,296	100.0	6.4	13.3	18.7	15.8	24.2	21.5
2001	724,592	100.0	6.1	13.2	18.3	16.6	26.0	19.9
2002	793,508	100.0	5.7	13.0	18.4	16.8	26.2	19.9
2003	812,715	100.0	5.2	12.2	19.0	16.5	26.1	21.1
2004	823,668	100.0	5.0	11.2	18.5	16.2	26.2	22.9
<i>Under age 18</i>								
1992	148,324	100.0	1.5	22.7	...	...	...	75.8
1993	240,803	100.0	1.3	21.8	...	...	...	76.9
1994	311,284	100.0	1.4	22.4	...	...	...	76.2
1995	306,390	100.0	1.3	21.8	...	...	...	76.9
1996	291,354	100.0	1.4	26.9	18.7	...	...	53.0
1997	195,802	100.0	1.6	19.1	61.4	...	...	18.0
1998	182,511	100.0	1.3	14.5	70.6	...	...	13.7
1999	182,279	100.0	1.1	13.3	72.4	...	...	13.2
2000	179,388	100.0	1.1	13.2	72.1	...	...	13.6
2001	181,660	100.0	1.1	14.0	73.0	...	...	11.9
2002	197,948	100.0	1.0	13.5	73.7	...	...	11.8
2003	205,178	100.0	0.9	12.4	75.1	...	...	11.5
2004	202,113	100.0	0.9	11.1	75.5	...	...	12.6

(Continued)

Outcomes of Applications for Disability Benefits

Table 49.
Percentage distribution of final medical denials, by age, year of application,
and reason for denial, 1992–2004—Continued

Year	Total		Impairment did not or is not expected to last 12 months	Impairment is not severe	Impairment does not cause severe functional limitations ^a	Able to do usual past work ^b	Able to do other type of work ^b	Other ^c
	Number	Percent						
Aged 18–64								
1992	594,906	100.0	8.8	21.9	...	21.8	32.8	14.7
1993	698,397	100.0	8.4	21.0	...	20.7	33.4	16.4
1994	731,456	100.0	8.3	20.0	...	19.4	33.2	19.1
1995	689,683	100.0	8.4	18.8	...	17.9	32.4	22.5
1996	648,085	100.0	8.6	17.8	...	17.5	33.3	22.8
1997	543,602	100.0	8.8	15.8	...	17.7	34.2	23.6
1998	516,773	100.0	8.9	14.9	...	19.7	34.4	22.0
1999	504,486	100.0	8.7	14.1	...	21.0	33.5	22.7
2000	507,540	100.0	8.4	13.2	...	21.2	32.8	24.3
2001	539,948	100.0	7.8	12.8	...	22.1	34.9	22.5
2002	592,581	100.0	7.3	12.8	...	22.3	35.0	22.5
2003	605,341	100.0	6.6	12.0	...	22.0	35.1	24.3
2004	619,791	100.0	6.3	11.1	...	21.5	34.9	26.2

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Disability Research File, 100 percent data.

NOTES: Data for the initial and reconsideration levels are current through June 2005. Data for the hearing level or above are current through July 2005.

Because a number of applications remain pending for more recent years, the numbers and percentages will change over time.

Applications with a medical decision may be pending a final nonmedical decision or subsequently denied for nonmedical reasons.

Includes decisions for SSI-only applications and applications for both Social Security and SSI. Does not include Social Security-only applications.

... = not applicable.

a. Used only for applicants under age 18. Category effective for final determinations made August 1996 or later.

b. Used only for applicants aged 18 or older.

c. Applicant provided insufficient evidence, failed to cooperate, failed to follow prescribed treatment, did not want to continue development of the claim, or returned to substantial work before disability could be established. For final determinations made August 1996 or before for applicants under age 18, also includes claims denied because individual functional assessment showed impairment not of comparable severity.

d. Includes applicants aged 65 or older.

CONTACT: Clark Pickett (410) 965-9016 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Suspensions

Table 50.
Suspensions, by age of recipient and reason for suspension, 1997–2005

Year	Total	Excess income	Death	In Medicaid facility	Whereabouts unknown	Excess resources	Presumptive disability	No representative payee	In public institution	Failed to furnish report	Outside United States	In transition	No longer disabled	Other
<i>All ages</i>														
1997	1,259,500	525,700	194,700	45,300	87,000	35,500	2,000	37,500	54,800	21,000	19,800	18,500	193,800	23,900
1998	1,140,100	524,200	201,100	49,500	90,900	37,000	2,200	34,400	50,000	28,200	18,800	15,300	81,500	7,000
1999	1,203,600	552,100	195,300	46,300	88,600	43,700	2,200	37,300	59,000	37,700	21,100	3,300	108,800	8,200
2000	1,220,200	562,200	203,400	49,400	94,000	39,000	2,000	37,200	59,100	50,200	22,700	0	90,600	10,400
2001	1,238,800	575,900	193,500	50,000	106,600	48,400	2,700	37,100	64,300	51,900	19,600	7,400	67,500	13,900
2002	1,295,200	596,400	202,700	50,000	105,200	46,800	2,800	33,200	64,900	53,600	21,600	6,600	90,600	20,800
2003	1,257,900	579,700	194,500	45,100	119,900	47,000	2,500	32,700	64,700	45,600	22,100	7,500	74,800	21,800
2004	1,303,100	614,700	195,600	44,300	122,600	45,700	2,000	34,600	69,200	47,700	26,100	6,500	70,200	23,900
2005	1,289,210	608,410	199,670	44,400	130,030	39,320	2,450	35,610	75,560	31,700	24,710	8,380	65,900	23,070
<i>Under age 18</i>														
1997	336,500	104,000	4,600	900	15,800	7,300	700	17,400	6,100	8,200	900	3,900	160,600	6,100
1998	198,700	98,200	5,400	1,000	13,800	7,200	700	14,100	4,200	10,000	600	3,000	39,100	1,400
1999	231,500	106,300	5,000	900	16,700	7,300	1,000	14,300	4,600	15,200	800	300	57,800	1,300
2000	224,100	112,700	6,400	1,000	18,300	6,600	400	15,800	3,300	19,400	700	0	38,200	1,300
2001	203,200	107,400	5,100	900	17,500	9,100	700	14,800	3,300	17,800	400	500	24,700	1,000
2002	233,800	116,100	5,700	900	22,000	9,800	700	13,300	4,500	22,200	600	0	36,900	1,100
2003	218,300	115,500	4,000	800	23,900	9,300	500	13,700	4,300	19,600	300	500	24,900	1,000
2004	225,600	110,900	5,500	1,100	30,400	9,000	700	13,000	3,800	20,000	1,000	200	28,400	1,600
2005	205,760	108,750	5,210	800	27,650	8,150	460	12,870	3,740	12,930	740	280	23,020	1,160
<i>Aged 18–64</i>														
1997	652,100	355,300	79,300	12,800	48,200	17,100	1,300	18,000	47,600	9,900	5,400	10,600	33,200	13,400
1998	662,200	358,000	77,200	14,700	53,600	18,600	1,500	18,500	44,800	14,500	5,900	8,100	42,400	4,400
1999	697,700	375,200	78,600	10,400	52,800	22,400	1,200	21,100	53,300	17,500	6,000	2,100	51,000	6,100
2000	719,500	385,100	84,500	12,600	53,700	19,600	1,500	19,400	54,500	24,400	4,200	0	52,400	7,600
2001	760,200	403,000	81,900	14,700	64,300	24,200	2,000	20,600	60,100	26,300	4,200	4,900	42,800	11,200
2002	793,100	421,800	88,200	14,200	59,900	22,900	2,100	18,800	59,100	25,500	4,200	4,100	53,700	18,600
2003	772,700	403,900	87,200	12,800	69,100	23,000	2,000	17,000	59,400	19,500	4,800	5,100	49,800	19,100
2004	804,100	433,400	87,100	14,000	66,900	22,800	1,300	20,300	64,700	20,700	5,900	4,600	41,800	20,600
2005	823,790	437,240	90,210	15,980	75,350	21,260	1,980	20,600	70,410	14,770	6,310	6,420	42,870	20,390
<i>Aged 65 or older</i>														
1997	270,900	66,400	110,800	31,600	23,000	11,100	0	2,100	1,100	2,900	13,500	4,000	0	4,400
1998	279,200	68,000	118,500	33,800	23,500	11,200	0	1,800	1,000	3,700	12,300	4,200	0	1,200
1999	274,400	70,600	111,700	35,000	19,100	14,000	0	1,900	1,100	5,000	14,300	900	0	800
2000	276,600	64,400	112,500	35,800	22,000	12,800	100	2,000	1,300	6,400	17,800	0	0	1,500
2001	275,400	65,500	106,500	34,400	24,800	15,100	0	1,700	900	7,800	15,000	2,000	0	1,700
2002	268,300	58,500	108,800	34,900	23,300	14,100	0	1,100	1,300	5,900	16,800	2,500	0	1,100
2003	266,900	60,300	103,300	31,500	26,900	14,700	0	2,000	1,000	6,500	17,000	1,900	100	1,700
2004	273,400	70,400	103,000	29,200	25,300	13,900	0	1,300	700	7,000	19,200	1,700	0	1,700
2005	259,660	62,420	104,250	27,620	27,030	9,910	10	2,140	1,410	4,000	17,660	1,680	10	1,520

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format). Data through 2004 are based on a 1 percent sample; data for 2005 are based on a 10 percent sample.

NOTE: Includes multiple suspensions per person.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Suspensions

Table 51.
Recipients suspended, by age and reason for suspension, 1997–2005

Year	Total	Excess income	Death	In Medicaid facility	Whereabouts unknown	Excess resources	Presumptive disability	No representative payee	In public institution	Failed to furnish report	Outside United States	In transition	No longer disabled	Other
<i>All ages</i>														
1997	1,157,000	449,400	194,700	42,100	80,300	34,300	1,900	32,300	51,200	18,100	19,200	17,700	193,200	22,600
1998	1,052,700	457,300	201,100	47,900	83,900	35,800	1,900	30,900	47,600	26,100	18,100	14,300	80,900	6,900
1999	1,092,700	461,300	195,300	44,600	82,800	42,900	1,900	34,600	55,000	35,600	20,800	3,300	107,200	7,400
2000	1,109,900	472,900	203,400	46,900	87,000	38,000	2,000	35,000	56,100	47,300	22,000	0	89,500	9,800
2001	1,123,300	485,500	193,500	47,500	97,000	47,500	2,500	33,900	59,600	49,500	19,100	7,300	66,900	13,500
2002	1,175,500	509,100	202,700	48,100	96,000	45,500	2,600	27,700	59,000	47,500	20,800	6,300	90,100	20,100
2003	1,148,900	499,600	194,500	43,500	110,500	45,800	2,300	30,500	59,800	41,200	21,400	7,500	72,200	20,100
2004	1,192,900	533,200	195,600	43,100	113,900	44,600	1,900	30,600	64,200	43,800	25,000	6,500	68,200	22,300
2005	1,177,350	526,050	199,670	42,430	119,630	38,040	2,350	32,650	69,870	29,430	23,930	8,200	63,790	21,310
<i>Under age 18</i>														
1997	299,500	75,100	4,600	900	14,200	6,800	700	14,200	5,800	6,900	800	3,500	160,300	5,700
1998	169,900	73,300	5,400	900	12,800	6,600	600	13,000	4,000	9,400	600	2,900	39,000	1,400
1999	197,200	77,000	5,000	900	15,400	7,000	800	13,800	3,900	14,200	600	300	57,100	1,200
2000	183,800	76,500	6,400	1,000	16,900	6,300	500	15,100	3,200	18,100	600	0	38,000	1,200
2001	167,000	75,200	5,100	800	15,700	9,000	700	13,800	3,000	17,300	300	400	24,700	1,000
2002	191,400	81,200	5,700	800	20,700	9,400	700	10,900	4,200	19,300	600	0	36,900	1,000
2003	177,700	79,900	4,000	800	22,300	8,700	400	13,300	4,300	18,000	300	500	24,300	900
2004	183,800	76,100	5,500	900	28,500	8,800	700	11,900	3,400	17,700	900	200	27,600	1,600
2005	169,060	77,340	5,210	720	25,540	7,840	460	12,020	3,580	11,860	730	260	22,400	1,100
<i>Aged 18–64</i>														
1997	599,200	317,100	79,300	10,700	44,100	16,800	1,200	16,200	44,300	8,500	5,200	10,200	32,900	12,700
1998	614,800	324,100	77,200	13,600	49,300	18,400	1,300	16,300	42,600	13,000	5,400	7,400	41,900	4,300
1999	633,200	323,800	78,600	9,300	49,200	22,000	1,100	19,000	50,000	16,500	6,000	2,100	50,100	5,500
2000	662,600	340,600	84,500	11,100	49,400	19,300	1,500	18,100	51,600	23,500	4,200	0	51,500	7,300
2001	693,000	353,300	81,900	13,000	58,200	23,700	1,800	18,400	55,700	24,800	4,200	4,900	42,200	10,900
2002	726,100	375,100	88,200	13,200	54,000	22,500	1,900	15,700	53,700	22,500	4,200	3,900	53,200	18,000
2003	712,800	363,700	87,200	11,500	63,100	22,700	1,900	15,200	54,500	17,600	4,800	5,100	47,800	17,700
2004	744,900	392,800	87,100	13,200	61,300	22,300	1,200	17,500	60,100	19,300	5,800	4,600	40,600	19,100
2005	758,910	392,840	90,210	14,660	68,710	20,600	1,880	18,690	64,950	13,720	6,120	6,320	41,380	18,830
<i>Aged 65 or older</i>														
1997	258,300	57,200	110,800	30,500	22,000	10,700	0	1,900	1,100	2,700	13,200	4,000	0	4,200
1998	268,000	59,900	118,500	33,400	21,800	10,800	0	1,600	1,000	3,700	12,100	4,000	0	1,200
1999	262,300	60,500	111,700	34,400	18,200	13,900	0	1,800	1,100	4,900	14,200	900	0	700
2000	263,500	55,800	112,500	34,800	20,700	12,400	0	1,800	1,300	5,700	17,200	0	0	1,300
2001	263,300	57,000	106,500	33,700	23,100	14,800	0	1,700	900	7,400	14,600	2,000	0	1,600
2002	258,000	52,800	108,800	34,100	21,300	13,600	0	1,100	1,100	5,700	16,000	2,400	0	1,100
2003	258,400	56,000	103,300	31,200	25,100	14,400	0	2,000	100	5,600	16,300	1,900	100	1,500
2004	264,200	64,300	103,000	29,000	24,100	13,500	0	1,200	700	6,800	18,300	1,700	0	1,600
2005	249,380	55,870	104,250	27,050	25,380	9,600	10	1,940	1,340	3,850	17,080	1,620	10	1,380

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format). Data through 2004 are based on a 1 percent sample; data for 2005 are based on a 10 percent sample.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Table 52.
Recipients suspended for at least 12 months, by age and reason for suspension, 1997–2004

Year	Total	Excess income	Death	In Medicaid facility	Whereabouts unknown	Excess resources	Presumptive disability	No representative payee	In public institution	Failed to furnish report	Outside United States	In transition	No longer disabled	Other
<i>All ages</i>														
1997	770,000	282,100	194,700	31,300	27,400	19,200	700	5,600	25,300	9,400	12,700	4,800	152,100	4,700
1998	681,500	285,500	201,100	38,900	22,900	18,600	700	5,000	19,700	9,000	10,100	2,400	63,300	4,300
1999	699,000	282,800	195,300	36,100	22,800	24,200	700	4,800	20,600	13,500	11,700	2,000	80,000	4,500
2000	695,500	284,900	203,400	35,500	23,800	20,200	1,000	5,400	20,500	15,100	10,300	2,700	66,500	6,200
2001	674,000	284,300	193,500	37,000	21,600	25,700	1,100	4,800	20,500	15,500	9,700	5,400	47,800	7,100
2002	722,500	311,900	202,700	36,600	22,200	24,500	1,100	3,900	20,700	14,200	10,400	4,900	60,300	9,100
2003	684,800	311,200	194,500	32,000	24,200	22,700	1,500	3,700	19,700	12,600	9,800	4,700	39,200	9,000
2004	718,820	333,150	195,600	32,360	25,250	22,340	1,330	4,080	21,120	12,080	13,060	4,300	44,620	9,530
<i>Under age 18</i>														
1997	157,900	31,500	4,600	100	5,100	3,600	0	1,800	1,900	3,000	600	200	104,400	1,100
1998	82,200	28,700	5,400	500	3,700	2,900	200	2,500	2,100	3,200	500	300	31,200	1,000
1999	95,500	25,100	5,000	100	3,700	5,000	400	2,200	2,100	5,300	400	300	45,000	900
2000	80,200	24,100	6,400	200	4,100	3,700	200	3,000	1,600	6,600	200	300	28,800	1,000
2001	68,400	23,400	5,100	400	4,200	5,900	300	2,000	1,500	5,900	100	200	18,700	700
2002	83,100	27,900	5,700	400	4,800	5,700	0	2,300	1,400	6,500	200	0	27,500	700
2003	63,700	25,600	4,000	100	3,900	5,000	200	2,500	1,500	5,200	200	800	14,100	800
2004	67,680	23,290	5,500	210	4,720	4,980	260	1,980	1,810	4,850	570	170	18,550	790
<i>Aged 18–64</i>														
1997	408,300	212,000	79,300	5,800	12,500	9,700	700	3,100	22,900	5,100	3,700	3,300	47,700	2,500
1998	388,500	220,100	77,200	8,800	10,000	9,200	500	1,900	17,000	4,300	3,500	1,100	32,100	2,800
1999	397,900	221,300	78,600	6,100	10,800	11,700	300	2,200	17,700	6,100	3,800	1,000	35,000	3,300
2000	414,900	228,200	84,500	5,700	12,600	9,900	800	1,800	18,200	7,100	2,300	1,500	37,700	4,600
2001	409,200	229,300	81,900	7,900	9,600	11,800	800	2,100	18,700	7,400	2,200	3,100	29,100	5,300
2002	446,400	254,800	88,200	8,200	9,900	11,800	1,100	1,300	18,900	6,700	2,100	2,900	32,800	7,700
2003	431,400	253,100	87,200	7,400	11,900	10,400	1,300	800	17,400	4,600	2,000	2,800	25,100	7,200
2004	463,000	278,050	87,100	8,390	11,980	10,430	1,060	1,700	18,740	5,210	3,310	3,020	26,070	7,940
<i>Aged 65 or older</i>														
1997	203,800	38,600	110,800	25,400	9,800	5,900	0	700	500	1,300	8,400	1,300	0	1,100
1998	210,800	36,700	118,500	29,600	9,200	6,500	0	600	600	1,500	6,100	1,000	0	500
1999	205,600	36,400	111,700	29,900	8,300	7,500	0	400	800	2,100	7,500	700	0	300
2000	200,400	32,600	112,500	29,600	7,100	6,600	0	600	700	1,400	7,800	900	0	600
2001	196,400	31,600	106,500	28,700	7,800	8,000	0	700	300	2,200	7,400	2,100	0	1,100
2002	193,000	29,200	108,800	28,000	7,500	7,000	0	300	400	1,000	8,100	2,000	0	700
2003	189,700	32,500	103,300	24,500	8,400	7,300	0	600	800	2,800	7,600	900	0	1,000
2004	188,140	31,810	103,000	23,760	8,550	6,930	10	400	570	2,020	9,180	1,110	0	800

SOURCE: Social Security Administration, Supplemental Security Record (Characteristic Extract Record format). Data through 2003 are based on a 1 percent sample; data for 2004 are based on a 10 percent sample.

NOTE: Data are obtained by following recipients in Table 51 for 12 months.

CONTACT: Alfreda Brooks (410) 965-9849 or ssi.asr@ssa.gov.

Appendix and Glossary

Appendix: Sampling Variability

Estimates based on sample data may differ from the figures that would have been obtained had all, rather than specified samples, of the records been used. These differences are termed sampling variability. The standard error is a measure of the sampling variability. About 68 percent of all possible probability samples selected with the same specifications will give estimates within one standard error of the figure obtained from a compilation of all records. Similarly, approximately 90 percent will give estimates within 1.645 standard errors, about 95 percent will give estimates within two standard errors, and about 99 percent will give estimates within two and one-half standard errors. The standard error of an estimate depends on the design elements such as the method of sampling, sample size, and the estimation process.

Because of the large number of data cells tabulated from the sample files, it is not practical to calculate the standard error for every possible cell. However, standard errors for a large number of cells were estimated. These estimates were used to fit regression curves to provide estimates of approximate standard errors associated with tabulated counts and proportions.

The tables showing the sampling variability provide a general order of magnitude for similar estimates from the various sample files. Table A-1 presents approximate standard errors for the estimated number of persons from the 1 percent and the 10 percent files. The reliability of an estimated percentage depends on both the size of the percentage and on the size of the total on which the percentage is based. Data in Table A-2 provide approximations of the standard errors of the estimated percentage of persons in the 1 percent and 10 percent files. The standard errors are expressed in percentage points, and the bases shown are in terms of inflated data.

Table A-1.
Approximations of standard errors of estimated number of persons

Size of estimate (inflated)	Standard error
<i>1 percent file</i>	
500	250
1,000	300
2,500	500
5,000	800
7,500	900
10,000	1,100
25,000	1,700
50,000	2,400
75,000	3,000
100,000	3,400
250,000	5,400
500,000	7,800
750,000	9,600
1,000,000	11,100
5,000,000	25,800
10,000,000	36,900
25,000,000	57,700
50,000,000	76,100
75,000,000	82,900
<i>10 percent file</i>	
100	30
500	70
1,000	100
5,000	225
10,000	300
50,000	700
100,000	1,000
500,000	2,200
1,000,000	3,200
2,000,000	4,300
3,000,000	5,300
5,000,000	6,500
10,000,000	8,500
20,000,000	9,300

Table A-2.
Approximations of standard errors of estimated percentage of persons

Size of base (inflated)	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	25 or 75	50
<i>1 percent file</i>					
1,000	4.7	7.3	10.1	14.5	16.8
10,000	1.5	2.3	3.2	4.6	5.3
50,000	0.7	1.0	1.4	2.1	2.4
100,000	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.5	1.7
500,000	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.8
1,000,000	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.5
5,000,000	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
10,000,000	a	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
50,000,000	a	a	a	0.1	0.1
100,000,000	a	a	a	a	a
<i>10 percent file</i>					
500	1.9	3.0	4.1	5.9	6.8
1,000	1.3	2.1	2.9	4.1	4.8
2,500	0.8	1.3	1.8	2.6	3.0
10,000	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.3	1.5
50,000	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7
100,000	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5
500,000	a	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
1,000,000	a	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
5,000,000	a	a	a	a	0.1
10,000,000	a	a	a	a	a
50,000,000	a	a	a	a	a

a. Less than 0.05 percent.

Glossary

- abbreviated applications.** An SSI application in which all nondisability factors of eligibility are verified before the case is sent for a disability determination.
- adult.** A person who is older than age 21, is aged 18–21 but is not a student, is under 21 and married, or is the head of a household.
- aged person.** A person aged 65 or older.
- allowance.** A determination by the Disability Determination Services, an administrative law judge, or the Appeals Council that an applicant meets the medical definition of disability under the law.
- auxiliary benefit (OASDI).** Monthly benefit payable to a spouse or a child of a retired or disabled worker or to a survivor of a deceased worker.
- award.** An administrative determination that an individual is entitled to receive monthly benefits.
- blind.** "Blindness," for Social Security purposes, means either central visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the better eye with the use of a correcting lens or a limitation in the fields of vision so that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle of 20 degrees or less (tunnel vision).
- blind work expenses (BWE).** Permits the exclusion of any earned income of a blind person that is used to meet expenses reasonably attributable to earning the income.
- child.** An unmarried blind or disabled person who is not the head of a household and who is either under age 18 or aged 18–21 and a student.
- concurrent application.** An application for both Title II (Social Security) and Title XVI (Supplemental Security Income) benefits at the same time.
- deeming (SSI).** Counting part of the income and resources of certain persons who live with an SSI recipient when determining the amount of the payment. These persons include the ineligible spouses of adult recipients, the ineligible parents of child recipients under age 18, and the immigration sponsor for certain noncitizens.
- diagnostic group.** Classification of impairments, by body system, that identifies the medical condition(s) on which disability-related benefits are based. Before 1985, the coding of the primary and secondary diagnoses for Social Security and Supplemental Security Income applicants was in accordance with the *International Classification of Diseases: 9th revision, Clinical Modification, 4th ed.*, using 4-digit ICD-9 codes. In 1985, the Social Security Administration (SSA) implemented a revised method to determine and enter impairment codes in administrative records. This revised approach provides for a modified impairment coding system, generally using 3 digits (followed by zero), loosely based on the ICD-9 codes. For research purposes, the ICD-9 codes and SSA impairment codes are, typically, identical. However, the diagnostic groupings shown in the statistical tables closely parallel the major ICD-9 disease classifications.
- disability.** The inability to engage in substantial gainful activity (SGA) by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months. (Special rules apply for workers aged 55 or older whose disability is based on blindness. The 12-month requirement does not apply to SSI beneficiaries who are blind.)
- Individuals are considered to be disabled only if their physical or mental impairment(s) is of such severity that they are not only unable to do their previous work but cannot—because of their age, education, or work experience—engage in any other kind of substantial gainful activity that exists in the national economy, regardless of whether such work exists in the immediate area in which they live, or whether a specific job vacancy exists for them, or whether they would be hired if they applied for work.
- The SGA criterion does not apply to children under age 18 in the Supplemental Security Income program. The standard for them is a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that results in marked and severe functional limitations.
- Disability Determination Services (DDS).** The state agency responsible for developing medical evidence and rendering the initial determination and reconsideration on whether a claimant is disabled or a beneficiary continues to be disabled within the meaning of the law.

federal benefit rates (FBR). The basic benefit standards used in computing the amount of federal SSI payments. Benefit levels differ for individuals and couples living in households and for persons in Medicaid institutions. Individuals or couples living in their own household receive the full federal benefit. The federal benefit is reduced by one-third if an individual or couple is living in another person's household and receiving support and maintenance there. The federal benefit rates are increased annually to reflect increases in the cost of living.

impairment-related work expenses (IRWE). The costs of items or services that a disabled person needs to work. The expenses, when paid by the beneficiary, are deducted from his or her gross earnings when determining if the work is considered substantial gainful activity.

Medicaid institution. Living arrangement for persons in public or private institutions when more than 50 percent of the cost of care is met by the Medicaid program. In these situations, the monthly federal SSI payment is limited to no more than \$30.

own household. Used to determine the federal benefit rate. Applies to adults who own their living quarters, are liable for the rent, pay their pro rata shares of household expenses, are living in households composed only of recipients of public income-maintenance payments, and are placed by agencies in private households. Also applies to children living in their parent's household. See **federal benefit rates**.

plans for achieving self-support (PASS). Permits a recipient with an approved PASS to set aside earned or unearned income and resources for a work goal. The income or resources set aside are used to pay for goods or services needed to reach the goal, such as education, vocational training, starting a business, or purchasing work-related equipment. The income and resources that are set aside under a PASS are excluded from SSI income and resource tests, but they do not influence the determination of ability to engage in substantial gainful activity.

poverty thresholds. The poverty thresholds are a series of income levels, with different values for family units of different sizes, below which the family units are considered poor. The thresholds are used mainly for statistical purposes in calculating official poverty population figures. They are issued annually by the U.S. Census Bureau in the *Current Population Reports* series. The thresholds are adjusted annually for price changes using the annual average consumer price index for all urban consumers (CPI-U).

presumptive disability or blindness. For certain diagnoses, where there is high probability of a favorable medical determination of disability or blindness, payments may be made for up to 6 months before the formal determination, if the applicant meets the nonmedical eligibility requirements.

representative payee. A person designated by the Social Security Administration to receive monthly benefit checks on behalf of an adult beneficiary who is unable to manage his or her own funds. A beneficiary under age 18 is generally considered incapable of managing benefit payments, and a representative payee will be selected to receive benefits on the beneficiary's behalf.

Section 1619(a). Continuing cash benefits for disabled individuals whose gross earned income is at the amount designated as the substantial gainful activity level. The person must continue to be disabled and meet all other eligibility rules. Also known as special cash payment.

Section 1619(b). For Medicaid purposes, provides special status to working disabled or blind individuals when their earnings make them ineligible for cash payments. Also known as special recipient status.

SSA administrative regions

Boston: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont

New York: New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands

Philadelphia: Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and West Virginia

Atlanta: Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee

Chicago: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, and Wisconsin

Dallas: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas

Kansas City: Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, and Nebraska

Denver: Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, and Wyoming

San Francisco: Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada, American Samoa, Guam, and Northern Mariana Islands

Seattle: Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington

NOTE: The SSI program does not cover American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands.

state conversions. Persons who were eligible for payments under the federal and state adult assistance programs in December 1973 were automatically eligible for SSI payments beginning January 1974.

state supplementation. Payments to eligible persons made under state provisions. These payments may vary by the recipient's living situation and by geographic area within the state. The payments may be administered by the Social Security Administration or the state.

substantial gainful activity (SGA). Describes a level of work activity that is productive and yields or usually yields remuneration or profit. The Social Security Administration's regulations establish a dollar amount to indicate whether a person's work is substantial.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI). A federal program for low-income aged, blind, and disabled individuals who meet income and resource requirements. Beginning in 1974, SSI replaced the former federal and state programs of Old-Age Assistance, Aid to the Blind, and Aid to the Permanently and Totally Disabled. SSI is funded by general tax revenues, not Social Security taxes.

Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP). The SIPP is a household survey of the noninstitutionalized resident population of the United States, conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau. It was designed to improve the measurement of the economic situation of persons, families, and households in the United States and to provide a tool for managing and evaluating government transfer and service programs.

suspended benefit. A payment that has been temporarily stopped until the condition or conditions causing the suspension are known to have ended. The suspension does not affect eligibility for Medicare benefits.